

February 9, 1995

Ms. Jennifer Walker Alabama Department of Environmental Management 1751 Dickinson Drive Montgomery, AL 36109-2608

Re: WestPoint Stevens Inc. - CERCLIS Sites

Dear Ms. Walker:

Following is a listing for all sites that were identified by WestPoint Pepperell in 103C notifications. As we discussed by phone, WestPoint Stevens (formerly WestPoint Pepperell) does not currently own all of the sites. Also note that the 103C notifications do not use the same names that are on the current CERCLIS list. I am using the site names from the original 103C's that are referenced on the map you have.

- Valley Site No. 1 owned by the City of Lanett. Bobby Williams - City Manager 334-644-2141
- Valley Site No. 2 owned by the City of Valley. Jack Manley - City Manager 334-756-3131
- 3. Valley Site No. 3 Current owner:

J. R. Dudley, Jr.

(b)(6) Personal Privacy

Uny function of section of the sectio

- 4. Valley Site No. 4 owned by WestPoint Stevens
- 5. Valley Site No. 5 owned by WestPoint Stevens
- 6. Valley Site Nos. 6 & 7 owned by J. R. Dudley, Jr. (see Site No. 3)

If you need additional information, please let me know.

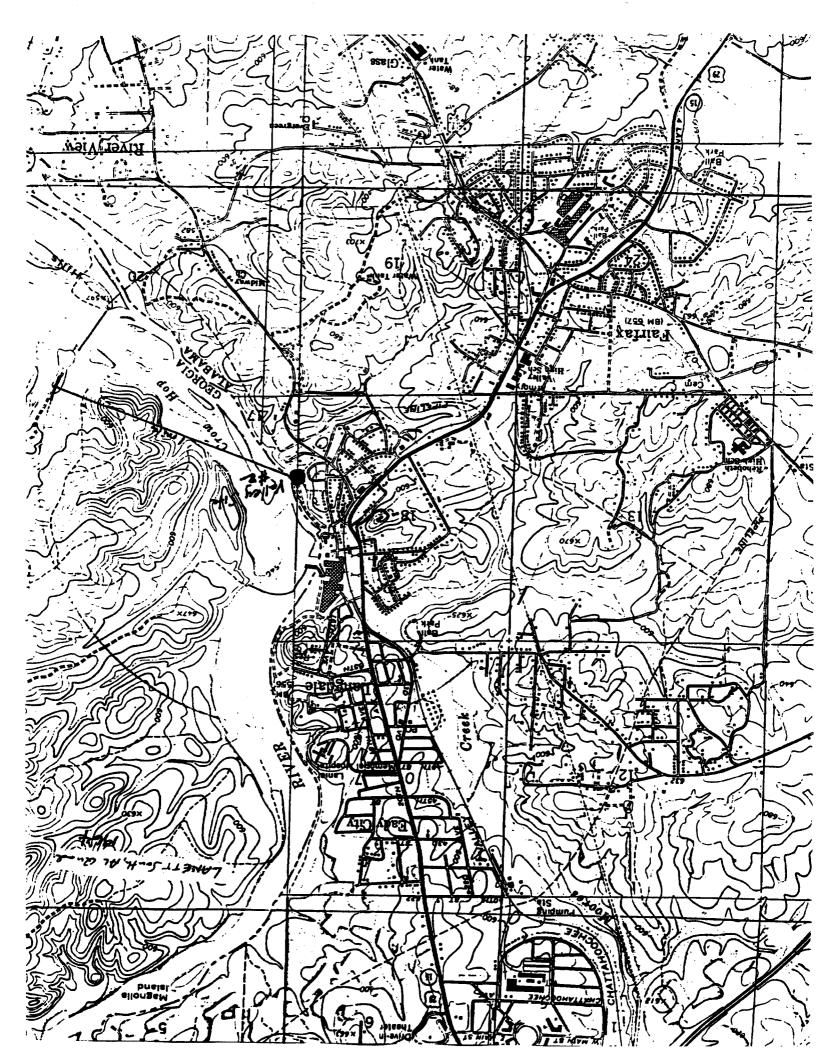
Sincerely,

Eddie Lanier

Manager of Environmental Engineering Engineering & Environmental Department

LEL:si

OVERSIZED OCUMENT





POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT PART 11-ENFORCEMENT INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE 02 SITE NUMBER

H.	ENFO	RCEM	FNT	INFORM	ATION

01 PAST REGULATORY/ENFORCEMENT ACTION [] YES [] NO

02 DESCRIPTION OF FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL REGULATORY/ENFORCEMENT ACTION

No enforcement action has been taken with argand of this direction land fell to the

III. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g., state like, aumpte analysis, reports)

Review of EPA + Shite flow.

≎EPA	POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT PART 10 - PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES		1. IDENTIFICATION 01 STATE 02 SITE NUMBER
II PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES (Continued)			
01 🗆 R. BARRIER WALLS CONSTRUCTED 04 DESCRIPTION	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
01 % S. CAPPING/COVERING 04 DESCRIPTION performs	a volunta: ly by West Print Pepper	ll withour	tynument intraction
01 🗆 T. BULK TANKAGE REPAIRED 04 DESCRIPTION	O2 DATE	03 AGENCY	
01 D U. GROUT CURTAIN CONSTRUCTED 04 DESCRIPTION	O2 DATE	'03 AGENCY	
01 () V. BOTTOM SEALED 04 DESCRIPTION	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
01 (1) W. GAS CONTROL 04 DESCRIPTION	O2 DATE	03 AGENCY	
01 CJ X. FIRE CONTROL 04 DESCRIPTION	O2 DATE	03 AGENCY	
01 D Y. LEACHATE TREATMENT 04 DESCRIPTION	O2 DATE		
01 D Z. AREA EVACUATED 04 DESCRIPTION	O2 DATE	03 AGENCY	
01 1. ACCESS TO SITE RESTRICTED 04 DESCRIPTION	02 DATE		
01 2. POPULATION RELOCATED 04 DESCRIPTION	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
01 (1) 3. OTHER REMEDIAL ACTIVITIES 04 DESCRIPTION	O2 DATE	03 AGENCY	
	•		
III. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Care appealing real	erances, e.g., state files, comple projysts, reports)		
	her segrentatives of west Pos	nt Jepp	well

\$EPA	POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT PART 10 - PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES		L IDENTIFICATION 01 STATE 02 SITE NUMBER
IL PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES			
01 D A. WATER SUPPLY CLOSED	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION			
01 D B. TEMPORARY WATER SUPPLY PROVIDED TO THE	DED 02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
			•
01 [] C. PERMANENT WATER SUPPLY PROVID 04 DESCRIPTION	DED 02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
01 D. SPILLED MATERIAL REMOVED	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION			
01 [] E. CONTAMINATED SOIL REMOVED	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION		-	
01 [] F. WASTE REPACKAGED	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION			•
01 □ G. WASTE DISPOSED ELSEWHERE 04 DESCRIPTION	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION	•		
01 C H. ON SITE BURIAL 04 DESCRIPTION	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
ON DESCRIPTION			
01 () I. IN SITU CHEMICAL TREATMENT 04 DESCRIPTION	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
01 0 1 10 000 100 000 1 75 17 17 17			
01 [] J. IN SITU BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT 04 DESCRIPTION	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
01 D K. IN SITU PHYSICAL TREATMENT	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION			
01 D L ENCAPSULATION	O2 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION			
01 D.M. EMERGENCY WASTE TREATMENT 04 DESCRIPTION	O2 DATE	03 AGENCY .	
04 DESCRIPTION			
01 [] N. CUTOFF WALLS	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
04 DESCRIPTION			
01 D O. EMERGENCY DIKING/SURFACE WATER 04 DESCRIPTION	DIVERSION 02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
	·	·	
01 D. CUTOFF TRENCHES/SUMP 04 DESCRIPTION	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
			. •
01 () O. SUBSURFACE CUTOFF WALL 04 DESCRIPTION	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	

		PO1	PENTIAL MAZ	DDOUG WASTE SITE	I. IDENTIF	ICATION
\$EPA		POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT				2 SITE NUMBER
WLIA	PART	9-(RANSPORTER INFORMATION		•
II. ON-SITE GENERATOR		·				
01 NAME		102	D+B NUMBER			
03 STREET ADORESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		_1	04 SIC CODE			
US STREET ADORESS (P.U. Ball, NPDV, GE.)			W. 300 CO.			
05 CITY	Ing STAT	Eloz	ZIP CODE	_		
i os cit	J0031A1	10,	2F CODE			
		1_				
III. OFF-SITE GENERATOR(S)	- •	Loo	D+B NUMBER	ID1 NAME		02 D+9 NUMBER
Community living new m	:11-	102	N/A	O' TO SEE		
			104 SIC CODE	O3 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box. RFD #, mtc.)		104 SIC CODE
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, AFD F, etc.)			U4 SC CODE	US STREET ADDRESS (P.U. BOX, RPUV, MC.)		UN SIC CODE
	100.00	-1			TOP STATE	107 ZIP CODE
05 CITY	OBSIATI	E 07	ZIP CODE	05 CITY	DESIALE	Or ZP CODE
O1 NAME		102	D+B NUMBER	O1 NAME		02 D+B NUMBER
O RAME		"	DYBROMBER	o i ious		
			TO4 SIC CODE	03 070757 4000500 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		TO4 SIC CODE
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD P. etc.)			04 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD P, etc.)		04300002
Oz CITY	IOS STATE	EI AZ	ZIP CODE	OS CITY	TOS STATE	107 ZIP CODE
05 CITY	JUG STATE	107	ZP COOL		1000	
		1_		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
IV. TRANSPORTER(S) 01 NAME		102	D+B NUMBER	TO1 NAME		02 D+B NUMBER
West Point Pepperell		1021	UT B NUMBER	UT REDUIE	İ	OZ D T B NOMBEN
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD P. otc.)		<u> </u>	04 SIC CODE	OS STREET ADDRESS (P. D. Box, RFD P. obc.)		D4 SIC CODE
US STREET NOUNESS (F.U. BOL, NEUV, WE.)				do direct reportable fr. a. and, and a family		
05 CITY	IOA STATI	El oz	UP CODE	os crty	IOR STATE	07 ZIP CODE
US CATY		7"	ar code	(SCIT		
O1 NAME		100.	O+ B NUMBER	D1 NAME		02 D+B NUMBER
OT RAME		1	J-8 NUMBER	J. 1992		
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, NFD F, etc.)		<u> </u>	104 SIC CODE	OS STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, AFD #, edc.)		04 SIC CODE
US STREET ADDRESS (F.U. BER, NEUF, WEL)			0.000	55 51122 1 755 1 1 55 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
05 CITY	106 STATE	FLOT	I CODE	OS CITY	TOS STATE	D7 ZIP CODE
050114	1000]""	Dr CODE	100011		
				<u> </u>		<u> </u>
V. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite appel	allic raterances.	0.5.0	mo flos, sample enalysis, i	oporta)		
	·				1.	,
West Point Pepperall	war		coponoible	for picking up dom	nte sa	abaga
is the committee	been 100		er. this	, feekle mice. I	e wast	h wan
	<i></i>			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
the landfilled.						
Now a sich	6-		asles to	for siche nother	make +	transports
pr. san	garde	7	20,000	- firm piche up the	<i></i>	
it to the country l	and L	cu	•			
,						

						
O CDA		PC		ARDOUS WASTE SITE	I. IDENTIF	ICATION 2 SITE NUMBER
SEPA	•			ECTION REPORT	O' SIXIE	, and momen
			PARI 6-OPER	ATOR INFORMATION		
II. CURRENT OPERAT	TOR (Provide & different to	om owner)		OPERATOR'S PARENT COMPAN	Y (Happicable)	
O1 NAME			02 D+B NUMBER	10 NAME		11 D+B NUMBER
Same	an owner					İ
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O.	Box, AFD Ø. etc.)		04 SIC CODE	12 STREET ADDRESS (F.O. Son, RFD #, esc.)		13 SIC CODE
D5 CITY		OS STATE	07 ZIP CODE	14 CITY	15 STATE	16 ZIP CODE
DE YEARS OF OPERATION	DO NAME OF OWNER	<u> </u>				
III. PREVIOUS OPERA	TOR(S) (Lint most recent i	iral; provide only	y if different from owner)	PREVIOUS OPERATORS' PARENT	COMPANIES (#	encircables
1 NAME			02 D+B NUMBER	10 NAME		11 D+B NUMBER
		1			i	
D3 STREET ADDRESS IP.O. I	Dos, RFD 0, etc.)	.	04 SIC CODE	12 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box. RFD #, orc.)	<u></u>	13 SIC CODE
DS CITY		OS STATE	D7 ZIP CODE	14 OTTY	15 STATE	16 ZIP CODE
08 YEARS OF OPERATION	09 NAME OF OWNER	DURING THIS	PERIOD	 		
1 NAME	1	-	2 0+8 NUMBER	10 NAME		11 D+B NUMBER
3 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. B	ox, RFD #, etc.)		04 SIC CODE	12 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Boa. RFD #, etc.)		13 SIC CODE
5 CITY		06 STATE O	7 ZIP CODE	14 CITY	15 STATE	18 ZIP CODE
B YEARS OF OPERATION	09 NAME OF OWNER	DURING THIS	PERIOD		LL_	
I NAME	<u> </u>	0	2 D+B NUMBER	10 NAME	1	11 D+B NUMBER
STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Bo	z, AFO Ø, esc.)	L	04 SIC CODE	12 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD P, etc.)		13 SIC CODE
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>			
СПУ		DE STATE O	7 ZIP CODE	14 CITY	15 STATE 1	16 ZIP CODE
YEARS OF OPERATION	DB NAME OF OWNER	OURING THIS	PERIOD			
. SOURCES OF INFO	RMATION (Cite apocific	relerences, e.g.	, same May, sumple snayel), reporte)		
				•		
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					.•	

\$EPA	PO	SITE INSPEC	RDOUS WASTE SITE CTION REPORT ER INFORMATION	I. IDENTIF		
II. CURRENT OWNER(S)			PARENT COMPANY (Wappicable)	·		_
West Point Papparell, Ire		2 D+B NUMBER	OB NAME		09 ()+B NUMBER
13 STREET ADORESS (P.O. Box, RPD P, BEL)	- /"	04 SIC CODE	10 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, AFD 4, etc.)		1	11 SIC CODE
P.O. Book 71 Det Print Gr		7 ZIP CODE 31833	12 CITY	13 STATE	142	IP CODE
OI NAME		2 D+B NUMBER	OB NAME	1	09 0	+8 NUMBER
D3 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Sax, AFD #, etc.)		04 SIC CODE	10 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD P, etc.)		1	11 SIC CODE
05 CTTY 06 ST	TATE 01	7 ZP CODE	12 CITY	13 STATE	142	I P CODE
O1 NAME	0;	2 D+B NUMBER	OB NAME		09 0)+B NUMBER
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, AFD F, etc.)		04 SIC CODE	10 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box. RFD P. ouc.)		L	11SIC CODE
05 CITY 06 ST	TATE 07	7 ZIP CODE	12 CITY	13 STATE	142	IP CODE
O1 NAME	02	2 D+ B NUMBER	OS NAME		09.0)+B NUMBER
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD +, etc.)		04 SIC CODE	10 STREET ADDRESS (P.O Box. RFD P, otc.)	, <u></u>	J	11 SIC CODE
05 CITY 06 ST	TATE OF	ZIP CODE	12 CITY	13 STATE	142	IP CODE
III. PREVIOUS OWNER(S) (Like most record from			IV. REALTY OWNER(S) (If applicable, left if	nost recent first)		
OT NAME	02	D+8 NUMBER	01 NAME		02 0)+B NUMBER
O3 STREET ADDRESS (P. O. Box, AFD #, etc.)		04 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)			04 SIC CODE
DS CITY 00 STA	ATE O7	ZIP CODE	os ary	OS STATE	07 2	IP CODE
DI NAME	02	D+8 NUMBER	O1 NAME		02 (D+B NUMBER
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD F, etc.)		04 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD P. otc.)			04 SIC CODE
OS CITY OS STA	ATE 07	ZIP CODE	OS CITY	OB STATE	07 Z	IP CODE
DI NAME	02	D+B NUMBER	O1 NAME		02 ()+8 NUMBER
3 STREET ADDRESS (P.D. Son, AFD F, etc.)		04 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD P. etc.)			04 SIC CODE
SCITY 0887A	ATE O	7 ZIP CODE	05 CITY	06 STATE	07 Ž	IP CODE
V. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite appendix referen	i	, stare files, serials analysis, re	ports)			
EPH Frm 8900-1					_	

l o ====		POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE	L IDENTIFIC	
\$EPA		SITE INSPECTION REPORT ART 6 - SAMPLE AND FIELD INFORMATION	O1 STATE 02	SITE NUMBER
II. SAMPLES TAKEN	YONE			
SAMPLE TYPE	01 NUMBER OF SAMPLES TAKEN	02 SAMPLES SENT TO		03 ESTIMATED DATE RESULTS AVAILABLE
GROUNDWATER				
SURFACE WATER				
WASTE			·	
AIR				
RUNOFF .				
SPILL				
SOIL				
VEGETATION				
ÖTHER				•
IIL FIELD MEASUREMENTS TAK	(EN			•
O1 TYPE	02 COMMENTS			•
		and the state of t		
	·			
IV. PHOTOGRAPHS AND MAPS	"			
01 TYPE I GROUND AERIAL		22 NOUSTOOY OF Toal Jeafer, EPA		
03 MAPS 04 LOCATION C	DF MAPS	(Name of prganization or individ	lve/	· . · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
MYES AHELL	+ EPAF	rm 8900-1	·····	
V. OTHER FIELD DATA COLLEC	TED (Provide narrative descr	(Pilon)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Purpose of trip a	wan to perfor	m a visual site secon.		
VI. SOURCES OF INFORMATION	(Cité apeallic references, é.g.	, state files, sample energels, reports)		

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE

I. IDENTIFICATION

SEPA	SITE INS PART 5 - WATER, DEMOGR	PECTION R			STATE OF SITE NUMBER
VL ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMA					
01 PERMEABILITY OF UNSATURATED Z					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	-8 cm/sec ☐ B. 10-4 — 10-6 cm/sec	□ C. 10-4	- 10 ⁻³ cm/sec □	D. GREATER THAI	N 10 ⁻³ cm/sec
02 PERMEABILITY OF BEDROCK (Check	one)				
A. IMPERIA (Loss shae :	MEABLE B. RELATIVELY IMPERN 10 ⁻⁶ cm/sec) (10 ⁻⁴ - 10 ⁻⁶ cm/sec)	MEABLE [] C.	RELATIVELY PERME (10 ⁻² - 10 ⁻⁴ onvoc)		Y PERMEABLE or then 10 ⁻² cm/sec)
03 DEPTH TO BEDROCK	04 DEPTH OF CONTAMINATED SOIL ZONE		05 SOIL pH	T	
(ft))			
06 NET PRECIPITATION (in)	07 ONE YEAR 24 HOUR RAINFALL 3.5 (In)	OB SLOPE SITE:		ON OF SITE SLOPE	TERRAIN AVERAGE SLOPE
99 FLOOD POTENTIAL SITE IS IN / 0 D YEAR FLO	DODPLAIN	ARRIER ISLANI), COASTAL HIGH HA	AZARD AREA, RIVE	RINE FLOODWAY
11 DISTANCE TO WETLANDS (5 sore minima	wm)	12 DISTAN	ICE TO CRITICAL HABIT		-
ESTUARINE	OTHER		No CH	in the aus	<u>'</u> —(mi)
A(mi)	B(mi)	EI	IDANGERED SPECIE	S:	
13 LAND USE IN VICINITY					
DISTANCE TO: COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRI	RESIDENTIAL AREAS NA	ATIONAL/STATI DLIFE RESERV	E PARKS, ES PI	AGRICULTI RIME AG LAND	URAL LANDS AG LAND
A(mi)	B	(mi)	C	(ml)	D(mi)
14 DESCRIPTION OF SITE IN RELATION T	O SURROUNDING TOPOGRAPHY				
Cerutary is	on Lilltop - site	occup:	en eastern	swott.	nest to
the cerutary - 7	farther east of at a	e Cour	elevation	in the c	he the horseland
Ziver (5 to ft mil	ソ				•
,		A			
_				•	
				· 🚗	
	•				
•					
VII. SOURCES OF INFORMATION	(Cito specific references, e.g., seate lites, pample and	rlyana, reporta)			
					·
	•				

\$EPA		POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT PART 5 - WATER, DEMOGRAPHIC, AND ENVIRONMENTAL DA						NTIFICATIO	
II. DRINKING WATER SI	UPPLY	TARIO WATER		IC, AITO EI		ENTALDATA			
01 TYPE OF DRINKING SUPPL			02 STATUS				03	DISTANCE TO	SITE
(Charles as department)	SURFACE	WELL	ENDANGER	ED AFFE	CTED	MONITORED	1		
COMMUNITY	A. TE	8. 🗆	A. 🗆			C. 780	٨.	20	_(m) &~~
NON-COMMUNITY	c. 6	D. 🗆	D. 🖸	E.	. 🖸	F. 🗆	В.		(mi)
III. GROUNDWATER									
01 GROUNDWATER USE IN VI	CINITY (Check o	ne)							
(2) A. ONLY SOURCE FOR	DRINKING	DB. DRINKING (Other sources evelual COMMERCIAL, INI (No other water source	DUSTRIAL, IRRIGATIO	. (1)	OMMERCIAL Imaed other sou	, INDUSTRIAL, IRRIGA ces avelable)	TION)	NOT USED	UNUSEABLE
02 POPULATION SERVED BY G	GROUND WAT	en <i>0</i>	-	.03 DISTANC	E TO NEARES	ST DRINKING WATER I	WEUL	1/4 3	(mi)
04 DEPTH TO GROUNDWATER	1	05 DIRECTION OF GRO	UNDWATER FLOW	OS DEPTH TO		07 POTENTIAL YIEL	α.	08 SOLE SOU	CE AQUIFER
				OF CONC		OF AQUIFER		O YES	□ NO
	(ft)				(ft)		_{(gpd)		
O BECHARGE AREA			oogulehon and buildings)	A A DIPOLARDI	DE ADEA			<u>,</u>	
O RECHARGE AREA O YES COMMENTS NO				11 DISCHAR	GE AREA COMMENT	rs			
☐ YES COMMENTS				□ YES		·s		ATTENT AND THE RESIDENCE OF THE PERSON OF TH	
☐ YES COMMENTS ☐ NO	EATION	B. IRRIGATION	I, ECONOMICALLY FRESOURCES	□ YES	COMMENT	S NL, INDUSTRIAL	D D.	NOT CURRE	NTLY USED
V. SURFACE WATER SURFACE WATER A. RESERVOIR, RECR DRINKING WATER S	EATION SOURCE	B B. IRRIGATION	I, ECONOMICALLY	□ YES	COMMENT	AL, INDUSTRIAL		NOT CURRE	
V. SURFACE WATER 11 SURFACE WATER USE (Check A. RESERVOIR, RECR DRINKING WATER S 12 AFFECTED/POTENTIALLY AN NAME:	EATION SOURCE FFECTED BOD	B. IRRIGATION IMPORTANT	I, ECONOMICALLY I RESOURCES	□ YES □ NO	COMMENT		i	DISTANCE TO) SITE
V. SURFACE WATER SURFACE WATER A. RESERVOIR, RECR DRINKING WATER S	EATION SOURCE FFECTED BOD	B. IRRIGATION IMPORTANT	I, ECONOMICALLY I RESOURCES	□ YES □ NO	COMMENT	AFFECTED	i		O SITE (ml)
V. SURFACE WATER 11 SURFACE WATER USE (Check A. RESERVOIR, RECR DRINKING WATER S 12 AFFECTED/POTENTIALLY AN NAME:	EATION SOURCE FFECTED BOD	B. IRRIGATION IMPORTANT	I, ECONOMICALLY I RESOURCES	□ YES □ NO	COMMENT	AL, INDUSTRIAL	i	DISTANCE TO) SITE
V. SURFACE WATER SURFACE WATER USE ICHOC A. RESERVOIR, RECR DRINKING WATER S AFFECTED/POTENTIALLY AI NAME: Chattalas Las	EATION SOURCE	B. IRRIGATION IMPORTANT	I, ECONOMICALLY I RESOURCES	□ YES □ NO	COMMENT	AFFECTED	i	DISTANCE TO	O SITE (mi) (mi)
Chattalor Land	FFECTED BOD	B. IRRIGATION IMPORTANT DIES OF WATER LIMITAGE INFORMATION	I, ECONOMICALLY I RESOURCES	□ YES □ NO	COMMERCIA	AFFECTED		DISTANCE TO	O SITE (mi) (mi)
V. SURFACE WATER SURFACE WATER USE ICHOC A. RESERVOIR, RECR DRINKING WATER S AFFECTED/POTENTIALLY AI NAME: Chattalas Las	EATION SOURCE FFECTED BOD PROPERTY	B. IRRIGATION IMPORTANT	I, ECONOMICALLY I RESOURCES	□ YES □ NO	COMMERCIA	AFFECTED O D DISTANCE TO NEARE		DISTANCE TO	O SITE (mi) (mi)
V. SURFACE WATER 1 SURFACE WATER 1 SURFACE WATER USE ICHOCO A. RESERVOIR, RECR DRINKING WATER S 12 AFFECTED/POTENTIALLY AI NAME: Chattalos La 7. DEMOGRAPHIC AND P 1 TOTAL POPULATION WITHIN ONE (1) MILE OF SITE A. 2 500 NO. OF PERSONS	PROPERTY Two B.	B. IRRIGATION IMPORTANT DIES OF WATER INFORMATION DE CAMPAGE (2) MILES OF SITE FOR TO	THREE (3)	YES NO	COMMERCIA OZ	AFFECTED O DISTANCE TO NEARE		DISTANCE TO	O SITE (mi) (mi)
Chattalian Land Population within One (1) Mile Of Site	PROPERTY Two B.	B. IRRIGATION IMPORTANT DIES OF WATER INFORMATION DE CAMPAGE (2) MILES OF SITE FOR TO	THREE (3)	YES NO	COMMERCIA OZ	AFFECTED O D DISTANCE TO NEARE		DISTANCE TO	O SITE (mi) (mi)

borders the opposite side of the cerute

ŞEPA	POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION PART 4-PERMIT AND DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION 1. IDENTIFICATION 1. IDENTIFICATIO						
II. PERMIT INFORMATION							
11 TYPE OF PERMIT ISSUED (Check all that apply)	02 PERMIT NUMBER	03 DATE	ISSUED	04 EXPIRATION DA	TE 05 COMMENTS		•
A. NPDES			1		(ser 6	elorel	
D.B. UIC					1 3000		
□C. AIR					- 		
D. RCRA	- 						
DE. RCRA INTERIM STATUS							······
☐ F. SPCC PLAN					- 		
G. STATE (Specify)	·						
☐ H. LOCAL (Specify)			\dashv				
I. OTHER (Specify)						 	
D.J. NONE		- 			 		
I. SITE DESCRIPTION		<u>l.,</u>	!			<u> </u>	<u> </u>
STORAGE/DISPOSAL (Check of their apply)	02 AMOUNT 03 UNIT	OF MEASURE	O4 TRI	EATMENT (Check of th	ar anniu)	05 OTHE	R
☐ A. SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT		o		•			
D B. PILES				NCENERATION JNDERGROUND #	LIFOTION	□ A.	BUILDINGS ON SITE
C. DRUMS, ABOVE GROUND			1 _	CHEMICAL/PHYSI		1	•
D. TANK, ABOVE GROUND				BIOLOGICAL	O/IL	1	
☐ E. TANK, BELOW GROUND				WASTE OIL PROCI	ESSING	ABRA 80	OF SITE
192 F. LANDFILL	1-3 ac	· en	□ F.S	SOLVENT RECOVE	RY ,		
G. LANDFARM			DG.C	OTHER RECYCLIN	G/RECOVERY	— <i>'</i>	<u>-3</u> (Aen
☐ H. OPEN DUMP ☐ I. OTHER			D H. C	OTHER	Specifyj		
(Specify)							
The west Pant Per				_	_	applic	ation for
The West Part Pa	genell Mille b	rave 1	IPDE.	s, Air, an	d in me	inna	ZCR+
· 1 1.1	t. The actua	il oik	han	- no per	mit assi	ei a feal	exthe it.
where statue perm		<i>T</i> .					
comety officials a	u awan of -	they us	مه م	thin la	a for de	mente	waste
Country officials a	n avan of -	the lis	مد م	thin la	al for de	m <i>est</i> ie	waste
Country officials a disposal according	n avan of -	the two	- of	thin la	a for d	mentie	waste
Comment of Wastes (Check one)	n avan of -	the tis	. of	thin la	a for de	mes tie	waste
Commy officials a disprosal according	n avan of -		- DF	ATE, POOR	a for d		ND, DANGEROUS
Commy officials a Commy officials a Containment Containment of Wastes (Check cone) A ADEQUATE, SECURE	t upp up.	□ C. IN	IADEQU/	ATE, POOR	D. INSECU		waste
Commy officials a Commy officials a Containment Containment of Wastes (Check cone) A ADEQUATE, SECURE	t upp up.	□ C. IN	IADEQU/	ATE, POOR	D. INSECU		waste
Comment of wastes (Check comp) A. ADEQUATE, SECURE	t upp up.	□ C. IN	IADEQU/	ATE, POOR	D. INSECU		waste
Commy officials a Commy officials a Containment Containment of Wastes (Check cone) A ADEQUATE, SECURE	t upp up.	□ C. IN	IADEQU/	ATE, POOR	D. INSECU		waste
Comment of the all a containment of wastes (check one) A. ADEQUATE, SECURE	t upp up.	□ C. IN	IADEQU/	ATE, POOR	D. INSECU		waste
Comment of the all a containment of wastes (check one) A. ADEQUATE, SECURE	t upp up.	□ C. IN	IADEQU/	ATE, POOR	D. INSECU		waste
Cornery officials a Containment Containment of wastes (check one) A. ADEQUATE, SECURE DESCRIPTION OF DRUMS, DIKING, LINERS, Landful was clo	t upp up.	□ C. IN	IADEQU/	ATE, POOR	D. INSECU		waste
Corney officials a Containment Containment of wastes (check one) A. ADEQUATE, SECURE DESCRIPTION OF DRUMS, DIKING, LINERS. Landful was a co	D B. MODERATE BARRIERS. ETC.	□ C. IN	IADEQU/	ATE, POOR	D. INSECU		waste
Corner officials a Containment Containment of wastes (Check time) A. ADEQUATE, SECURE DESCRIPTION OF DRUMS, DIKING, LINERS, Landful was a Co	D B. MODERATE BARRIERS. ETC. JELL, COMMENTE	□ C. IN	IADEQU/	ATE, POOR	D. INSECU		waste

West Print Pepperell Est water Division Film SEPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOÙS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT

3. DESCRIPTION OF HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS

I. IDENT	IF	CAT	ION
O1 STATE	02	SITE	NUMBER

PART 3 - DESCRIPTION OF HA	ZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDEN	its					
II. HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS (Continued)							
01 □ J. DAMAGE TO FLORA 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 🗆 OBSERVED (DATE:)	□ POTENTIAL	D ALLEGED				
01 D K. DAMAGE TO FAUNA 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION (Include name(s) of apecial)	02 OBSERVED (DATE:)	☐ POTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED				
D1 D L CONTAMINATION OF FOOD CHAIN 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 🗆 OBSERVED (DATE:)	□ POTENTIAL .	ALLEGED				
01 M. UNSTABLE CONTAINMENT OF WASTES (Spite/Runolf/Standing Injurie). Leaking drums) 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 OBSERVED (DATE:) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	D POTENTIAL	C ALLEGED				
01 □ N. DAMAGE'TO OFFSITE PROPERTY 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 D OBSERVED (DATE:)	D POTENTIAL	D ALLEGED				
01 [] O. CONTAMINATION OF SEWERS, STORM DRAINS, WWTPs 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 OBSERVED (DATE:)	☐ POTENTIAL	() ALLEGED				
01 D P. ILLEGAL/UNAUTHORIZED DUMPING 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 D OBSERVED (DATE:)	D POTENTIAL.	□ ALLEGED .				
05 DESCRIPTION OF ANY OTHER KNOWN, POTENTIAL, OR ALLEG	ED HAZARDS						
III. TOTAL POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:							
IV. COMMENTS							
No appoint hazard associated of this site. Landfill was used for domestic waste and possibly small amounts of industrial waste. Landfill was closely coursed of 24th soil and suddle landfill is obout 200' west of River of courses of weather.							
V. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cro apocific references, e.g., state ates, to	umply analysis, reports;	<u></u>					
Conversation with J.M. Bird. Pepperall on 12-16-81. The Congress	y war asked for more	- to show ,	who to the				
origin, transporter etc. but the	representatives said the	en an 710	meran				

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT

I.	IDEN	IFICATION
01	STATE	02 SITE NUMBER

A O A OCCUPANTED CONTAINIATION	OR CO ORGERVED IDATE.) D POTENTIAL	D ALLEGED
11 (2) A. GROUNDWATER CONTAMINATION 13 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 D OBSERVED (DATE:	_) U POTENTIAL	1) ALLEGED
1 D B. SURFACE WATER CONTAMINATION 3 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 ETIOBSERVED (DATE:	-··•	□ ALLEGED
of there were industrial, hazard for would have the potential of bompany is not aware of any haz.	our wanter landfilled at the eng affected. No localote street wante at this after - only h	om were sur	however.
1 D. CONTAMINATION OF AIR 3 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 C OBSERVED (DATE:	_) [] POTENTIAL	C ALLEGED
D. FIRE/EXPLOSIVE CONDITIONS POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 OBSERVED (DATE:	_) [] POTENTIAL	☐ ALLEGED
D E. DIRECT CONTACT POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 DOBSERVED (DATE:	_) DOTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED
IIF. CONTAMINATION OF SOIL AREA POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: (Acres)	02 OBSERVED (DATE: 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	_) DOTENTIAL	C ALLEGED
G. DRINKING WATER CONTAMINATION	02 DOBSERVED (DATE:) POTENTIAL	☐ ALLEGED
POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	e, Brothwe	
☐ H. WORKER EXPOSURE/INJURY WORKERS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 OBSERVED (DATE: 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	_) DOTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED
D I. POPULATION EXPOSURE/INJURY POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 OBSERVED (DATE:	_) D POTENTIAL	ALLEGED

	- 174
Y/	·PA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE

	IFICATION
O1 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER

	PA		SITE INSPEC			01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
			PART 2 - WAST	E INFORMATIO	N	L	<u> </u>
II. WASTES	TATES, QUANTITIES, AN	ID CHARACTER	ISTICS				
01 PHYSICAL S	STATES (Check of that apply)	02 WASTE QUANT	ITY AT SITE	03 WASTE CHARAC	TERISTICS (Check as that apply)	
E A. SOLIO	() E. SLURAY		indeheugent)	☐ A. TOXIC			I. HIGHLY VOLATILE
B. POWDE	FR, FINES D F. LIQUID E D G GAS	TONS -		D 8. CORRI		BLE D	J. EXPLOSIVE K. REACTIVE
	Dorm tie Waste	į	(m + 15,000	D D. PERSI	,		L. INCOMPATIBLE M. NOT APPLICABLE
		NO. OF DRUMS		#W	mentic Wast	<u> </u>	
III. WASTE T	YPE						
CATEGORY	SUBSTANCE N	AME	01 GROSS AMOUNT	02 UNIT OF MEASURE	E 03 COMMENTS		
SLU	SLUDGE		<u> </u>				
OLW	OILY WASTE						
SOL	SOLVENTS						
PSD	PESTICIDES						
occ	OTHER ORGANIC CH	EMICALS					
ЮС	INORGANIC CHEMIC	ALS					
ACD	ACIDS						
BAS	BASES				 		
MES	HEAVY METALS						
IV. HAZARDO	OUS SUBSTANCES (See Ap)	pendis for most france of	cand CAS Numbers		<u> </u>		
01 CATEGORY	02 SUBSTANCE NA		03 CAS NUMBER	04 STORAGE/DIS	POSAL METHOD	5 CONCENTI	RATION 06 MEASURE OF CONCENTRATION
				0.01011102.00		5 00.102.111	CONCENTRATION
							
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	· ····································						
							
							
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
	CKS (See Appendix for CAS Mumbers						
CATEGORY	01 FEEDSTOCK	NAME	02 CAS NUMBER	CATEGORY	01 FEEDSTOCK	NAME	02 CAS NUMBER
FDS				FDS			
FDS				FDS			
FDS				FDS			
FDS				FDS			
VI. SOURCES	OF INFORMATION (Cite 40)	ocilic references, e.g., si	tio Ros. sample snalysis, rej	porte)			
	este vasta				Cs. repa.		
	en: J.M. Bird				•		

	PAT	CATAL MATAS	DO:::	WACTE OUT	I. IDEI	NTIFICATION
SEPA	POI	ENTIAL HAZAR SITE INSPECT				TE 02 SITE NUMBER
ALIA	PART 1 - SITI			ECTION INFORMA	ATION	
II. SITE NAME AND LOCA	TION					
01 SITE NAME (Legal, common, er			02 STR	EET, ROUTE NO., OR SPI	ECIFIC LOCATION IDENTIFIE	R
Valley Site	# 2		4	ngdale Ce	natury \$ 20th	Averue
langdole					Chambers	O7COUNTY 08 COI
09 COORDINATES LATITUDE 32 48 31	LONGITUDE "		IIP (Check	enej	C. STATE D. COU	
HI. INSPECTION INFORM		D F. OTHER -			D G. UNKI	IOWN
01 DATE OF INSPECTION	02 SITE STATUS	03 YEARS OF OPERAT				
12, 16, 81 MONTH DAY YEAR	D ACTIVE	٠		1940	UNKNO	VN
MONTH DAY YEAR 04 AGENCY PERFORMING INSP	FCTION (Check at the agent)	BEGI	NNING Y	EAR ENDING YEAR	<u> </u>	
MA. EPA E B. EPA CO		Environment	псы	AUNICIPAL (T.D. MI	JNICIPAL CONTRACTOR	
E E STATE OF STATE	CONTRACTOR		0 G. C	OTHER		(Name of fam)
05 CHIEF INSPECTOR	78	OR TITLE			(Specify) I 07 ORGANIZATION	LOS TELEPHONE NO.
	1~	Fallon	4	R Scietist	ALDIV. SWYL	
Hand (d Tay		10 TITLE			11 ORGANIZATION	12 TELEPHONE NO.
Joel Vester		Project	offic	er for AL	EPA	(40A 551-223.
Jennifer Sc	ott-Simpon	Biologia	ct		EFE	. 1404 288 - 771
Charles H.	Lee	Geologn	sf		EIE	(404 258-77)
						()
				,		()
13 SITE REPRESENTATIVES INTE	RVIEWED	14 TITLE		15ADDRESS		16 TELEPHONE NO
J.M. 3:125	mg	Seperison		Caret, AL		1208 756-7111
Charle Ta	ylar .			Service a	te-langer	عد ()
Carl Gumm				Egner	rs Dopt.	()
						()
						()
•				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		()
17 ACCESS GAINED BY (Chock one) PERMISSION WARRANT	8 TIME OF INSPECTION	18 WEATHER CONDI				
IV. INFORMATION AVAILA	ABLE FROM	<u> </u>				
91 CONTACT		02 OF (Agency/Organic	acon/			03 TELEPHONE NO
J.M. Birdion	^£	West Po	in f	Papperell		12051 766-71
04 PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR		05 AGENCY		GANIZATION	07 TELEPHONE NO.	08 DATE

(404)288-7711

12,22,81

EIE

Jennife Seat- Simpson

	Notification of Hazardous Waste Site	Side Two		
=	Waste Quantity:	Facility Type	Cotal Facility Waste	Amount
	Place an X in the appropriate boxes to	1. 🗆 Piles	cubic feet unknown	
	indicate the facility types found at the site.	2. Land Treatment	gallons	
	In the "total facility waste amount space give the estimated combined quantity	3. ⊠ Landfill 4. □ Tanks		
	notion of hazardous wastes at the site sing cubic feet or gallons.	5. Impoundment	Total Facility Area unknow	D.
	In the "total facility area" space, give the	6. ☐ Underground Injection	square feet UTIKITOW	
	estimated area size which the facilities	7. Drums, Above Ground	acres	
	occupy using square feet or acres	8. Drums, Below Ground 9. Other (Specify)		
G	Known, Suspected or Likely Releases t		D. K	d Eliber E Ness
	Place an X in the appropriate boxes to indica or likely releases of wastes to the environme	nt.	unknown	d Likely None
	Note: Items Hand I are optional. Completing hazardous waste sites. Although completing	these items will assist EPA and State to the items is not required, you are en	e and local governments in I couraged to do so.	ocating and assessing
H	Sketch Map of Site Location: (Options	ai)		
	Sketch a map showing streets, highways, routes or other prominent landmarks near the site. Place an X on the map to indicate the site location. Draw an arrow showing the direction north. You may substitute a publishing map showing the site location.			
<u> </u>	Description of Site: (Optional)			
	Describe the history and present conditions of the site. Give directions to the site and describe any nearby wells, springs, lakes, or housing. Include such information as how waste was disposed and where the waste came from Provide any other information or comments which may help describe the site conditions.			
	•			
-	Cincolar and Piels			
J	Signature and Title: The person or authorized representative (such as plant managers, superintendents,	Name Lee Goodrich , Cosi	at. hogel Coursel	☑ Owner, Present
	trustees or attorneys) of persons required to notify must sign the form and provide a	Street P. O. Box 71		☐ Owner, Past ☐ Transporter
	mailing address (if different than address	77A D .		☐ Operator, Present
	in item A). For other persons providing notification, the signature is optional.	City West Point Sta	te GA Zip Code 31833	Operator, Past
	Check the boxes which best describe the relationship to the site of the person required to notify. If you are not required	Signature Lee Her Chiel	Date 6/4/81	☐ Other
	to potitis chant "Other"			

SEPA Netification of Hazardous Waste Site

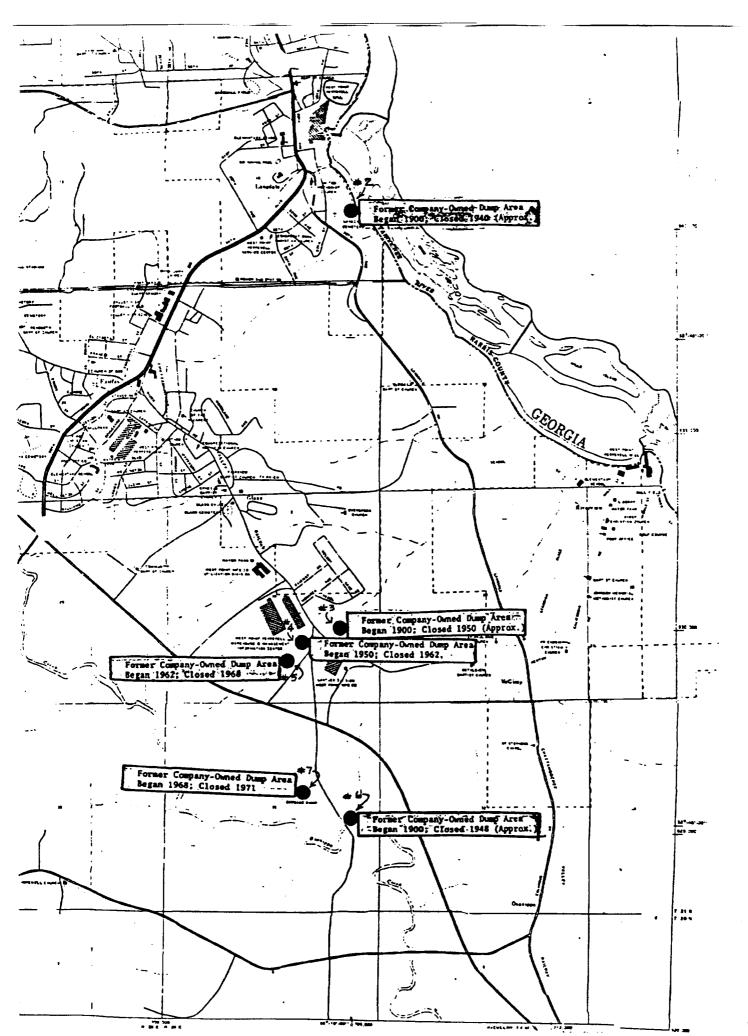
United States Environmental Protection Agency Washington DC 20460

required by Section 103(c) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response. Compention, and Liability Act of 1980 and must a mailed by June 9, 1981.

Please type or print in ink. If you need additional space, use separate sheets of paper. Indicate the letter of the item which applies. This initial notification information is required by Section 103(c) of the Compre-

EPA Form 8900-1

				ALS 00000114	12	
A	Person Required to Notify:		No. Wash Ded	A Danson 11 2		
	Enter the name and address of the or organization required to notify	he person	Name - West Poir	nt Pepperell, Inc.		
	or organization required to notiny	l-	Street P. O. Box	1 71		
			City West Point	State GA Zip Code 31833		
B	Site Location:					
	Enter the common name (if know	vn) and	Name of Site Valle	y Site #2		
	actual location of the site.		Stron Lanes	lale Cametary 120th Aux		
	ALD 0032767	145	City Langdale			
c	Person to Contact:	165	CIA DatiBoate	County Chambers State A1 Zip Code 36864	=	
C			Name (Last, First and Titk	Birdsong, J. M., Supervisor		
	Enter the name, title (if applicable business telephone number of the	e), and le person		V 2570		
	to contact regarding information submitted on this form.		Phone (205) 756	-7111 X-2570		
	submitted on this form.					
D	Dates of Waste Handling:				_	
	Enter the years that you estimate		From (Year) 1900	T March 10/0		
	treatment, storage, or disposal be ended at the site.	egan and	From (Year) 1900	To (Year) 1940		
Ē	Waste Type: Choose the option	on you pr	efer to complete			
	Option I: Select general waste ty		•	1 Onting 9. This action is qualified to account families with a		
	you do not know the general waste of encouraged to describe the site of	te types or	Sources, you are	Option 2: This option is available to persons familiar with t Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Section 30 regulations (40 CFR Part 261).		
	General Type of Waste:	Source o	of Waste:	Specific Type of Waste:		
	Place an X in the appropriate		X in the appropriate	EPA has assigned a four-digit number to each hazardous w		
	boxes. The categories listed overlap. Check each applicable	boxes.		listed in the regulations under Section 3001 of RCRA. Enter appropriate four-digit number in the boxes provided. A copy	r tne ⁄ of	
	category.			the list of hazardous wastes and codes can be obtained by		
				contacting the EPA Region serving the State in which the s located.	ite is	
	1. Organics	1. D Mi	•		-	
	2. D Inorganics 3. D Solvents	2. U Co 3. Ø Te	nstruction			
	4. D Pesticides	3. to 10:				
	5. Heavy metals		per/Printing			
	6. Acids		ather Tanning		1	
	7. D Bases -		n/Steel Foundry			
	8. 🗆 PCBs		emical, General		1	
	9. Mixed Municipal Waste	9. 🗆 Pla	ting/Polishing			
	10. 🗷 Unknown		litary/Ammunition		j	
	11. Other (Specify)		ectrical Conductors	S S S S S S	l	
		12. 🗆 Tra	ensformers		3	
		13. 🗆 Ut	ility Companies			
			nitary/Refuse			
		15. 🗆 Ph				
			b/Hospital			
		17. 🖸 Ur				
		18. LI Ot	her (Specify)			
	Form Approved OMB No. 2000-0138					
	UMB No. 2000-0138			· ·		



ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT LAND PROGRAM 19 83 Hazardous Waste Generators Annual Report

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	ľC)

Location of Facil	U. S. HIGHWAY 29					
		•	(Street or Route N	umber)		
LANGDALE	CHAMBERS County		ABAMA tate	36866 Zlp Co		
·	·	. 3	1419	Zip Cq	ige	
installation Cont	act J. M. BIRDSONG			205 756-7		
	reame		Are	a Code Telepho	ne Number	
Ourling 19 <u>83</u> the	facility did 🔲 did not 🔀 g	enerate reportable a	mounts of hazardou	s waste. (If you	check did not, skip	to Item VII.)
Waste Identificat	ion:					
A. EPA Waste Number	B. Waste Description	C. Amount of	D. Receiving	E. Receiving	F. Transporter	G. Transporte
A. EPA		C. Amount of Waste (lbs)	D. Receiving Facility	E. Receiving Facility 10 Number	F. Transporter Name	G. Transporte
A. EPA		i i	_	Facility	· ·	ľ
A. EPA		i i	_	Facility	· ·	ľ
A. EPA		i i	_	Facility 1D Number	· ·	ľ
A. EPA		i i	_	Facility 1D Number	· ·	ľ
A. EPA		i i	_	Facility 1D Number	· ·	ľ
A. EPA		i i	_	Facility 1D Number	· ·	ľ
A. EPA		i i	_	Facility 1D Number	· ·	ľ
A. EPA		i i	_	Facility 1D Number	· ·	ľ

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this and a attached documents, and that based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe that the submitted information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility or line and imprisonment.

	POTENTIAL HA	ZARDOUS WASTE SITE	1. 10	ENTIFICATION
\$EPA	PRELIMIN	ARY ASSESSMENT		L DOO327676
P	ART 3 - DESCRIPTION OF HAZ	ZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS	<u> </u>	L D 00 32 10 7 6
I. HAZARDOUS CONDITION	8 AND INCIDENTS (Continued)			
01 🗍 J. DAMAGE TO FLORA 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION		02 OBSERVED (DATE:)	O POTEN	ITIAL ALLEGED
NA				
01 K. DAMAGE TO FAUNA 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	include namers; of lipecies;	02 OBSERVED (DATE:)	D POTEN	MAL D ALLEGED
Nr		:		
01 . CONTAMINATION OF 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	FOOD CHAIN	02 OBSERVED (DATE:)	☐ POTEN	MAL ALLEGED
MU				
01 M. UNSTABLE CONTAIN		02 G OBSERVED (DATE:)	☐ POTEN	MAL G ALLEGED
(Sede/fundificitation) tourist		04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION		
MA	1			
01 I N. DAMAGE TO OFFSITI 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	PROPERTY	02 C OBSERVED (DATE:)	O POTEN	MAL [] ALLEGED
NV				
01 □ O. CONTAMINATION OF 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	SEWERS, STORM DRAINS, WWTPs	02 G OBSERVED (DATE:)	C POTEN	MAL ALLEGED
NA				
01 ☐ P. ILLEGAL/UNAUTHOR 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	IZED DUMPING	02 G OBSERVED (DATE:)	☐ POTEN	MAL C ALLEGED
NA				
OS DESCRIPTION OF ANY OTH	HER KNOWN, POTENTIAL, OR ALLEG	SEO HAZAROS		
US DESCRIPTION OF ART OF	·			
III. TOTAL POPULATION PO	TENTIALLY AFFECTED:			
IV. COMMENTS				
-				
V. SOURCES OF INFORMAT				

CERCLA 103 C FILE, CONVERSATION WITH J.M. BIRDSONG OF WP.P.

All the second s

MEFA	3	EPA
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POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

L IDENTIFICATION OI STATE OF SITE NUMBER

PART 3 - DESCRIPTION	OF HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDEN	ITS LAL	1003276763
IL HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
01 © A. GROUNDWATER CONTAMINATION 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 D OBSERVED (DATE:) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	S POTENTIA	L C ALLEGED
NA			
01 G B. SURFACE WATER CONTAMINATION 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 D OBSERVED (DATE:) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	O POTENTIA	L C ALLEGED
NA			
01 G. CONTAMINATION OF AIR 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 C OBSERVED (DATE:) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	D POTENTIA	L ALLEGED
ik		,	
01 C D. FRE/EXPLOSIVE CONDITIONS 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 © OBSERVED (DATE) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	POTENTIA	L G ALLEGED
4k			
01 TE. DIRECT CONTACT 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 TOBSERVED (DATE:) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	G POTENTIA	L ☐ ALLEGED
4k			
01 C F. CONTAMINATION OF SOIL 03 AREA POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 C OBSERVED (DATE) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	C POTENTIAL	☐ ALLEGED
NA			
01 G. DRINKING WATER CONTAMINATION 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 TOBSERVED (DATE:) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	☐ POTENTIAL	. C ALLEGED
1/k			
01 ☐ H. WORKER EXPOSURE/INJURY 03 WORKERS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 © OBSERVED (DATE) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	☐ POTENTIAL	. C ALLEGED
NA .			
01 [] I. POPULATION EXPOSURE/INJURY 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 TOBSERVED (DATE:) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	☐ POTENTIAL	. C ALLEGED
1/6			

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POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT PART 2 - WASTE INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION				
01 STATE	02 SITE MUMBER D 00327 6763			

			PART 2 - WAST	EINFORMATION			
II. WASTE S	TATES, QUANTITIES, AN	ID CHARACTE	RISTICS				
01 PHYSICAL STATES , Creck of more above; A SOUD C E SLURRY must be in must		of easts quantified is recognisted.	03 WASTE CHARACTERISTICS (Check at that apply) C. A. TOXIC			IVE VE PATIBLE	
	(Specify)	NO. OF DRUMS		l	<u> </u>		
III. WASTE T	YPE						
CATEGORY	SUBSTANCE N	IAME	O1 GROSS AMOUNT	02 UNIT OF MEASURE	03 COMMENTS		
SLU	SLUDGE						
OLW	OILY WASTE						
SOL	SOLVENTS						
PSD	PESTICIDES						
осс	OTHER ORGANIC CH	HEMICALS					
IOC	INORGANIC CHEMIC	ALS					
ACD	ACIDS	 	†			 	
BAS	BASES		1	1			
MES	HEAVY METALS						
IV. HAZARD	OUS SUBSTANCES (See A	ppendra for most freque	ently cited CAS Numbers)				
1 CATEGORY	02 SUBSTANCE N	IAME I	03 CAS MUMBER	04 STORAGE/DISPOSAL METHOD		05 CONCENTRATION	OR MEASURE OF
		1					
		 					
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					 	1
					······		1
							
				 		 	1
				 		 	1
				 		 	}
				 		+	
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	 			<u> </u>	,	 	
			<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
						i	· ·
V. FEEDSTO	OCKS (See Appendix for CAS Numb	Hers)					
CATEGORY		CK NAME	02 CAS NUMBER	CATEGORY	OI FEEDS	TOCK NAME	02 CAS NUMBER
FDS			+	FDS			
FDS			+	FOS			<u> </u>
FDS				FDS			
FDS			+	FOS			
							
CERCL	S OF INFORMATION ICEA R 1036 FIL		ERSATION		BIRDSONG	OF WPP	

€FPA	POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT PART 1 - SITE INFORMATION AND ASSESSMENT				1. IDENTIFICATION 01 STATE 02 SITE NUMBER AL D 00 3276763	
II. SITE NAME AND LOCATION	·····		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
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REFERENCES

- Dinsmore, Donalea, EPS. EPA Potential Hazardous Waste Site Preliminary Assessment Form for West Point Pepperell Langdale Mill, Chambers County Alabama. August 8, 1985.
- Scott-Simpson, Jennifer, Ecology and Environment. EPA Potential Hazardous Waste Site, Site Inspection Report Form for West Point Pepperell Langdale Mill, Chambers County Alabama. December 22, 1981.
- 3. U.S. Geological Survey, 7.5 minute series Topographic Quadrangle Maps of Alabama: Lanett South ALA-GA 1964, Whitesville GA-ALA 1964 (PR1983). Jones
- 4. Lanier, Eddie, Manager of Environmental Engineering, Engineering and Environmental Department, West Point Stevens. Letter to Ms. Jennifer K. Walker, RE: Westpoint Stevens Inc.-CERCLIS Sites, February 9, 1995.
- 5. Walker, Jennifer K; Alabama Department of Environmental Management, Field Operations Division. Telephone Conversation with Mr. Jack Manley; City Manager, City of Valley; RE: Use of property obtained from West Point Pepperell.
- 6. U.S. Geological Survey. Geohydrology and Susceptibility of Major Aquifers To Surface Contamination in Alabama; Area 5. Tuscaloosa, Alabama 1989!
- 7. Scott-Simpson, Jennifer, Ecology and Environment. Memorandum and attachments RE: West Point Pepperell Site Inspections, January 25, 1982.
- 8. U.S. Geological Survey Water-Data Report AL-92-1. Water Resources Data, Alabama, Water Year 1992.
- 9. 1990 Census Report, Selected Population and Housing Characteristics, Chambers County.

Chattahoochee River. The site does not have barriers to prevent access to the site. The population within 1 mile of the site is as follows:

DISTANCE IN MILES	RESIDENCES	POPULATION
0 TO 1/4	68	180
1/4 TO 1/2	99	262
1/2 TO 1	258	684
TOTAL	425	1,126

(Refs. 3,9)

The population was determined by multiplying the county average number of persons per household for Chambers County, 2.65, time the number of residences for each of the distances listed above (Refs. 3,9).

Due to the lack of targets in the study area West Point Pepperell Langdale Mill site poses a minimal threat to human health and the environment under the current HRS model.

6.0 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

The West Point Pepperell Langdale Mill (Valley Site 2) is currently owned by the city of Valley and is used as a recreational area. There is an old boat ramp located on the property and people come to this area to fish off the bank (Ref. 5). In the area of the site there is a lack of targets for the ground water pathway, surface water pathway and for the soil exposure pathway. Due to the lack of targets under the current HRS model it is recommended that the West Point Pepperell Langdale Mill Site be NFRAPed.

3.2 Groundwater Targets

Within the four mile radius of the site the population is supplied water from a surface water intake located on the Chattahoochee River. Due to the low yield of water from wells dug or drilled in the area groundwater is not used as a public water supply, however that does not eliminate the possibility of domestic wells being used.

3.3 Groundwater Conclusions

The population within the study area is provided water from a surface water intake located on the Chattahoochee River. There does exist the potential that private groundwater wells are still being used for drinking water purposes. Due to the lack of targets in the groundwater pathway West Point Pepperell Langdale Mill site poses a minimal threat to human health and the environment under the current HRS model.

4.0 SURFACEWATER PATHWAY

4.1 Hydrology

In the area of the site there are no outstanding topographic features. Elevations in the area range from 500 to 800 feet above mean sea level. The general direction of surface drainage to the east to the Chattahoochee River (Ref. 7). The average annual discharge of the Chattahoochee River at West Point, Georgia is 5,565 ft³/sec (Ref. 8).

4.2 Surfacewater Targets

There are no surfacewater intakes located within the 15 mile downstream target distance limit. There is a surface water intake located 20 miles downstream from the probable point of entry (Refs. 1,2,7). There are no federally listed threatened or endangered species located in the Chattahoochee River. The Chattahoochee is classified for fish and wildlife.

4.3 Surfacewater Conclusions

Due to the lack of targets along the surfacewater pathway West Point Pepperell Valley Site 2 poses a minimal threat to human health and the environment, under the current HRS model.

5.0 SOIL PATHWAY AND AIR EXPOSURE

The exact size of the landfill is unknown. It is estimated that 15,000 cubic yards of domestic waste was disposed of in the landfill from 1900 to 1940 (Refs. 1,2,7). The site is bound to the east by the

. . . . -

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Under the authority of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) and the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) and a cooperative agreement between the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and the Alabama Department of Environmental Management (ADEM), a Site Investigation Prioritization (SIP) was conducted at West Point Pepperell Langdale Mill (Valley Site 2) in Langdale, Chambers County, Alabama. The purpose of this investigation was to collect information concerning conditions at the site sufficient to assess the threat posed to human health and the environment and to determine the need for additional investigation under CERCLA/SARA or other action, and if appropriate, support the site evaluation using the Hazard Ranking System (HRS) for proposal to the National Priorities List (NPL). The investigation included reviewing previous reports and telephone conversations to fill in data gaps.

2.0 SITE DESCRIPTION

The West Point Pepperell Langdale Mill (Valley site 2) is located in Langdale, Chambers County, Alabama. Geographical coordinates for the site are 32°48'48.00" latitude and 85°10'0.00" longitude (Refs. 1,2,3). Valley site 2 was used from 1900 to 1940 for the disposal of domestic waste and possibly less than 55 gallons of industrial waste (Refs. 1,2,7). West Point Pepperell was responsible for picking up local residents domestic waste and for disposing the waste in the landfill. It is not known if hazardous materials were disposed of in the landfill, but it is estimated that approximately 15,000 cubic yards of domestic waste was disposed of in the landfill during its 40 years of operation (Refs. 1,2,7). Valley site 2 is approximately 200 feet from the Chattahoochee River (Refs. 1,2,3,). West Point Pepperell sold the property to the City Of Valley (Refs. 4,5).

3.0 GROUNDWATER PATHWAY

3.1 Hydrogeology

Alabama is divided into three physiographic provinces, the Piedmont, Plateau, and Coastal Plain. West Point Pepperell Valley site 2 lies within the Piedmont Province (Refs. 6,7) Crystalline rocks of the Opelika Plateau Region of the Piedmont Province occur in Lee and Chambers Counties in a series of folded and faulted parallel belts that form the southwestern termination of the Appalachian Region. These belts are part of the continental basement, pre-Cambrian clastic sediments that have been altered by several stages of regional metamorphism to slate, phyllite, mica schist, mica and granite gneiss, quartzite, mylonite, and dolomite. These rocks are dense, compact, and massive, but they contain fractures and joints that can extend to a depth of 300 feet below the surface (Ref. 6,7).

These basement rocks are generally concealed by a weathered thick mantle of saprolite and soil that makes geologic mapping difficult, although unweathered igneous and metamorphosed rocks are exposed in some areas. Examination of covering material can be helpful for identification and classification of the basement rocks. Generally, the water table is found in bedrock in the uplands, and in the soil or saprolite in the valleys. Water wells, whether dug or drilled, all have low yields (Ref. 6,7).

SITE INVESTIGATION PRIORITIZATION WEST POINT PEPPERELL LANGDALE MILL LANGDALE, CHAMBERS COUNTY, ALABAMA ALD 003276763

NERAP APPROVED
BJ 1/2/95

PREPARED BY:
JENNIFER K. WALKER
ADEM FIELD OPERATIONS DIVISION

REVIEWED BY:
JOHN C. CHITWOOD
ADEM FIELD OPERATIONS DIVISION



ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

Fob James, Jr. Governor

John M. Smith, Director

June 1, 1995

Mailing Address: PO BOX 301463 MONTGOMERY AL 36130-1463

Mr. Brian Farrier

EPA CERCLA PA/SI Regional Project Officer

Physical Address: 1751 Cong. W. L. **Dickinson Drive**

Montgomery, AL

Site Investigation Support Section Waste Management Division U.S. EPA, Region IV

345 Courtland Street Atlanta, Georgia 30365

(334) 271-7700 FAX 270-5612

36109-2608

RE: Site Investigation

Prioritization

West Point Pepperell Valley, Chambers County,

Alabama

Field Offices:

110 Vulcan Road Birmingham, AL

~9-4702 242-6168 Dear Mr. Farrier:

FAX 941-1603

Enclosed is the SIP Scoresheet, SIP Narrative and References for West Point Pepperell in Valley Alabama. If you have any questions regarding this report, please contact me at (334) 260-2715.

400 Well Street, NE P.O. Box 953 Decatur, AL 35602-0953 (205) 353-1713 FAX 340-9359

2204 Perimeter Road

Mobile, AL 36615-1131 (334) 450-3400 FAX 479-2593

17 19

JKW/km

Enclosure

c: Jymalyn Redmond

ennifer K. Walker Compliance Section Field Operations Division



ADEM

ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENTUN

John M. Smith, Director

June 5, 1995

Mailing Address: PO BOX 301463 MONTGOMERY AL 36130-1463

Mr. Brian Farrier CERCLA PA/SI Regional Project Officer

1751 Cong. W. L. Dickinson Drive Montgomery, AL

Physical Address:

USEPA Region IV 345 Courtland Street, N.E. Atlanta, Georgia 30365

Dear Mr. Farrier:

(334) 271-7700 FAX 270-5612

36109-2608

Enclosed, you will find a Site Investigation Prioritization report for the following:

Field Offices:

West Point Pepperell-Langdale Mill

110 Vulcan Road Birmingham, AL 35209-4702 (205) 942-6168 FAX 941-1603

Please advise us when this report has been evaluated and a determination has been made concerning its acceptability.

400 Well Street, NE P.O. Box 953 Decatur, AL 35602-0953 (205) 353-1713 Should you have questions or require assistance in evaluating this report, please do not hesitate to contact our staff.

Sincerely.

2204 Perimeter Road

Mobile, AL 36615-1131 (334)450-3400 FAX 479-2593

FAX 340-9359

small Ked

Jymalyn E. Redmond, Chief Site Assessment Unit

JER/tpc



February 9, 1995

Ms. Jennifar Walker Alabama Department of Environmental Management 1751 Dickinson Drive Montgomery, AL 36109-2608

Re: WestPoint Stevens Inc. - CERCLIS Sites

Dear Ms. Walker:

Pollowing is a listing for all sites that were identified by WestPoint Pepperell in 103C notifications. As we discussed by phone, WestPoint Stevens (formerly WestPoint Pepperell) does not currently own all of the sites. Also note that the 103C notifications do not use the same names that are on the current CERCLIS list. I am using the site names from the original 103C's that are referenced on the map you have.

- Valley Site No. 1 owned by the City of Lanett. Bobby Williams - City Manager 334-644-2141
- Valley Site No. 2 owned by the City of Valley. Jack Manley - City Manager 334-756-3131
- Valley Site No. 3 Current owner:
 J. R. Dudley, Jr.

(b)(6) Personal Privacy

- 4. Valley Site No. 4 owned by WestPoint Stevens
- 5. Valley Site No. 5 owned by WestPoint Stevens
- 6. Valley Sits Nos. 6 & 7 owned by J. R. Dudley, Jr. (see Site No. 3)

If you need additional information, please let me know.

Sincerely,

Rddie Lanier

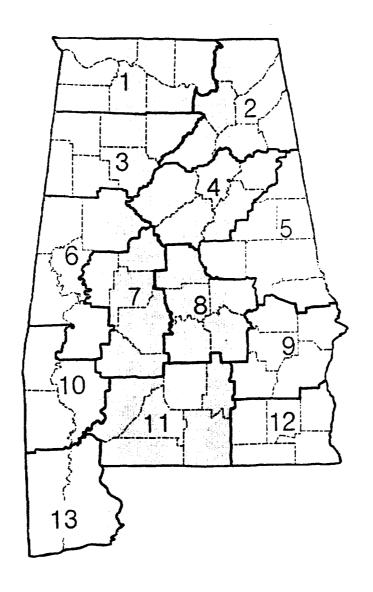
Manager of Environmental Engineering Engineering & Environmental Department

LEL: si

FIELD OPERATIONS DIVISION TELEPHONE CONVERSATION RECORD

Date:	May 25, 1995
Time:	10:35
Conversation with:	Property mean fampale mill
Regarding:	Property near fampale mill
Facility or Company:	City of Valley
Summary:	Property was given to the city of valley,
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man West Pou	nt Steriens. Mr. manley stated the that
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Signature:	Jennifer Kujalker
File:	West Fornt Proposed #0079
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GEOHYDROLOGY AND SUSCEPTIBILITY OF MAJOR AQUIFERS TO SURFACE CONTAMINATION IN ALABAMA; AREA 5



Prepared by
U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
in cooperation with the

ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

GEOHYDROLOGY AND SUSCEPTIBILITY OF AQUIFERS
TO SURFACE CONTAMINATION IN ALABAMA; AREA 5

by Robert E. Kidd

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

Water-Resources Investigations Report 88-4083



Prepared in cooperation with the
ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

Tuscaloosa, Alabama

1989

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

DONALD PAUL HODEL, Secretary

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

Dallas L. Peck, Director

For additional information write to:

District Chief U.S. Geological Survey 520 19th Avenue Tuscaloosa, Alabama 35401 Copies of this report can be purchased from:

U.S. Geological Survey Books and Open-File Reports Box 25425 Federal Center, Building 810 Denver, Colorado 80225

ILLUSTRATIONS

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GEOHYDROLOGY AND SUSCEPTIBILITY OF AQUIFERS TO SURFACE CONTAMINATION IN ALABAMA; AREA 5

by Robert E. Kidd

ABSTRACT

The U.S. Geological Survey, in cooperation with the Alabama Department of Environmental Management, is conducting a series of geohydrologic studies to delineate recharge areas of the major aquifers in Alabama and their susceptibility to contamination. This report delineates and describes the geohydrology and susceptibility of the aquifers to contamination in Area 5--Chambers, Clay, Cleburne, Coosa, Lee, Randolph, and Tallapoosa Counties.

Little ground water is used for public water supplies in Area 5. Ground-water withdrawals for public supply in 1985 was 0.88 million gallons per day. Most cities and towns that formerly used ground water, presently use surface water. None of the sedimentary rocks or unconsolidated deposits are tapped by public-supply wells, and none of the igneous and metamorphic rocks are considered a major aquifer because of low yields.

Aquifers in the study area are susceptible to surface contamination throughout their entire outcrop area. Areas that are highly faulted and valley areas where ground water is at or near land surface have potential to be highly susceptible to surface contamination.

INTRODUCTION

The Alabama Department of Environmental Management (ADEM) is developing a comprehensive program in Alabama to protect ground water defined by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) as "Class I and II" from surface contamination (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1984). The U.S. Geological Survey, in cooperation with ADEM, is conducting a series of geo-hydrologic studies in Alabama to delineate recharge areas of the major aquifers and areas susceptible to contamination. This report summarizes these factors for aquifers in Area 5--Chambers, Clay, Cleburne, Coosa, Lee, Randolph, and Tallapoosa, Counties (fig. 1).

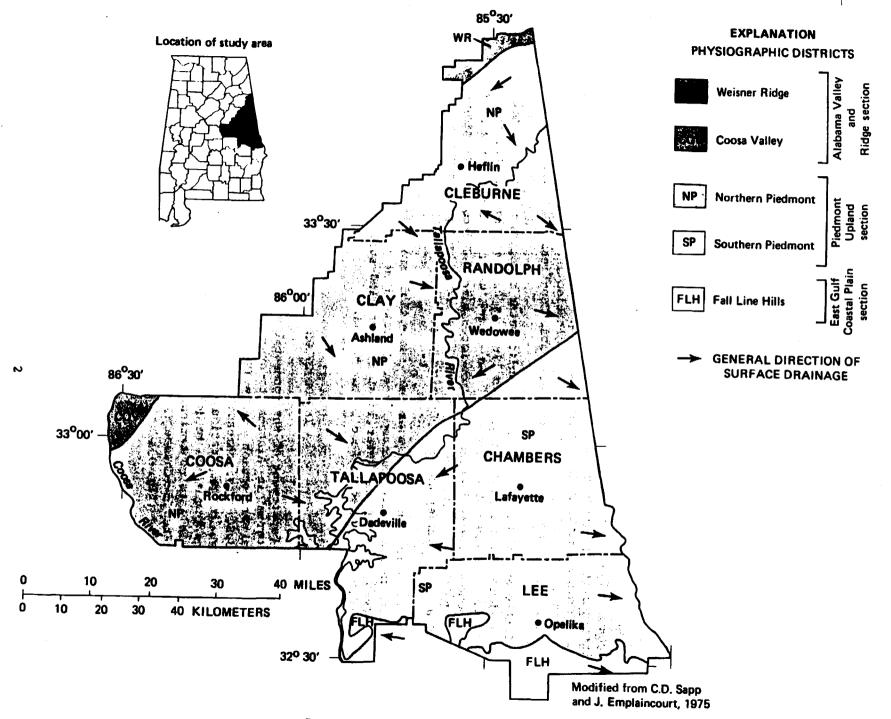


Figure 1.--Physiography and surface drainage of the study area.

County are in the Northern Piedmont Upland district (fig. 1). Surface drainage in the district generally is south to the Tallapoosa River and southwest to the Coosa River (fig. 1).

There is a gradual transition in physiography from the Northern Piedmont Upland district to the Southern Piedmont Upland district. The Southern Piedmont Upland district is characterized by a rolling topography indicative of a dissected peneplain of advanced erosional maturity (Chandler and Lines, 1974). The land surface of the district ranges in altitude from about 500 to 900 feet above sea level and averages about 800 feet above sea level. Most of Chambers and Lee Counties, the southeastern part of Randolph County, and most of Tallapoosa County east of the Tallapoosa River are in this district. Surface drainage in the district generally is southwestward to the Tallapoosa River and southeastward to the Chattahoochee River.

The third physiographic province in the study area is the Coastal Plain. The Fall Line Hills district of the East Gulf Coastal Plain section is characterized by relatively flat to gently rolling uplands and broad, gently sloping valleys. The land surface ranges in altitude from about 350 to 650 feet above sea level and local relief is usually less than 100 feet. Surface drainage is south and southeastward to the Chattahoochee River, and southward and southwestward to the Tallapoosa River. The southernmost part of Lee County is in the Fall Line Hills district.

Previous Geologic and Hydrologic Studies

Henry McCalley studied and mapped the crystalline rocks of Alabama from 1901 to 1904. Adams subdivided the crystalline rocks into informal belts and formal units and these subdivisions are used in this report (Adams and others, 1926). Baker (1957) described the geology and ground water of the Piedmont area. Clarke (1963) reported on residual clays and rock weathering as related to rock types. Joiner and others (1967) and Scarbrough and others (1969) reported on using geophysical methods in prospecting for ground water in the Piedmont area.

Studies on the availability of water in each county in the study area were made by Lines and Scott (1972), Chandler and others (1972), Scott and Lines (1972), Chandler and Lines (1974, 1978a, 1978b), and Lines and Chandler (1975). Much of this report is based on data in these water availability studies. Chandler (1976) discussed the aquifers of the Piedmont and their potential yields.

Acknowledgments

Special appreciation is extended to the waterworks managers in the study area who helped locate public-supply wells and furnished information on well construction and water use.

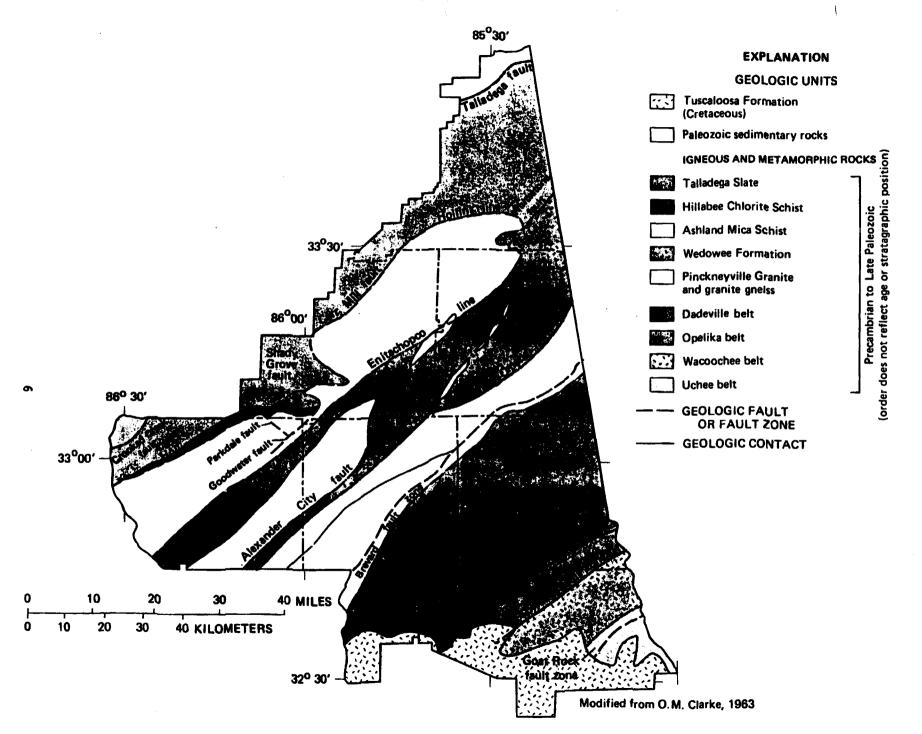


Figure 2.--Generalized geology of the study area.

The Hillabee has been used as a source of water in the past (Baker, 1957), but presently is not used as a public water-supply source in the study area because of small yields. Well yields are generally less than 10 gal/min.

Ashland Mica Schist

The Ashland Mica Schist crops out in two belts about 4 to 15 miles in width and strikes northeastward across the central part of Area 5 (fig. 2). Foliations generally dip southeastward from 30 to 65 degrees (Chandler and others, 1972).

The rocks that compose the Ashland include muscovite and quartz-muscovite schists with some graphite, hornblende schist and gneiss, chlorite schist, granitic gneiss, and biotite augen gneiss (Deininger and others, 1964). The average thickness of saprolite is about 50 feet.

Public water supplies for the towns of Lineville and Ashland were formerly obtained from the formation (table 2). These towns presently use surface water for their supplies. The town of Wadley currently obtains its water supply from the Ashland Mica Schist.

Public supply wells completed in the Ashland range from 100 to 340 feet in depth and generally yield from 10 to 15 gal/min. However, yields of more than 50 gal/min are obtained from some wells.

Wedowee Formation

The Wedowee Formation crops out in two northeastward trending belts extending from southern Coosa County across northwest Tallapoosa, southeastern Clay, central Randolph Counties, and into southeastern Cleburne County (fig. 2). Foliations in the rocks generally dip southeastward 45 to 90 degrees. The formation is a phyllite with some beds of micaceous quartzite. The phyllite contains finely crystalline graphite as a minor constituent. The rocks of the Wedowee have been partly replaced by granites (Deininger and others, 1964). The phyllite adjacent to the granites have been metamorphosed to quartz-mica schist. Saprolite thickness of 50 feet or more is common on upland draws and on concave slopes adjacent to streams (Lines and Chandler, 1975).

Yields to wells that tap the formation generally are about 15 gal/min. However, yields greater than 50 gal/min were reported. Depth of wells range from about 100 to 350 feet. The Wedowee Formation is the source of water for the towns of Woodland and Wedowee.

Pinckneyville Granite and Granite Gneiss

The Pinckneyville Granite, the largest granitic mass in Alabama, is 6 to 10 miles wide and 40 miles long (Clarke, 1963). The outcrop of the Pinckney-ville trends northeast from south-central Coosa County and northwestern Tallapoosa County to the southern part of Clay County. Related granitic intrusions occur along the projection of the formation into Clay and Randolph

Wacoochee Belt

The rocks of the Wacoochee belt crop out southeast of the Opelika belt in Lee County (fig. 2). This belt is about 10 miles wide and trends northeastward. Foliation planes of the metamorphic rocks dip southeastward. These rocks consist predominantly of garnetiferous-biotite schist and quartz-muscovite schist with some granite gneiss, biotite augen gneiss, quartzite, marble and dolomite. The thickness of the saprolite ranges from 10 to 200 feet and averages about 50 feet.

Wells generally yield less than 25 gal/min. One well that taps rocks of the Wacoochee belt yields more than 2,000 gal/min (Scott and Lines, 1972). This well may penetrate either solution cavities in dolomite or large fractures in quartzite. Well depths range from about 150 to 300 feet. The towns of Auburn, Smiths, and Beauregard have wells completed in rocks of the Wacoochee belt. A spring that discharges from the Wacoochee unit is used for an emergency water supply for Opelika. Auburn and Opelika use surface water as their principal source of water supply.

Uchee Belt

The rocks of the Uchee belt crop out in Lee County southeast of the Wacoochee belt (fig. 2). These rocks are predominantly biotite and hornblende gneiss and granite gneiss. The granitic gneiss is commonly mylonitized and may be associated with the Goat Rock fault (Deininger and others, 1964). No public supply wells tap the rocks of the Uchee belt.

Sedimentary Rocks of Paleozoic Age

Paleozoic rocks of Cambrian age crop out northwest of the Talladega fault in northernmost Cleburne County (fig. 2). The Weisner Formation, owing to its hardness and resistance to erosion, forms ridges. The Weisner consists of quartzite, sandstone, conglomerate, and sandy shale. The Shady Dolomite overlies the Weisner Formation and crops out in several narrow bands. The Shady consists of fine-grained medium— to thick-bedded limestone and dolomite. The Weisner and Shady are not tapped by any public-supply wells.

The Newala Limestone of Ordovician age and the Floyd Shale and Parkwood Formation of Mississippian age crop out northwest of the Crooked Creek fault in the extreme northwest corner of Coosa County (plate 1). The Newala consists of micritic limestone and dolomite. The Floyd Shale is dark gray shale with rare interbeds of argillaceous limestone. The Parkwood Formation consists of interbedded shale and fine-grained, argillaceous sandstone. None of these sedimentary rocks are tapped for public water supply in Coosa County.

Sedimentary Deposits of Cretaceous Age

Deposits of the Tuscaloosa Formation of Late Cretaceous age are exposed in the southernmost part of the study area in southern Tallapoosa and Lee Counties (fig. 2). The Tuscaloosa Formation unconformably overlies the pre-Cretaceous igneous and metamorphic rocks. The Tuscaloosa consists of

The movement of ground water in the aquifers is controlled by several factors: topography; the character and thickness of the saprolite; and the number, size, and pattern of fractures in crystalline rock that underlie the saprolite. The direction of ground-water movement is controlled mainly by topography. Movement generally is from hilltops and uplands to stream valleys. The water table generally conforms to topography, but has less relief. The water table generally is 30 to 100 feet below land surface on hilltops and hillsides, but is at or near land surface in stream valleys and draws.

The saprolite acts as a sponge absorbing water from rainfall and runoff, feeding it steadily below to fractures in the bedrock. The importance of the saprolite as a ground-water reservoir depends mostly on its thickness. Saprolite generally is thickest in draws, valleys, and flat uplands underlain by marble, schist, or gneiss; and it is generally thinnest on ridges and hilltops underlain by quartzite or granite (Scott and Lines, 1972). Under a given set of conditions, the depth of weathering increases with the solubility of rocks. The carbonate rocks of the Wacoochee belt generally have the thickest saprolite that overlie bedrock.

Fractures in rock generally decrease in size and in number with depth, and interconnecting fractures rarely occur at depths greater than 200 feet (Lines and Scott, 1972). The fractures in the bedrock of the aquifer may be joints, openings along planes of schistosity, or other openings such as fault planes or fault zones. The dip of the schistosity controls the direction of seepage and the degree and depth of weathering. Most fractures in the study area are steeply dipping to vertical and generally have definite alignments. The fractures in the bedrock, enlarged by weathering and solution, are probably the avenues along which the greatest amounts of ground water move in the aquifers.

Figure 3 shows schematically the general ground-water movement in the study area. Rain that seeps into the ground moves downward through the soil. After the soil moisture requirements have been met, the water moves downward to the water table and then laterally to discharge points or down gradient. If the water table is within the saprolite, water moves laterally along the top of bedrock until it intersects fractures and moves deeper or to discharge points. The path from recharge to discharge areas may be direct or circuitous, depending on the pattern of fractures or solution features.

Recharge to the aquifers may also occur from movement of surface water into the aquifers as a result of pumpage. Under natural conditions, ground water in an aquifer discharges to streams and lakes. Withdrawal of water from a well intercepts some of this ground-water discharge. If pumpage of aquifers that are hydraulically connected to streams or lakes reduces the head in the aquifer below the level of the water surface, induced recharge will occur. The amount of water that can be induced into the aquifer depends on the permeability of the streambed, the degree of hydraulic connection between river and aquifer, the transmissivity of the aquifer, and the hydraulic gradient created by the pumped well.

Natural Discharge and Ground-Water Withdrawals

Discharge from the aquifers occurs as seeps and springs at land surface that provide base flow to streams, and as withdrawals from wells. The small areal extent of aquifers and the limited depth of ground-water circulation result in relatively rapid movement of ground water from areas of recharge to areas of discharge.

Little ground water is used for public water supplies in Area 5. Many cities and towns in the area that formerly used ground water use surface-water sources because of the limited amount of ground water production from wells, and because of water-quality problems associated with ground water in the area.

Ground-water withdrawals in million gallons per day (Mgal/d) for public water systems in the study area in 1985 by county were: Chambers, 0.00; Clay, 0.00; Cleburne, 0.03; Coosa, 0.04; Lee, 0.55; Randolph, 0.25; and Tallapoosa, 0.01. Ground water is also used for domestic, stock, industrial, and irrigation purposes. The total amount of ground water used for public supply in the study area was 0.88 Mgal/d in 1985. The total withdrawals of ground water for all uses in the study area in 1985 were estimated to be about 8.6 Mgal/d (Baker and Mooty, 1987).

Effects of Withdrawals from the Aquifers

Large long-term withdrawals of water from the aquifers may result in the formation of depressions on the potentiometric surfaces of the aquifers. There are no known extensive depressions on the potentiometric surfaces of the aquifers in Area 5. Depressions on the water surfaces in aquifers caused by pumpage could induce recharge by vertical leakage from overlying saturated zones. Recharge could also be induced by pumpage in areas along major rivers where aquifers are hydraulically connected to streams.

SUSCEPTIBILITY OF THE AQUIFERS TO SURFACE CONTAMINATION

The potential for aquifer contamination exists in all of the aquifers in Area 5. Sources of contamination may be point sources, such as leaking waste ponds, or nonpoint sources, such as heavily treated agricultural areas. Areas that have potential for surface contamination are categorized by areas that are susceptible and highly susceptible (plate 1). Some general comments concerning the fate of any contaminants that enter the ground-water system can also be made.

The aquifers in the study area are recharged throughout their outcrop and any contaminants present in the recharge area of an aquifer may enter that aquifer (plate 1). Consequently, the aquifers are susceptible to contamination throughout their entire outcrop area. Susceptibility is least in areas where there are thick soils and saprolite, which serve as natural filters that prevent or retard the entrance of contaminants into the water-bearing rocks.

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ecology and environment, inc.

4319 COVINGTON HIGHWAY, DECATUR, GEORGIA 30035, TEL. 404-288-7711

International Specialists in the Environmental Sciences

MEMORANDUM

DATE:

January 25, 1982

TO:

Joel Veater, Project Officer Air & Hazardous Materials Division U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

cc:

Harold Taylor, Superfund Coordinator

Alabama Division of Solid and Hazardous Waste

FROM:

Jennifer Scott-Simpson, E&E

SUBJECT:

West Point Pepperell Site Inspections

REFERENCE: TDD # F4-8111-02

On December 16, 1981, a meeting was held in Lanett, AL between Harold Taylor, AL Division of Solid & Hazardous Waste, Joel Veater, EPA, Jennifer Scott-Simpson and Charles Lee, E&E, and representatives of West Point Pepperell (WPP). The participants from WPP were as follows: J. M. (Matt) Birdsong, Charlie Taylor, and Carl Summers. The purpose of this meeting was to conduct a preliminary inspection of the sites that WPP submitted to EPA under the requirements of CERCLA Section 103 (c). Two sites located in Lee County and seven sites located in Chambers County, Alabama were subject to this review. Mr. Birdsong and Mr. Taylor accompanied the investigators throughout all the site visits, and these two gentlemen were a primary source of information used for assessing the hazards associated with these sites.

The seven sites in Chambers County were found to be inactive landfills used primarily for disposal of domestic wastes collected from the communities surrounding the WPP mills. The reason for notifying EPA of these sites was that WPP felt there was a chance that more than 55 gallons of industrial waste (potential hazardous waste) might have accumulated in these landfills during their years of operation. All the landfills are now closed and surficially appear stable. Without further evidence of disposal of hazardous waste at any one of these seven landfills, it is recommended that no further action be taken on these sites. This recommendation is supported by observations of the investigators which noted stable and secure disposal of wastes.

One of the two sites in Lee County is also assessed as requiring no further action. This site is an inactive landfill used for domestic wastes, according to WPP representatives. The WPP Grifftex Chemical Plant is now located on top of the landfill and representatives stated that there have been no problems associated with the old landfill.

7/16

The other Lee County site, located off U.S. Highway 280 and named "Opelika Site #2", will require further investigation. The site is an inactive landfill (operated from 1900 to 1972) constructed on the side of a hill, reportedly used for disposal of domestic wastes. During the site visit, Harold Taylor, Joel Veater and the author observed numerous (100+) 55 gallon drums on the steep, northern embankment of the fill. The drums were rusting and appeared empty. The origin and former uses of the 55 gallon drums were not determined during the site visit. At the base of this hillside there is a stream that had no visible indication of contamination. No leachate streams were noted on the embankment. Vegetation downgradient from the fill did not appear to be stressed; instead, growth was abundant. Erosion on this side of the landfill was severe in several places, particularly on the northeastern corner of the fill. The top of the landfill was covered with kudzu so the adequacy of cover over this portion of fill could not be readily assessed. Inadvertent human exposure to this landfill is expected to be minimal because WPP has placed a gate across the entrance road. Also, there is a zone of forested land between the site and the nearest home which is over 0.25 mile from the landfill.

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To begin to fully characterize this site, it would be necessary to determine if the drums once contained a hazardous waste that is now migrating off the site. Soil around the aging drums and sediment in the adjacent stream, which receives some of the landfill's surface runoff, may be the primary indicators of long-term exposure to contaminants associated with the fill. The landfill has been closed for approximately nine years, so it is unlikely that contaminants would be seen in significant concentrations in an aqueous sample. The soil and sediment samples are more likely to provide some indication of contaminants, if any, that are leaving the site. The results of the sample analyses would direct the next steps of the investigation of Opelika Site #2. In any case, it is recommended that the landfill be properly closed and all wastes stabilized using the State's procedures dictated by either the solid waste or hazardous waste regulations.

SUMMARY

Nine sites in Chambers and Lanett Counties, Alabama were inspected for a preliminary hazard assessment. Eight of these sites were found to pose no immediate threat to human health or the environment. The remaining site, named Opelika Site #2, was assessed as requiring further investigation to determine if a hazard exists. This site, a small landfill, will need a proper closure and waste stabilization plan in accordance with State regulations. The decision to follow solid or hazardous waste regulations will have to be made after the type of waste in the fill is more clearly defined.

GEOLOGY

Alabama can be divided into three major physiographic provinces (Fig. 1), the Piedmont, Plateau, and Coastal Plain. Crystalline rocks of the Opelika Plateau Region of the Piedmont Province occur in Lee and Chambers Counties in a series of folded and faulted parallel belts that form the southwestern termination of the Appalachian Region (Fig. 2). These belts of deformed rocks are part of the continental basement, pre-Cambrian clastic sediments that have been altered by several stages of regional metamorphism to slate, phyllite, mica schist, mica and granite gneiss, quartzite, mylonite, and dolomite. These rocks are dense, compact, and massive, but they contain fractures and joints that can extend to a depth of 300 feet below the surface.

These basement rocks are generally concealed by a weathered thick mantle (greater than 100 feet thick in some locations) of saprolite and soil that makes geologic mapping difficult, although unweathered igneous and metamorphased rocks are exposed in some areas. Examination of covering material can be quite helpful for identification and classification the basement rocks. Soil surveys by the U.S. Department of Agriculture in cooperation with the State of Alabama have provided helpful data on soil types and associations, and soil data for specific sites is included in this report.

Generally, the water table is found in bedrock in the uplands, and in the soil or saprolite in the valleys. Water wells, whether dug or drilled, all have low yields (about 40 gpm average maximum). Water obtained from springs or wells in the Piedmont is relatively free of dissolved minerals.

TOPOGRAPHY

There are no outstanding topographic features in the study area. Elevations range from 500 to 800 feet above mean sea level with relief over the area a maximum of approximately 300 feet. Most of the land is nearly level to gently sloping, but some steep (approximately 25 percent) slopes exist.

General Geologic History

The oldest known rocks in this area belong to the basement complex of Archean (early Pre-Cambrian) age. According to Adams and others (1926) these Archean rocks had been peneplained before Cretaceous formations had been deposited over them. Subsequent erosion of the Cretaceous formations re-exposed the ancient surface and revived the process of erosion of the basement rocks. The Archean surface has since been eroded and incised by tributaries of the Chattahoochee River down to as much as 200 feet below the general surface.

Valley Site #1

Soils

Ba - Buncombe loamy sand. Parent material is alluvium from Piedmont granite and gneiss. This soil is found on nearly level (0-6 percent) flood plains along the Chattahoochee River. The soil is well drained and deep (up to 84 inches). Permeability is high, the moisture-holding capacity is quite low, and the internal drainage is rapid to very rapid, although surface runoff is slow. This soil contains very little organic material, and is not very fertile. Despite the low organic content, the soil is strongly scidic.

Ch - Congaree loam. Parent material for this loam is Alluvium from granite and gneiss of the Piedmont Plateau. The soil is found on hearly level (0-2 percent) flood plains along streams. The soil is deep (up to 60 inches), friable, and well drained. Permeability is high, moisture-holding capacity is moderate, and the internal drainage is medium to rapid, although surface runoff is slow. Fertility is moderate and the soil is highly productive. Although organic content is low, the soil is strongly acidic.

Valley Site #2

Soils

LkF - Louisa stormy sand losm, steep phase. Parent material for this soil is the mica and quartz-mica schist of the Piedmont. This soil is found on strongly sloping to steep (up to 25 percent slopes). It is well drained, and shallow to very shallow. Permeability is just moderate, moisture-holding capacity is low, and surface-runoff is moderately rapid. Erosion of areas with sparse plant cover is prevalent. This soil contains considerable amounts of rock fragments. The organic content is low because the prime growth is from pines. Fertility is low, and the soil is strongly acidic.

Valley #3,4, and 5

Soils

MbC3 - Madison gravelly clay losm, severely eroded sloping phase. Parent material for this soil is mica schist and quartz mica schist of the Piedmont. The soil is found on moderately steep slopes up to 10 percent. It is moderately deep (up to 4 feet) and well drained. Permeability and moisture-holding capacity are moderate, and surface runoff is more rapid on the steeper slopes. Surface soil is slightly sticky when wet. Erosion is moderate to severe. The organic content is low although the soil is moderately fertile and strongly acidic.

Valley #3, 4, and 5 lie within areas designated on the soils Map as Ga, gullied land. This land consists of slopes up to 25 percent in steep, rough areas. Before the profiles were destroyed, these areas consisted of Madison (MbC3) soil. The parent material was mica schist and quartz mica schist. the outstanding feature of these gullied areas is that internal drainage is usually good, but little water enters the soil, when it exists, because runoff is rapid to excessive.

Valley #6

Soils

Ce-Chewacla sandy loam. Parent material is sediment washed from the Piedmont crystalline rocks and deposited along streams. The soil is found on level to nearly level (0-2 percent) slopes on flood plains. It is deep and moderately well drained. The soil is moderately permeable and its moisture-holding capacity is adequate for commonly grown plants. Runoff is slow on the surface, and overflow occur frequently, somethimes accompanied by scouring. Organic matter is sparse although acid content is high and the soil is not very fertile. Cultivated crops are inhibited by the impaired drainage.

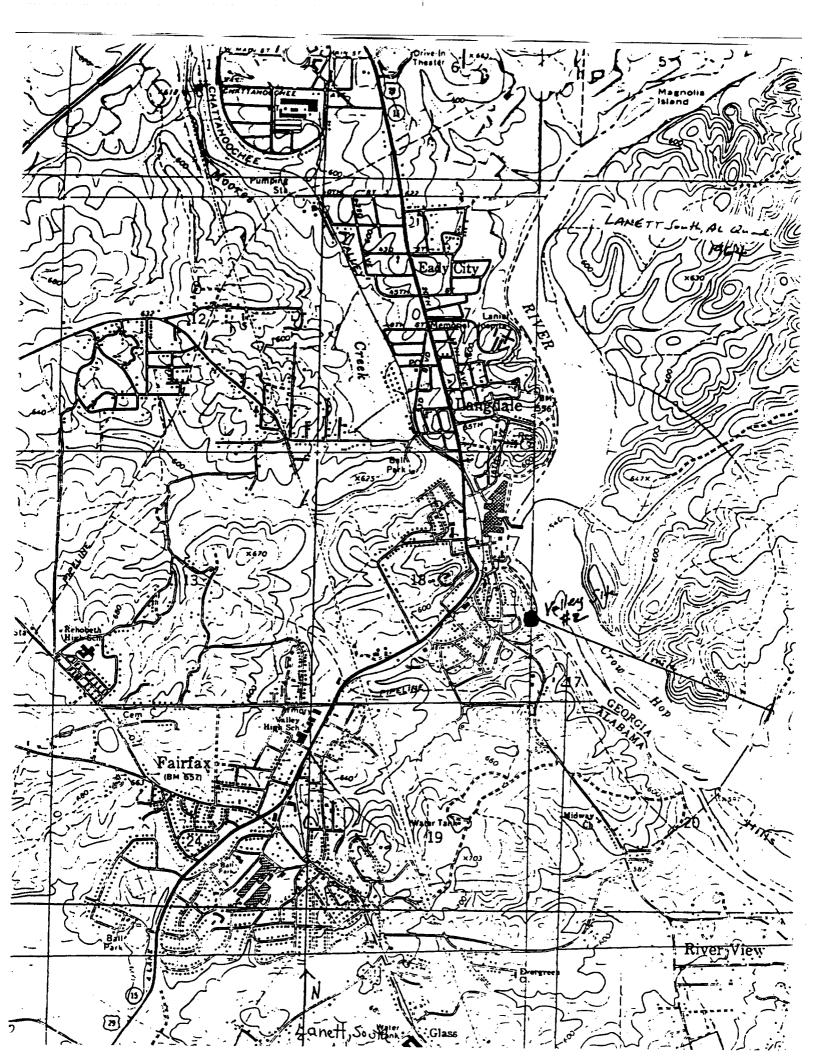
Valley #7

Soils

MbD3 - Madison gravelly clay loam, severely eroded strongly sloping phase.

Parent material is mica schist and quartz mica schist of the Piedmont. The soil is found on severely eroded slopes up to 15 percent. It is moderately deep (up to 40 inches) and well drained. Permeability and internal drainage is moderate. Surface runoff is rapid. Sheet and gully erosion are active and hard to control. Moisture relations are generally poor and the soil is not suitable for cultivation. Organic content is low and acidity is strong.

Ce-Chewacla sandy loam. Parent material is sediment washed from the Piedmont crystalline rocks. The soil is found on level to nearly level (0-2 percent) slopes on flood plains. It is deep and moderately well drained. The soil is moderately permeable and the moisture-holding capacity is adequate for common plants. Surface runoff is slow and overflow frequently occur, sometimes accompanied by scouring. Organic matter is sparse and the acidity strong. The soil is not very fertile and the crops are further inhibited by the impaired drainage.



SEPA Netification o Hazardous Waste Site

United States Environmental Protection Agency Washington DC 20460

This initial notification information is required by Section 103(c) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compen
Please type or print in ink. If you need additional space, use separate sheets of paper. Indicate the letter of the item sation, and Liability Act of 1980 and must which applies. be mailed by June 9, 1981.

Form Approved OMB No. 2000-0138 EPA Form 8900-1

				ALS 000001142			
Ā	Person Required to Notify:		Wost Point	Poppowell Tre			
	Enter the name and address of the or organization required to notify.		Name West Point Pepperell, Inc.				
	o. o. generalist required to them,		Street P. O. Box				
			City West Point	State GA Zip Code 31833			
B	Site Location:		77-11	01. 40			
	Enter the common name (if know	m) and	Name of Site Valley	Site #2			
	actual location of the site.		Street Lango	ale Cametary 120th Avy			
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\bar{c}	Person to Contact:						
	Enter the name, title (if applicable		Name (Last, First and Title)	Birdsong, J. M., Supervisor			
	business telephone number of the to contact regarding information	e person	Phone (205) 756-	7111 X-2570			
	submitted on this form.						
<u>D</u>	Dates of Waste Handling:	<u> </u>					
	Enter the years that you estimate waste		From (Year) 1900	7. 7			
	treatment, storage, or disposal be ended at the site.	egan and	From (Year) 1900	To (Year) 1940			
E	Waste Type: Choose the option	on you pr	efer to complete				
_	Option 1: Select general waste types and s		·	Option 2: This option is available to persons familiar with the			
	you do not know the general waste types of encouraged to describe the site in Item I—I		r sources, you are	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Section 300 regulations (40 CFR Part 261).			
	General Type of Waste: Place an X in the appropriate		of Waste: X in the appropriate	Specific Type of Waste: EPA has assigned a four-digit number to each hazardous wast			
	boxes. The categories listed	boxes.	•	listed in the regulations under Section 3001 of RCRA. Enter the appropriate four-digit number in the boxes provided. A copy of			
	overlap. Check each applicable category.			the list of hazardous wastes and codes can be obtained by			
				contacting the EPA Region serving the State in which the site located.			
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	Notification of Hazardous Waste Site	Side Two		
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G	Known, Suspected or Likely Releases			
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H	Sketch Map of Site Location: (Option	al)		
	Sketch a map showing streets, highways, routes or other prominent landmarks near			
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	publishing map showing the site location.			
<u></u>	Description of Site: (Optional)			
-	Describe the history and present			
	conditions of the site. Give directions to the site and describe any nearby wells.			
	springs, lakes, or housing. Include such	•		
	information as how waste was disposed and where the waste came from Provide			
	any other information or comments which may help describe the site conditions.			
	may note added to the directions.			
J	Signature and Title:			
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VI. INFORMATION AVAILABLE FROM

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OT TYPE OF ACTIVITY (Check o	no) ONSE [] B. PLANNED REMA -	OVAL C. IMMEDIATE RE	MOVAL	02 RESPONSE/REMOVAL ACTIV	πγ	
3 LEAD AGENCY		04 PARTICIPATING AGEN	CIES			
5 START DATE	06 EST. COMP. DATE	07 ACTUAL COMP. DATE	OS ESTIMA	TED COST	09 ACTUAL COST	
MONTH DAY YEAR 0 SOURCES OF FUNDING	MONTH DAY YEAR	MONTH DAY YEAR				
A. SOURCE	AMOUNT	· ı	3. SOURCE		AMOUNT	
1 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	,3011					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						

12 SOURCE OF INFORMATION EPA FORM 2070-14 (7-81) **\$EPA**

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT

LIDENTIFICATION

01 STATE 02 SITE NUMBER

AL D03276

VEFA	PART 1 - SIT	SITE INSPECT E LOCATION AND	 _		ATION AL	D03276763
H. SITE NAME AND LOCA						
O1 SITE NAME Rogal common, or de		-, -			ECIFIC LOCATION IDENTIFIER	4
Valley Sit #	<i>†</i> 2		La	ngdale Ce	netary \$ 20th	Averue
03 CITY			04 STATE	06 ZIP COOE	06 COUNTY	O7COUNTY O8 CONG CODE DIST
Langdale			AL	36864	Chambers	
09 COORDINATES LATITUDE 32 41 51.	LONGITUDE "	10 TYPE OF OWNERSH M.A. PRIVATE D.F. OTHER _	D B. FE	DERAL	C C. STATE D. COUNTY	
III. INSPECTION INFORMA						
01 DATE OF INSPECTION	02 SITE STATUS	03 YEARS OF OPERAT				
12, 10, 81	ACTIVE SEINACTIVE			194	UNKNOWN	
MONTH DAY YEAR 04 AGENCY PERFORMING INSPE		j jegi	NNING YE	AR ENDING YEAR		
MA EPA E B. EPA COI	NTRACTOR Endocu &	Environment	□ Ç. M	UNIÇIPAL 🗆 D. MI	UNICIPAL CONTRACTOR	
BE STATE OF STATE	ONTRACTOR		□ G. O	THER		(Name of Erm)
05 CHIEF INSPECTOR	7	Ton TITLE			(Specify) T 07 OFIGANIZATION	OB TELEPHONE NO.
	1.4		. 41	Scientist	ALDIV. SWYVC	1
Hand d Tay	<i>~</i>			<u> </u>	11 ORGANIZATION	12 TELEPHONE NO.
00 OTHER INSPECTORS		10 TITLE	nff.	ur for AL		1404 881-2234
Joel Vester		100, 44T	~~~		EPA	17-41381-2234
Jerifer Sc	off-Simpon	Biologia	+	•	EIE	. 1404 288 - 7711
Charles H.	Lu	Geologi	sf	-	EHE	(404 258 -7711
						()
				······································	·	()
13 SITE REPRESENTATIVES INTE	RVIEWED	14 TITLE	11	15ADDRESS	_1	16 TELEPHONE NO
J.M. Bils		Sepenism		Caret, AL		(205) 756-7111 x 257-
		10-7				
Charle Tay	for			Service Ce	-te-langual	4()
Carl from	urs .			Engran.	- g Dyst.	()
						()
						()
-						()
17 ACCESS GAINED BY	A TIME OF INSPECTION	18 WEATHER COND	TIONS			
PERMISSION WARRANT	10:30	CLRY		<u>an</u>		
IV. INFORMATION AVAILA	BLE FROM					
01 CONTACT		02 OF (Agency/Organic	ation)			03 TELEPHONE NO.
J.M. Birdson	~ <i>⊱</i>	West For	int i	Papperell		1205) 760-7111
04 PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR S		05 AGENCY		ANIZATION	OT TELEPHONE NO.	OB DATE
Jenn. for Seat.	· · · · · ·	EFE			(404)288-7711	12,22,81

0 = 0.0	POTEN	TIAL HAZAI	RDOUS	WASTE SITE		I. IDENTIF		
PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT PART 1 - SITE INFORMATION AND ASSESSMENT								
IL SITE NAME AND LOCATION								
01 SITE NAME (Legal, common, or describely name of site	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				PECIFIC LOCATION II		. 4	
Valley Site # 2			La	ngolo.le Ce	metary		<i></i>	
Longdale			AL	36864	Chamber	s	07 COUNTY CODE	08 CONG DIST
09 COORDINATES LATITUDE	LONGITU							
32° 48' 31."	82,10.	_00:	<u> </u>					
the site in the Chatter of Chatter or cher River	the road	that ein	e/n	the cerus	tony and	went.	of the	
III. RESPONSIBLE PARTIES								
01 OWNER (# known)			02 STREE	T (Buthest, making, res	dentiels			
03 CITY			04 STATE	05 ZIP CODE	06 TELEPHONE N	UMBER		
07 OPERATOR (# known and different from owner)			08 STREE	T (Business, mailing, real	dential)			
West Point Pepperell	e, Inc.			D. BAK 71				
09 CITY		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		11 ZIP CODE	12 TELEPHONE N	JMBER		·
West Point			CA	31833	()	}		
13 TYPE OF OWNERSHIP (Check one)				*				
A. PRIVATE D B. FEDERAL	L:	(Agency name)			□D.COUNTY	E. MUN	CIPAL	
□ F. OTHER:	(Specify)			_ XG. UNKNO	WN			
14 OWNER/OPERATOR NOTIFICATION ON FILE (CM							01 _	
A. RCRA 3001 DATE RECEIVED: MONTH		. UNCONTROLL	ED WAST	E SITE ICERCLA 103 C	DATE RECEIVED	MONTH DAY	YEAR C.	NONE
IV. CHARACTERIZATION OF POTENTIA								
OF ON SITE INSPECTION STEINSPECTION DATE MONTH DAY YEAR MONTH DAY YEAR	BY (Check at th A. EPA E. LOCA	ME ADDINI B. EPA IL HEALTH OFFK					ONTRACTOR	
-	CONTRACT	OR NAME(S):			for			
02 SITE STATUS (Check one) (C) A. ACTIVE M. B. INACTIVE (C) C. L	1	YEARS OF OPERA		194	2	UNKNOWN		
04 DESCRIPTION OF SUBSTANCES POSSIBLY PRE	SENT, KNOWN, OF A							
The warks on this	sik and A	known L	· ~:	ginet to	rom the 7	rext la	indu	٠ لام
The composition of t								
05 DESCRIPTION OF POTENTIAL HAZARD TO ENVI	RONMENT AND/OR PO	OPULATION	4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-1/ -/ /-	- 1 (
The site in within 1,000	fut of a	reside.	Kal	aua sou	The of Lar	gotale	and m	nay
pose a threat to there , & ground with may be of	lepted by	a Chattah antamin	ants:	that potent	Cally one ?	migrak	ng from 1	the si
V. PRIORITY ASSESSMENT		·						
1 PRIORITY FOR INSPECTION (Check one. If high or me	odum is checked, complete	e Part 2 - Waste Inform	eton and Par	t 3 - Description of Hezero	ous Conditions and Incide	nta)		·
DOA. HIGH B. ME (Inspection required promptly)		C. LOW (Inspect on sine a		D. NONE	action needed, complete (n form)	
VL INFORMATION AVAILABLE FROM								
J.M. Birding, Supe		OF Whency Porgenized	تر کر	Pepperall,	Ina.		3 TELEPHONE N 2057 756	7111
D4 PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR ASSESSMENT	05	AGENCY	OS ORGA	NIZATION	07 TELEPHONE N			2670
Jenifer Scott- Simpson		pp mtrut	End.	in the In	14041 288-	ווכני	12 , 14	
PA FORM 2070-12 (7-81)								

9	EF	A
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POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE

I. IDENTIFICATION

SEPA	1	PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT PART 2 - WASTE INFORMATION			DI STATE DE SITE A	UMBER	
II WASTE STATE	S. QUANTITIES, AN	D CHARACTER					
DI PHYSICAL STATES		02 WASTE QUANTI		03 WASTE CHARACT	ERISTICS (Check all that apply		
E A. SOLID C B. POWDER, FINE EPC. SLUDGE	□ E. SLURRY ES ☑ F. LIQUID □ G. GAS	(Measure of must be in TONS CUBIC YARDS	f waste quantities independent)	E A. TOXIC EB. CORRO	DE SOLUBLE DE SIVE EN FECTION NOTIVE DE G. FLAMMA	E [] I. HIGHLY \ DUS [] J. EXPLOS BLE [] K. REACTH	IVE VE PATIBLE
<u></u>	(Specify)	NO. OF DRUMS _		<u> </u>			
III. WASTE TYPE			~		,		
CATEGORY	SUBSTANCE N	AME	01 GROSS AMOUNT	02 UNIT OF MEASURE	03 COMMENTS		
SLU	SLUDGE		 		 		
OLW COL	OILY WASTE		 		 		
PSD	SOLVENTS PESTICIDES		 		 		
OCC	OTHER ORGANIC CH	JEMON S	<u> </u>	 			
ЮС	INORGANIC CHEMIC			 	 		<u> </u>
ACD	ACIDS			 	 		
BAS	BASES		<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
MES	HEAVY METALS			 			
IV. HAZARDOUS	SUBSTANCES (San A)	ppendix for most frequent	ly cited CAS Numbers)				
01 CATEGORY	02 SUBSTANCE N	AME	03 CAS NUMBER	04 STORAGE/DISE	POSAL METHOD	05 CONCENTRATION	08 MEASURE OF CONCENTRATION
							<u> </u>
							
			<u> </u>				
							<u> </u>
				 			
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<u> </u>				 		<u></u>	
			 				
<u> </u>			<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>
	(See Appendix for CAS Number	brs)	,				
CATEGORY	01 FEEDSTOC	KNAME	02 CAS NUMBER	CATEGORY	01 FEEDSTOC	< NAME	OZ CAS NUMBER
FDS	ļ 			FDS			
FDS	<u></u>		ļ	FDS			
FDS				FOS			
FDS			L	FDS			
VI. SOURCES OF	INFORMATION (Cana	apocific references, e.g.,	atate flies, sample analysis.	reports)			
Assumption	Auantity	of was	ter typica	ely general above in	orly an one acre lan	textile for estimate.	band on

	POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE	I. IDENTIF	
SEPA PART 3 - DESI	{	SITE NUMBER	
	CRIPTION OF HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDI	BIT 1 U	
H. HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDE			
01 🔏 A. GROUNDWATER CONTAMINATION 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	O2 OBSERVED (DATE:) O4 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	POTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED
Gebyy of the area	allows for the possibility of both into the groundwater. Drinking. Dinking the population con 3 02 00 OBSERVED (DATE:) O4 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	h leteral and water in as	d vertical gen.red
- the Chatabasta	Diver therefore the remelation com	Id not be de	with affected
OI TO SUBSECT WATER CONTAMINATION	02 ORSERVED (DATE:	SZ POTENTIAL	D ALLEGED
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	? 02 □ OBSERVED (DATE:) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	grotellist.	4 25 · ·
The site is mapped by	West want Pepperall as being on	the Charmo	
bank, therefore contani	nation of surface water in possis	ble. The Kr	- in week
on a sommer of drinking	West wint Pepperall an being en when ef surface water in possion water in possion water intake pair	nts one not kn	on of this to
01 C. CONTAMINATION OF AIR			
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 🗆 OBSERVED (DATE:) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	C POTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED
01 D. FIRE/EXPLOSIVE CONDITIONS	02 C OBSERVED (DATE:)	□ POTENTIAL	() ALLEGED
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION		
01 DE. DIRECT CONTACT	02 D OBSERVED (DATE:)	☐ POTENTIAL	FLAUSCED
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	LI POTENTIAL	ALLEGED
01 D F. CONTAMINATION OF SOIL	02 🗆 OBSERVED (DATE:)	D POTENTIAL	☐ ALLEGED
03 AREA POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION		
·	-		
	•		
24 25 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2			
01 PLG. DRINKING WATER CONTAMINATION 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	O2 OBSERVED (DATE:) O4 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	POTENTIAL	☐ ALLEGED
Su surface water exp			
Ju surper usi-			
01 - H. WORKER EXPOSURE/INJURY	02 🗆 OBSERVED (DATE:)	☐ POTENTIAL	☐ ALLEGED
03 WORKERS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION		
04 (7) (200)			
01 ☐ I. POPULATION EXPOSURE/INJURY 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 [] OBSERVED (DATE:) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	D POTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED

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POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

l.	IDENT	rification_	
01	STATE	02 SITE NUMBER	•

OBSERVED (DATE:) OBSERVED (DATE:) OBSERVED (DATE:)	□ POTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED
OBSERVED (DATE:)	□ POTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED
OBSERVED (DATE:	POTENTIAL.	□ ALLEGED
OBSERVED (DATE:)	☐ POTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED
AFRATIVE DESCRIPTION		
OBSERVED (DATE:)	□ POTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED
OBSERVED (DATE:	POTENTIAL.	□ ALLEGED
OBSERVED (DATE:)	D POTENTIAL	C) ALLEGED
ZARDS		
	<u> </u>	
	OBSERVED (DATE:	OBSERVED (DATE:) POTENTIAL OBSERVED (DATE:) POTENTIAL OBSERVED (DATE:) POTENTIAL

≎EPA	POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WA PRELIMINARY ASSESSM PART 1 - SITE INFORMATION AND A				SSMENT		I. IDENTIFICATION 01 STATE 02 SITÉ NUMBER	
II. SITE NAME AND LOCATION								
D1 SITE NAME (Legal, common, or descriptive name	o of site)		02 STRE	T, ROUTE NO., O	R SPECIFIC LOCATION	IDENTIFIER		
Valley Site # 3			2:	ver Zoa	L			
03 CITY				05 ZIP CODE			07COUNT 08 CON	
Fairfax			AL	36854	Chambe	S	CODE DIST	
09 COORDINATES LATITUDE 32 46 48"	LONG	BITUDE		<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
		03"	1					
10 DIRECTIONS TO SITE (Starting from nearest put	the road)	<i>'</i> 2:	~	1	£ +4. 1	2004 4	Pair to Program	
Travel from Fairford Lantuck Division (in	the frutheast	of 2:ver 2	road al) th	, steross	Constal no	an th	power the	
Zight of Way about to	roff off W	u soad.			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
III. RESPONSIBLE PARTIES	····		1000					
OT OWNER (# Mount)			02 STREE	T (Business, mailing,	residential)			
03 CITY			04 STATE	05 ZIP CODE	OS TELEPHONE	MIMBER	1	
[002-0002	()	NOMBEN		
07 OPERATOR (If brown and different from owner)			OR STREE	T (Business, making,	l' '		<u> </u>	
West Point Pepperell	c, Inc.			D. Box 7				
09 CITY			10 STATE	11 ZIP CODE	12 TELEPHONE	NUMBER	T	
West Point			GA	31833	()			
13 TYPE OF OWNERSHIP (Check one)				L				
A. PRIVATE D B. FED	DERAL:	(Agency name)	 	_ C. STAT	TE D.COUNTY	□ E. MI	UNICIPAL	
☐ F. OTHER:	(Specify)			_ 🂢 G. UNK	NOWN			
14 OWNER/OPERATOR NOTIFICATION ON FU	LE (Check of that apply)			F SITE		- 6	5,81 50,000	
A. RCRA 3001 DATE RECEIVED:		X B. ONCONTROL	LED WAST	E SHI ERCENCLA 70	JA DATE RECEIVE	MONTH C	S 8 DC. NONE	
IV. CHARACTERIZATION OF POTEI		k all that apply)						
YES DATE			A CONTRA	CTOR	C. STATE	D. OTHER	CONTRACTOR	
NO MONTH DAY YE	Ø □ E. L	OCAL HEALTH OFF	ICIAL E	F. OTHER: _		Specify)		
	CONTR	ACTOR NAME(S):			·			
02 SITE STATUS (Check one)		03 YEARS OF OPER	IATION	1				
A. ACTIVE & B. INACTIVE C			BEGINNING YE	AR ENDING	3 YEAR) UNKNOW	N	
04 DESCRIPTION OF SUBSTANCES POSSIBL	Y PRESENT, KNOWN,	OR ALLEGED		4 -6.	16. 4.17		1.	
The works on this	sk au K	now to w	-, 5	~ /····	THE THERE	c cross	mry.	
The composition of	the waste	. in unk	· ~~ .					
05 DESCRIPTION OF POTENTIAL HAZARD TO	ENVIRONMENT AND/O	OR POPULATION						
This wast dispose	ol ava, a	reed for d	bout	50 year	n, may	pose	a haterd	
to ground when and	for surface	watergu	Lity.	·	·			
V. PRIORITY ASSESSMENT								
01 PRIORITY FOR INSPECTION (Check one. If hig	ph or medium is checked, co	mplete Part 2 - Waste Info	mellon and Par	t 3 - Description of Ha	tardous Conditions and Incid	lonis)		
	B. MEDIUM (Inapection required)	C. LOW		D. NON			ation form)	
VI. INFORMATION AVAILABLE FRO	M	 					_	
01 CONTACT		02 OF (Agency/Organic		`			03 TELEPHONE NUMBER	
J.M. Birdsmg, Juy		West Po	nint f	ep, sere U	t, une.		(205) 756-7111 x-2570	
04 PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR ASSESSMEN	47	05 AGENCY	06 ORGA	NIZATION	07 TELEPHONE	NUMBER	08 DATE	

OF ORGANIZATION

En logy t

Environment, In

1404 288-7711

OS AGENCY EPA Contractor

			CHTIAL MATE	DOUG WASTS	CITE	1. 10	ENTIFICATI	ON
\$EPA		POI	ENTIAL HAZAF PRELIMINARY PART 2 - WASTI		01 S	TATE 02 SITE N	IUMBER	
II. WASTE ST	TATES, QUANTITIES, AN	D CHARACTER	STICS					
	TATES (Chock of that abply) □ E. SLURRY R, FINES □ F. LIQUID □ G. GAS	02 WASTE QUANTI		1275. TOXIC 1276. CORRO 13 C. RADIOA	CTIVE G. FLAMM	ILE NOUS MABLE	☐ 1. HIGHLY' ☐ J. EXPLOS ☐ K. REACTI ☐ L. INCOMF	RIVE VE PATIBLE
III. WASTE T	YPE				····	· · · · ·		
CATEGORY	SUBSTANCE N	AME	01 GROSS AMOUNT	02 UNIT OF MEASURE	03 COMMENTS			
SLU	SLUDGE		<u> </u>					
OLW	OILY WASTE				<u> </u>			
SOL	SOLVENTS							
PSD	PESTICIDES							
OCC	OTHER ORGANIC CI	HEMICALS						
IOC	INORGANIC CHEMIC	ALS						
ACD	ACIOS							
BAS	BASES							
MES	HEAVY METALS							
IV. HAZARD	OUS SUBSTANCES (See A	ppendix for most frequen	ely sited CAS Numbers)					
01 CATEGORY	02 SUBSTANCE	IAME	03 CAS NUMBER	04 STORAGE/DIS	POSAL METHOD	05 CO	CENTRATION	D6 ME
		•						<u> </u>
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 			 	 		1		
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V. FEEDSTOCKS (See Appendix for CAS Numbers) 02 CAS NUMBER CATEGORY 01 FEEDSTOCK NAME 02 CAS NUMBER CATEGORY 01 FEEDSTOCK NAME FDS FDS FDS FDS FDS FDS

All waste information given above in assumed or estimated - based on wante types type cally growth from a textile finishing plant. The waste greatly jiven is derived from the assumption that a landfill und for 50 years would over in derived from the assumption that a landfill und for 50 years would over at last lacre and be of hast I yel deep.

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE				I. IDENTIFICATION			
PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT					2 SITE NUMBER		
4× 10-1 / 1	PART 3 - DESCRIPTION OF	FHAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDE	NTS	<u></u>			
II. HAZARDOUS CONDITIO							
01 A. GROUNDWATER (03 POPULATION POTENTIA	CONTAMINATION ALLY AFFECTED: 0	02 OBSERVED (DATE:) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION 6-the possibility of lakel	X F	OTENTIAL	D ALLEGED		
The geology of	the are allows of	with possibility of lateral	and	verd'e	el contemina		
01 XB. SURFACE WATER 03 POPULATION POTENTIA	CONTAMINATION ALLY AFFECTED:	02 OBSERVED (DATE:) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	,-		□ ALLEGED		
A small stream be affected by	n drangradient, conteminant 24	and north of the site (ignotion if this situat	isom a	n soo, uicts	4) may		
01 (I) C. CONTAMINATION 03 POPULATION POTENTIA	OF AIR NLLY AFFECTED:	02 OBSERVED (DATE:) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	□ P	OTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED		
01 D. FIRE/EXPLOSIVE C 03 POPULATION POTENTIA	CONDITIONS LLY AFFECTED:	02 OBSERVED (DATE:) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION .	□ P	DTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED		
01 DE. DIRECT CONTACT 03 POPULATION POTENTIA		02 OBSERVED (DATE:) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	□ PC	OTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED		
01 F. CONTAMINATION (03 AREA POTENTIALLY AFF		02 □ OBSERVED (DATE:) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	□ PC	OTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED		
01 G. DRINKING WATER C 03 POPULATION POTENTIAL		02 OBSERVED (DATE:) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	D PC	TENTIAL	□ ALLEGED		
01 H. WORKER EXPOSU 03 WORKERS POTENTIALL		02 D OBSERVED (DATE:) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	□ PC	TENTIAL	□ ALLEGED		
01 I. POPULATION EXPOS 03 POPULATION POTENTIAL		02 D OBSERVED (DATE:) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	□ PO	TENTIAL	☐ ALLEGED		

SEPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

	DENT			
01	STATE	02	SITE	NUMBER

PART 3 - DESCRIPTION OF HA	ZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENT	\$ <u> </u>	
II. HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS (Continued)			
01 D J. DAMAGE TO FLORA 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 (] OBSERVED (DATE:)	[] POTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED
01 K. DAMAGE TO FAUNA 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION (Include name(s) of species)	02 OBSERVED (DATE:)	□ POTENTIAL	[] ALLEGED
01 D L. CONTAMINATION OF FOOD CHAIN 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 OBSERVED (DATE:)	☐ POTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED
01 DM. UNSTABLE CONTAINMENT OF WASTES (Spille/runof/standung Equilibriling drume) 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 OBSERVED (DATE:) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	☐ POTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED
01 N. DAMAGE TO OFFSITE PROPERTY 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 🗆 OBSERVEĎ (DATE:)	D POTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED
01 🗆 O. CONTAMINATION OF SEWERS, STORM DRAINS, WWTF 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	% 02 🗆 OBSERVED (DATE:)	D POTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED
01 [] P. ILLEGAL/UNAUTHORIZED DUMPING 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 🗆 OBSERVED (DATE:)	D POTENTIAL	CERRELIA D
05 DESCRIPTION OF ANY OTHER KNOWN, POTENTIAL, OR ALL	EGED HAZARDS		
III. TOTAL POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: IV. COMMENTS			
V. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e. g., assee the	is, semple analysis, reports)	1 4-0 6	Charle
Hat fication of Hazardour Wash & Point Papperell, Inc. Site Notification	ites, EPA Form 8900.1. Su an Humber ALS 000001179		—



ecology and environment, inc.

4319 COVINGTON HIGHWAY, DECATUR, GEORGIA 30035

International Specialists in the Environmental Sciences

December 14, 1981

Mr. Joel Vester, Project Officer Environmental Protection Agency 345 Courtland Street, N.E. Atlanta, GA 30365

Subject: TDD # F4-8111-02 Interim Deliverable

Dear Mr. Veater:

Ecology & Environment, Inc. (E&E) has been tasked through TDD # F4-8111-02 to conduct an investigation of nine landfill sites in Alabama that were submitted to EPA by West Point Pepperell, Inc. under CERCLA 103c regulations. F&E has performed a preliminary assessment of these sites and as an interim deliverable you will find an EPA Form 2070-12 for each of the sites attached. The preliminary assessment phase of an investigation is a continuing process of information gathering and E&E will maintain an effort to collect more data for each of these sites.

At this time, E&E's work on this project is contingent upon the State of Alabama scheduling a meeting with West Point Pepperell, Inc. Harold Taylor, the Alabama Superfund Sites Coordinator, is expected to contact me this week regarding the joint meeting and I will inform you of the plans as soon as possible. We have discussed the advantages of having you attend the meeting between the State, West Point Pepperell, and E&E. Currently, I plan to have you join us on this one day trip. If you have any comments or questions about the progress of this project please feel free to give me a call.

Sincerely.

Jennifer Scott-Simpson

if Soft Singer

JSS/1sr

Attachments



June 16, 1981

Ms. Jill Stanislawsky
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Region IV
Sites Notification
Atlanta, GA 30365

Dear Ms. Stanislawsky:

As you requested, we have enclosed a map showing the locations of waste dumps named Valley Sites 1 through 7.

Also as you requested, the location of the Opelika City Landfill is on Lee County highway 63, 2 miles south of the intersection of County highway 63 and County highway 12.

If further information is needed, please contact me.

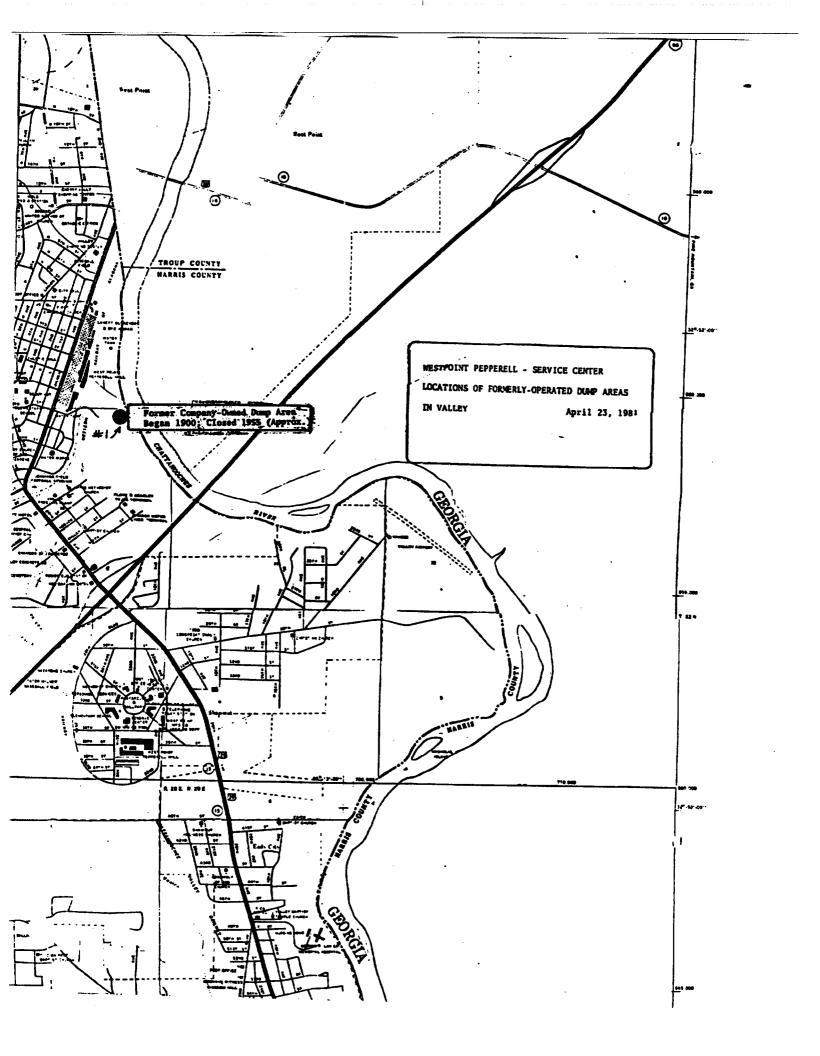
Yours very truly,

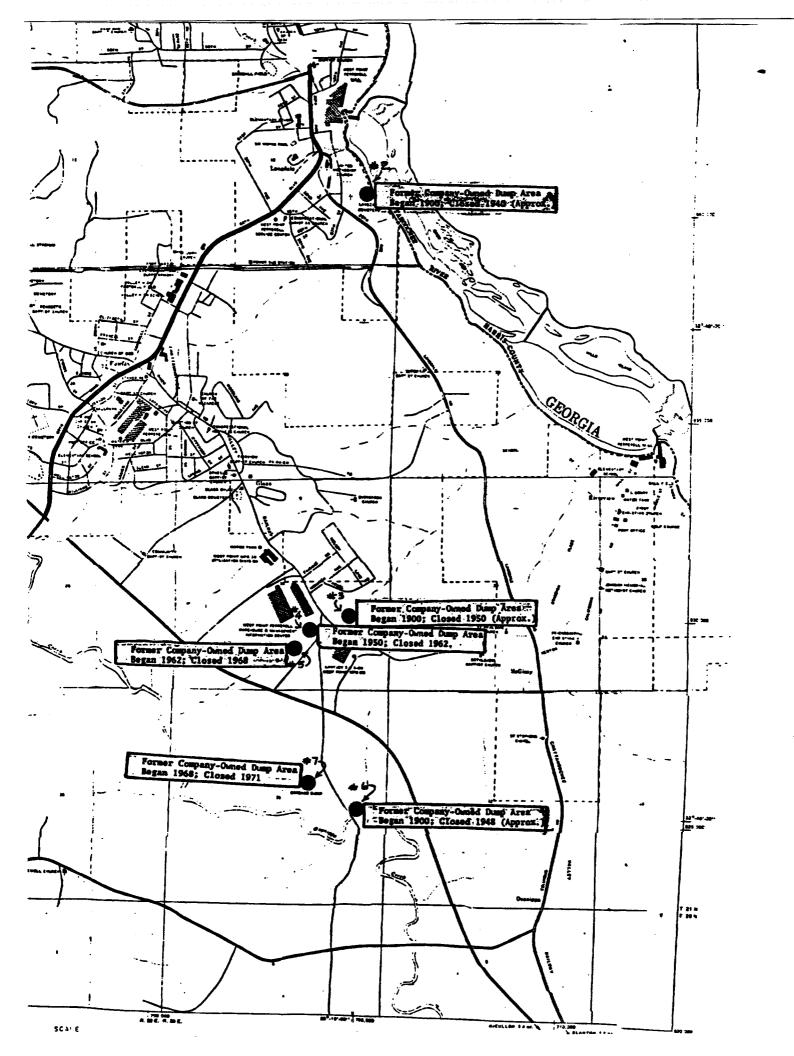
J. M. Birdsong

Engineering Department

JMB/mah

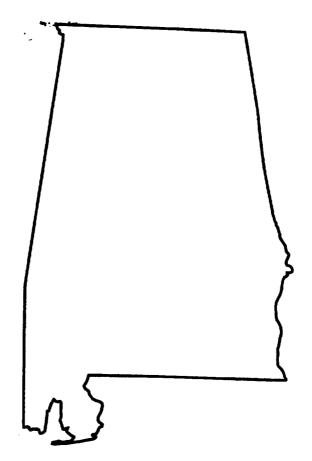
Enclosures







Water Resources Data Alabama Water Year 1992



U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY WATER-DATA REPORT AL-92-1 Prepared in cooperation with the Alabama Department of Environmental Management, the Alabama Highway Department, and with other State, municipal, and Federal agencies

APALACHICOLA RIVER BASIN

02339500 CHATTAHOOCHEE RIVER AT WEST POINT, GA

LOCATION.--Lat 32°53'10", long 85°10'56", Troup County, Hydrologic Unit 03130002, on right bank Just downstream from Oseligee Creek at West Point, 1 ml upstream from bridge on U.S. Highway 29, 2.5 ml downstream from West Point Dam, and at mile 198.9.

DRAINAGE AREA. -- 3,550 mi2, approximately.

WATER-DISCHARGE RECORDS

PERIOD OF RECORD.--August 1896 to current year. Gage-height records collected at site 0.8 mi downstream since 1899 are contained in reports of National Weather Service.

REVISED RECORDS.--WSP 682: 1920, drainage area. WSP 972: 1931-32. WSP 1504: 1912, 1916-17.

GAGE.--Water-stage recorder. Datum of gage is 551.67 ft above National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929. Prior to Oct. 20, 1912, nonrecording gage at site 0.8 mi downstream at datum 2.83 ft lower. Oct. 20, 1912, to Jan. 25, 1925, nonrecording gage at site 500 ft upstream at present datum.

REMARKS.--No estimated daily discharges. Water-discharge records good. Flow regulated by Lake Sidney Lanier since January 1956 and by West Point Lake since October 1974.

AVERAGE DISCHARGE.--96 years, 5,565 ft3/s, 21.30 in/yr, unadjusted.

EXTREMES OUTSIDE PERIOD OF RECORD.--Maximum stage known since at least 1827, that of Dec. 10, 1919. Flood in 1886 reached a stage of 25.6 ft at former site and datum, from floodmark, by National Weather Service, discharge, 92,800 ft²/s.

DISCHARGE, CUBIC FEET PER SECOND, MATER YEAR OCTOBER 1991 TO SEPTEMBER 1992 DAILY MEAN VALUES APR MAY AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC JAN MUL DAY 9270 9380 9550 5290 5300 5400 10600 10600 671 4720 5030 5080° 2630 3460 8100 8150 3820 813 6390 6440 9080 852 7530 724 4670 7560 10200 6050 7960 7780 3600 3520 739 713 9360 5820 8710 9050 6530 762 735 1700 839 5140 9290 9770 9380 10300 687 3660 754 6770 6920 6820 11400 3520 11600 1Ô 9980 10100 843 5070 5050 776 2030 2020 2030 2030 1360 703 723 676 649 5140 3520 3560 3600 720 7680 5670 5700 5740 5830 595 11600 5990 5980 2160 6340 13 14 15 6190 6240 6280 5710 5750 5770 695 3980 3990 4520 4550 4660 5110 12500 708 3560 7780 19 20 3190 2260 3820 11600 6510 849 10400 761 7670 7760 3960 682 670 4010 4120 4040 6760 6800 6800 5520 5150 5110 22 23 24 1150 776 5200 5310 4890 5250 605 5000 5060 5610 5620 5450 6870 711 3320 15000 17700 7700 855 760 8950 700 699 7410 6070 3420 6090 6120 587 6360 6400 27 28 29 30 8490 8540 5370 771 757 3800 4820 6150 6230 4781 9240 5205 10100 5016 11600 4914 9770 5081 7580 TOTAL 17700 9950 7500 9890

APALACHICOLA RIVER BASIN

02339500 CHATTAHOOCHEE RIVER AT WEST POINT, GA--Continued

STATISTICS OF MONTHET MEN	N DATA FOR WATER	YEARS 1956 - 1	992, BY WATER	YEAR (WY)		(SINCE R	EGULATION
MEAN 3699 4160 MAX 8536 8875 (WY) 1990 1978 MIN 948 1601 (WY) 1956 1956	5140 6402 13340 14930 1962 1972 1592 1574 1956 1956	7643 82 18980 195 1990 19 2766 19 1989 19	7988 40 19940 90 1964 21 1961 88 1988	5646 13000 1964 1647 1985	4568 10250 1973 1807 1978	4204 6695 1963 1672 1988	4314 8890 1984 1068 1956
SUMMARY STATISTICS	FOR 1991 CAL	ENDAR YEAR	FOR 1992 W	ATER YEAR		WATER YEA	RS 1956 -
ANNUAL TOTAL ANNUAL MEAN HIGHEST ANNUAL MEAN	20 79 057 5696	*5900	1828835 4997	*5039		5469 8501 2644	*5558
LOWEST ANNUAL MEAN HIGHEST DAILY MEAN LOWEST DAILY MEAN ANNUAL SEVEN-DAY MINIMUM INSTANTANEOUS PEAK FLOW	19400 594 2010	May 12 Oct 6 Mar 28	17700 586 1320 20100	Feb 28 Sep 26 Jun 9 Nov 21		80000 517 659 94400	Feb 26 Jul 13 Sep 2 Feb 26 Feb 26 *1.57 *21.26
INSTANTAMEOUS PEAK FLOW INSTANTAMEOUS PEAK STAGE ANNUAL RUNOFF (CFSM) ANNUAL RUNOFF (INCHES) 10 PERCENT EXCEEDS		60 *1.66 79 *22.57	10.0 1.4 19.1 9370	2 Nov 21 1 *1.42		24.90 1.54 20.93 10000	Feb 26 +1.57 +21.26
50 PERCENT EXCEEDS 90 PERCENT EXCEEDS	5480 764		5100 712			4310 1050	
						_	
STATISTICS OF MONTHLY MEA	N DATA FOR WATER	YEARS 1896 - 1	955, BY WATER	YEAR (WY)		(PRIOR T	O REGULAT
STATISTICS OF NONTHLY MEAN 2851 3348 MAX 9510 15260 (WY) 1899 1949 MIN 488 1134 (WY) 1932 1932	N DATA FOR WATER 5834 7504 18590 23150 1933 1925 1964 2995 1940 1934	8716 99 21600 327 1903 19 2304 27		5453 12620 1920	4409 13980 1900 1491 1898	4614	4072 12980 1901 578 1925
MEAN 2851 3348 MAX 9510 15260 CUY) 1899 1949	5834 7504 18590 23150 1933 1925 1964 2995 1940 1934	8716 99 21600 327 1903 19 2304 27 1898 18	739 7878 730 21840 729 1936 785 2930	5453 12620 1920 1917	4409 13980 1900 1491	4614 19300 1916 1697	4072 12980 1901 578

- a At site then in use; 29.25 ft at present site, from floodmarks, from rating curve extended above 80,000 on basis of computation of peak flow over Langdale Dam.
- b Corresponding gage height, 1.64 ft.
- * Adjusted for change in contents in Lake Sidney Lanier and West Point Lake.

APALACHICOLA RIVER BASIN

02339500 CHATTAHOOCHEE RIVER AT WEST POINT, GA--Continued
GAGE HEIGHT, FEET, WATER YEAR OCTOBER 1991 TO SEPTEMBER 1992

•					DATL	Y MEAN VA	LUES					
DAY	OCT	NOV	DEC	MAL	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	MUL	JUL	AUG	SEP
1	6.40	3.86	1.99	3.34	4.02	5.78	5.76	5.14	4.32	5.00	1.96	3.75
2	6.43	2.42	5.22	3.37	2.05	5.82	5.74	2.06	4.30	5.04	1.94	3.90
3	6.43	2.79	5.31	3.49	4.59	5.86	5.75	2.03	4.30	5.00	3.77	3.74
4	6.45	3.27	5.36	2.14	4.62	5.92	2.13	5.01	4.35	2.01	3.87	3.75
5	1.87	3.26	5.30	2.06	4.67	5.95	2.06	6.14	4.09	1.99	3.77	1.92
6	1.83	3.29	5.29	4.30	4.76	6.10	5.69	6.16	1.98	4.64	3.75	5.69
7	4.86	3.35	2.03	4.36	4.67	2.69	5.83	6.17	1.96	4.67	3.75	4.36
8	6.72	3.32	2.00	5.55	2.07	2.17	6.07	6.18	3.47	4.74	3.24	5.17
9	6.77	1.93	5.80	5.71	2.03	4.09	5.90	2.05	2.06	4.69	3.45	5.07
10	6.81	1.91	5.96	5.70	4.29	4.12	5.77	2.02	2.56	4.29	4.03	4.37
11	6.77	3.32	6.03	2.89	4.30	4.20	2.14	2.69	2.36	2.12	4.33	4.32
12	1.85	3.33	6.07	2.01	4.30	4.08	2.12	2.67	2.35	1.95	4.35	1.94
13	1.82	3.35	6.12	5.13	4.32	4.05	3.40	2.67	1.99	4.33	2.67	1.90
14	6.72	3.37	2.10	4.37	4.35	2.09	3.41	2.68	2.01	4.31	4.53	4.21
15	6.86	3.34	2.05	2.90	2.19	2.08	3.38	2.67	2.99	4.30	2.01	4.19
16	6.93	1.94	4.45	2.80	2.43	4.30	3.39	1.97	3.94	4.34	1.94	4.18
17	7.00	1.94	4.48	2.83	3.33	4.33	3.39	1.97	3.92	4.37	3.78	4.19
18	7.07	5.07	4.50	2.18	3.52	4.34	2.09	3.64	3.93	1.96	3.82	4.22
19	1.90	5.22	4.51	2.24	5.24	4.36	2.08	3.65	3.99	2.99	3.79	3.39
20	1.81	5.27	4.48	4.80	5.20	4.34	3.90	3.64	2.05	4.65	3.77	3.20
21 22 23 24 25	4.73 4.80 4.83 4.85 4.82	5.43 3.42 2.42 2.09 5.40	2.00 1.97 4.04 4.11 4.24	4.80 2.80 3.57 6.73 2.77	5.19 4.62 2.18 6.28 6.39	2.09 2.07 5.14 5.21 5.20	3.98 3.98 3.93 4.06 2.09	3.63 3.63 1.95 1.94 4.42	2.02 3.50 3.58 3.51 3.50	4.65 4.69 4.69 2.17	3.76 1.92 5.97 4.11 4.05	4.47 4.43 4.20 4.18 4.16
26 27 28 29 30 31	1.84 1.81 3.85 3.85 3.83 3.86	5.48 5.49 5.50 5.54 2.07	4.10 4.13 2.06 2.06 3.40 3.39	4.48 5.26 5.23 5.23 5.22	7.40 8.17 9.18 8.10	5.18 5.18 2.14 2.07 5.67 6.04	2.06 3.86 4.50 4.55 5.13	4.44 4.45 4.45 4.44 2.19 2.22	4.15 1.98 1.98 4.93 4.98	2.97 4.35 3.21 4.38 4.40 4.38	4.06 4.09 4.75 2.00 3.18 3.75	1.77 1.77 4.80 4.84 4.84
MEAN	4.72	3.61	4.02	3.98	4.64	4.28	3.94	3.52	3.23	3.93	3.55	3.90
MAX	7.07	5.54	6.12	6.73	9.18	6.10	6.07	6.18	4.98	5.04	5.97	5.69
MIN	1.81	1.91	1.97	2.01	2.03	2.07	2.06	1.94	1.96	1.95	1.92	1.77

CAL YR 1991 MEAN 4.31 MAX 9.93 MIN 1.81 WTR YR 1992 MEAN 3.94 MAX 9.18 MIN 1.77

Table 1. Selected Population and Housing Characteristics: 1990 Chambers County, Alabama

The population counts set forth herein are subject to possible correction for undercount or overcount. The United States Department of Commerce is considering whether to correct these counts and will publish corrected counts, if any, not later than July 15, 1991. The user should note that there are limitations to many of these data. Please refer to the technical documentation provided with Summary Tape File 1A for a further explanation on the limitations of the data.

Total population	36,876	Total housing units	14,910
SEX		OCCUPANCY AND TENURE	
Male	17,385	Occupied housing units	13.786
Female	19,491	Owner occupied	10.472
		Percent owner occupied	76.0
AGE		Occupied housing units Owner occupied Percent owner occupied Renter occupied Vacant housing units For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use Homeowner vacancy rate (percent) Rental vacancy rate (percent)	3,314
Under 5 years	2,418	Vacant housing units	1,124
5 to 17 years	7,214	for seasonal, recreational,	
18 to 20 years 21 to 24 years	2,092	Were a very use	189
25 to 44 years	10 178	Postal vacasay rate (sercest)	1.0
45 to 54 years	3.680	named vacancy rate (percent)	0.1
55 to 59 years	3,680 1,781 1,741 3,377	Persons per owner-occupied unit Persons per renter-occupied unit Units with over 1 person per room	2.65
60 to 64 years	1,741	Persons per renter-occupied unit	2.64
65 to 74 years	3,377	Units with over 1 person per room	636
/3 to 64 years	2,309		
85 years and over	533	UNITS IN STRUCTURE	
Median age	533 34.8	1-unit, detached	11,427
11-do- 10	0.400	1-unit, detached 1-unit, attached 2 to 4 units	149
Under 18 years	9,632	2 to 4 units	770
65 years and over	6 210	10 or more weite	189
Percent of total population	16.9	2 to 4 units 5 to 9 units 10 or more units Mobile home, trailer, other	2 204
. o. o. o. o. o. o. populación		trailer, other	2,290
HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE		VALUE	
Total households	13,786	Specified owner-occupied units	7,350
Family households (families)	10,219	Less than \$50,000	5,146
HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE Total households Family households (families) Married-couple families Percent of total households Other family, male householder Other family, female householder Nonfamily households Percent of total households Householder living alone Householder 65 years and over	7,564	\$50,000 to \$99,999	1,889
Percent of total households	54.9	\$100,000 to \$149,999	223
Other family, male nouseholder	480	\$150,000 to \$199,999	62
Nonfamily households	2,109	\$200,000 to \$299,999	26
Percent of total households	25 0	Median (dollars)	37 000
Householder living alone	3.289	mediam (dollars)	37,900
Householder 65 years and over	1.794	CONTRACT RENT	
•	1	Specified renter-occupied units	
Persons living in households	36,502	paying cash rent Less than \$250 \$250 to \$499 \$500 to \$749	2,742
Persons per household	2.65	Less than \$250	2,315
		02JU LU 3433	423
GROUP QUARTERS	274	\$500 to \$749	4
Institutionalized persons	3/4	\$1,000 or more	_
Other persons in group quarters	303	Median (dollars)	154
GROUP QUARTERS Persons living in group quarters Institutionalized persons Other persons in group quarters	•••	Hedian (doileis)	134
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN		RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN	
White	23,575	OF HOUSEHOLDER	
Black	13,221	OF HOUSEHOLDER Occupied housing units White	13,786
Black Percent of total population American Indian Estimo or Alaut	35.9	White	9,563
American Indian, Devimo, of Mient	74		4,198
Percent of total population Asian or Pacific Islander	0.1	Percent of occupied units	30.5
Percent of total population	12	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Percent of occupied units	14 0.1
Other race	26	Asian or Pacific Islander	1
Hispanic origin (of any race)	127	Percent of occupied units	=
Percent of total population	0.3	Other race	10
• •	1	Hispanic origin (of any race)	35
	1	Percent of occupied units	0.3

CONFIDENTIAL

APPENDIX C

SITE INSPECTION WORKSHEETS

This appendix consists of worksheets that can be used to generate an SI site score. Completion of these worksheets is not required, but the SI investigator must evaluate an SI score, either by these worksheets, *PREscore*, or other Regional scoring tools.

The worksheets consist of instructions and data tables to be filled in with scores from HRS reference tables. The data tables may also call for Data Type and References.

DATA TYPE: The Data Type columns should be filled in with an H, Q, or + if the data are HRS quality and well documented. The Data Type column should be filled in with an E, X, or - if the data represent estimates, approximations, or are not fully documented. This type identifies data gaps for the expanded SI to investigate.

REFERENCES: The Reference columns should be filled in with coded reference numbers. The numbered reference list should be attached or the numbering should be cross-referenced to the SI Narrative Report.

The SI investigator will need the current Superfund Chemical Data Matrix (SCDM) OSWER Directive 9345.1-13 (revised semi-annually) to complete these worksheets.

SITE INSPECTION WORKSHEET

CERCLIS IDENTIFICATION NUMBER ALD003276763

	SITE LOC	ATION		
SITE NAME				
West Point Pepperell L	angdale Mill			
ADDRESS				
Langdale Cemetery an	d 20th Avenue			
CITY		STATE	ZIP CODE	PHONE#
Langdale		Al	36861	unknown
COORDINATES			TOWNSHIP.	RANGE, SECTION
32 48' 48"	85 10' 0"		,	,

OWNER			OPERAT	OR .		
City of Val	ley		City of Val	ley		
OWNER ADDRESS			OWNER A		······································	
unknown			unknown	i i		
CITY			CITY	**************************************		
Vailey			Valley	•		
STATE	ZIP CODE	PHONE#	STATE	ZIP CODE	PHONE#	
Al	Į	334-756-3131	Al		334-756-3131	

SITE EVALUATION	
AGENCY/ORGANIZATION	
ADEM	į
INVESTIGATOR	
Jennifer K. Walker	
CONTACT	
Jymalyn Redmond	İ
PHONE#	:
334-260-2791	

GENERAL INFORMATION

Site Description and Operational History: Provide a brief description of the site and its operational history. State the site name, owner, operator, type of facility and operations, size of property, active or inactive status, and years of waste generation. Summarize waste treatment, storage, or disposal activities that have or may have occurred at the site; note whether these activities are documented or alleged. Identify all source types and prior spills, floods, or fires. Summarize highlights of the PA and other investigations. Cite references.

West Point Pepperell Langdale mill (Valley Site 2) is located in Langdale, Chambers County, Alabama. Valley Site 2 was a landfill owned and operated by West Point Pepperell from 1900 to 1940 (Refs. 1,2,7). The landfill was used for the disposal of domestic waste from the surrounding community, and possibly some industrial waste from the mill. There are no records of what and how much waste was disposed of at the landfill. West Point Pepperell filed the CERCLA 103c notification in case that at some time during the operation hazardous waste had been disposed of in the landfill during its operation. Valley Site 2 has been sold to the City of Valley and is currently used for a recreational area where people come to use the old boat ramp to access the river, and to fish off the river bank (Ref. 5).

GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

	Site Sketch: Provide a sketch of the site. Indicate all pertinent features of the site environments including sources of wastes, areas of visible and burled wastes, bulk access roads, parking areas, fences, fields, drainage patterns, water bodies, vegeta environments, and other features.	e and nearby dings, residences, ation, wells, sensitive
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GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

Source Descriptions: Describe all sources at the site. Identify source type and relate to waste disposal operations. Provide source dimensions and the best available waste quantity information. Describe the condition of sources and all containment structures. Cite references.

SOURCE TYPES

Landfill: A man-made (by excavation or construction) or natural hole in the ground into which wastes have come to be disposed by backfilling, or by contemporaneous soil deposition with waste disposal.

Surface Impoundment: A natural topographic depression, man-made excavation, or diked area, primarily formed from earthen materials (lined or unlined) and designed to hold an accumulation of liquid wastes, wastes containing free liquids, or sludges not backfilled or otherwise covered; depression may be wet with exposed liquid or dry if deposited liquid has evaporated, volatilized or leached; structures that may be described as lagoon, pond, aeration pit, settling pond, tailings pond, sludge pit; also a surface impoundment that has been overed with soil after the final deposition of waste materials (i.e., buried or backfilled).

Drum: A portable container designed to hold a standard 55-gallon volume of wastes.

Tank and Non-Drum Container: Any device, other than a drum, designed to contain an accumulation of waste that provides structural support and is constructed primarily of fabricated materials (such as wood, concrete, steel, or plastic); any portable or mobile device in which waste is stored or otherwise handled.

Contaminated Soil: An area or volume of soil onto which hazardous substances have been spilled, spread, disposed, or deposited.

Pile: Any non-containerized accumulation above the ground surface of solid, non-flowing wastes; includes open dumps. Some types of waste piles are:

• Chemical Waste Pile: A pile consisting primarily of discarded chemical products, by-

products, radioactive wastes, or used or unused feedstocks.

Scrap Metal or Junk Pile: A pile consisting primarily of scrap metal or discarded durable

goods (such as appliances, automobiles, auto parts, batteries, etc.) composed of materials containing hazardous substances.

◆Tailings Pile: A pile consisting primarily of any combination of overburden from

a mining operation and tailings from a mineral mining,

beneficiation, or processing operation.

◆Trash Pile: A pile consisting primarily of paper, garbage, or discarded non-

durable goods containing hazardous substances.

Land Treatment: Landfarming or other method of waste management in which liquid wastes or sludges are spread over land and tilled, or liquids are injected at shallow depths into soils.

Other: Sources not in categories listed above.

GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

		·			
					
Hazardou and 5-2).	s Waste Quant	ity (HWQ) Calcul	ation: Si Tables	l and 2 (See HRS Ta	bles 2-5, 2-
LANDFI	LL: Estimate			•	
	Assurië	>7.8 acres	10 780 ocies		
					•
		•			
	tional pages, if n		, <u></u>	HWQ =	······

SI TABLE 1: HAZARDOUS WASTE QUANTITY (HWQ) SCORES FOR SINGLE SOURCE SITES AND FORMULAS FOR MULTIPLE SOURCE SITES

•		Sing	ie Source Sites
		(assig	ned HWQ scores)
(Column 1)	(Column 2)	(Column 3)	(Column 4)
TIER	Source Type	HWQ = 10	HWQ = 100
A Hezardous Constituent Quantity	. N/A	HWQ = 1 if Hazardous Constituent Quantity data are complete HWQ = 10 if Hazardous Constituent Quantity data are not complete	>100 to 10,000 lbs
B Hezerdous Westestreem Quantity	N/A	≤ 500,000 lbs	>500,000 to 50 million lbs
	Landfill	≤ 8.75 million ft ³ ≤ 250,000 yd ³	>6.75 million to 675 million ft ³ >250,000 to 25 million yd ³
	Surface impoundment	≤6,750 ft ³ ≤250 yd ³	>6,750 to 675,000 ft ³ >250 to 25,000 yd ³
	Drums	≤1,000 drums	>1,000 to 100,000 drums
C Volume	Tanks and non-drum containers	≤50,000 galions	enolis و 50,000 to 5 شا
	Contaminated soil	≤6.75 million ft ³ ≤250,000 yd ³	>6.75 million to 675 million it ³ >250,000 to 25 million yd ³
·	Pile ·	≤6,750 ft ³ ≤250 yd ³	>6,750 to 675,000 ft ³ >250 to 25,000 yd ³
	Other	≤6,750 ft ³ ≤250 yd ³	>6,750 to 675,000 ft ³ >250 to 25,000 yd ³
	Landfill	≤340,000 ft² ≤7.8 acres	>340,000 to 34 million ft ² >7.8 to 780 acres
D	Surface impoundment	≤1,300 ft ² ≤0.029 acres	>1,300 to 130,000 tt ² >0.029 to 2.9 acres
Area	Contaminated soil	≤3.4 million ft ² ≤78 acres	> 3.4 million to 340 million ft ² > 78 to 7,800 acres
	Pile	≤1,300 ft ² ≤0.029 acres	>1,300 to 130,000 tt ² >0.029 to 2.9 acres
	Land treatment	≤27,000 ft ² ≤0.62 acres	>27,000 to 2.7 million ft ² >0.62 to 62 acres

TABLE 1 (CONTINUED)

Single Sourc		Multiple Source Sites	7	
(Column 5) HWQ = 10,000	(Column 6) HWQ = 1,000,000	(Column 7) Divisors for Assigning Source WQ Values	(Column 2) Source Type	(Column 1) TIER
>10,000 to 1 million lbs	> 1 million bs	lbs + 1	N/A	A Hazardoua Constituent Quantity
>50 million to 5 billion lbs	> 5 billion fbs	lbs + 5,000	N/A	B Hezerdous Westestreem Quantity
>675 million to 67.5 billion ft ³ >25 million to 2.5 billion yd ³ >675,000 to 67.5 million ft ³ >25,000 to 2.5 million yd ³ >100,000 to 10 million drums >5 million to 500 million gallons >675 million to 67.5 billion ft ³ >25 million to 2.5 billion yd ³ >675,000 to 67.5 million yd ³ >675,000 to 67.5 million yd ³ >675,000 to 2.5 million yd ³ >675,000 to 2.5 million yd ³	> 67.5 billion ft ³ > 2.5 billion yd ³ > 67.5 million ft ³ > 2.5 million yd ³ > 10 million drums > 500 million gallons > 67.5 billion ft ³ > 2.5 billion yd ³ > 67.5 million tt ³ > 2.5 million yd ³ > 67.5 million yd ³ > 67.5 million yd ³ > 67.5 million yd ³	ft ³ + 67,500 yd ³ + 2,500 ft ³ + 87.5 yd ³ + 2.5 drums + 10 gallons + 500 ft ³ + 67,500 yd ³ + 2,500 ft ³ + 87.5 yd ³ + 2.5 ft ³ + 87.5 yd ³ + 2.5	Landfill Surface impoundment Drums Tanks and non-drum containers Contaminated Soil Pile Other	C Volume
>34 million to 3.4 billion ft ² >780 to 78,000 acres >130,000 to 13 million ft ² >2.9 to 290 acres > 340 million to 34 billion ft ² > 7,800 to 780,000 acres > 130,000 to 13 million ft ² > 2.9 to 290 acres >2.7 million to 270 million ft ² >62 to 6,200 acres	> 3.4 billion ft ² >78,000 acres > 13 million ft ² > 290 acres > 34 billion ft ² > 780,000 acres > 13 million ft ² > 290 acres > 270 million ft ² > 6,200 acres	ft ² + 3,400 acres + 0,078 ft ² + 13 acres + 0,00029 ft ² + 34,000 acres + 0,78 ft ² + 13 acres + 0,00029 ft ² + 270	Landfill Surface Impoundment Contaminated Soil Pile Land Treatment	D Area

HAZARDOUS WASTE QUANTITY (HWQ) CALCULATION

For each migration pathway, evaluate HWQ associated with sources that are available (i.e., incompletely contained) to migrate to that pathway. (Note: If Actual Contamination Targets exist for ground water, surface water, or air migration pathways, assign the calculated HWQ score or 100, whichever is greater, as the HWQ score for that pathway.) For each source, evaluate HWQ for one or more of the four tiers (SI Table 1; HRS Table 2-5) for which data exist: constituent quantity, wastestream quantity, source volume, and source area. Select the tier that gives the highest value as the source HWQ. Select the source volume HWQ rather than source area HWQ if data for both tiers are available.

Column 1 of Si Table 1 Indicates the quantity tier. Column 2 lists source types for the four tiers. Columns 3, 4, 5, and 6 provide ranges of waste amount for sites with only one source, corresponding to HWQ scores at the tops of the columns. Column 7 provides formulas to obtain source waste quantity values at sites with multiple sources.

- 1. Identify each source type.
- 2. Examine all waste quantity data available for each source. Record constituent quantity and waste stream mass or volume. Record dimensions of each source.
- 3. Convert source measurements to appropriate units for each tier to be evaluated.
- 4. For each source, use the formulas in the last column of SI Table 1 to determine the waste quantity value for each tier that can be evaluated. Use the waste quantity value obtained from the highest tier as the quantity value for the source.
- 5. Sum the values assigned to each source to determine the total site waste quantity.
- 6. Assign HWQ score from Si Table 2 (HRS Table 2-6).

Note these exceptions to evaluate soil exposure pathway HWQ (see HRS Table 5-2):

- The divisor for the area (square feet) of a landfill is 34,000.
- The divisor for the area (square feet) of a pile is 34.
- Wet surface impoundments and tanks and non-drum containers are the only sources for which volume measurements are evaluated for the soil exposure pathway.

SI TABLE 2: HWQ	SCORES FOR SITES
Site WQ Total	HWQ Score
0	0
1ª to 100	1 b
> 100 to 10,000	100
> 10,000 to 1 million	10,000
> 1 million	1,000.000

- If the WQ total is between 0 and 1, round it to 1.
- b if the hazardous constituent quantity data are not complete, assign the score of 10.

SI TABLE 3: WASTE CHARACTERIZATION WORKSHEET

Site Name: West Point Pepperell Langdale Mill

References: SIP.SCDM

Sources:

1 contaminated soil

assumption

Source	Hazardous Substance	Toxicity	GW Mobility	GW Tox/Mobility	SW Per	SW Tox/Per	SW Bloac Pot.	SW Tox/Per/ Bloac	SW Ecotox	SW Ecotox/ Per	SW Ecotox/Per/ Bloac
1	Arsenic	1.0E+4	1.0E-2	1.0E+2	1	1.0E+4	5 \ 50	5.0E+4	1.0E+1	1.0E+1	5.0E+2
1	Cadmimum	1.0E+4	1.0E+0	1.0E+4	1	1.0E+4	5.0E+3	5.0E+7	1.0E+3	1.0E+3	5.0E+6
1	Chromimum	1.0E+4	1.0E-2	1.0E+2	1	1.0E+4	5.0E+0	5.0E+4	1.0E+4	1.0E+4	5.0E+4
1	Lead	1.0E+4	1.0E-2	1.0E+2	1	1.0E+4	50 \ 5000	5.0E+5	1.0E+3	1.0E+3	5.0E+6
1	Manganese	1.0E+4	1.0E-2	1.0E+2	1	1.0E+4	.5 \ 50000	5.0E+3	1000	****	****
1	Mercury	1.0E+4	1.0E+0	1.0E+4	1	1.0E+4	5.0E+4	5.0E+8	1.0E+4	1.0E+4	5.0E+8
1	Nickel	1.0E+4	1.0E-2	1.0E+2	1	1.0E+4	.5 \ 500	5.0E+3	1.0E+1	1.0E+1	5.0E+3
	i										
		<u> </u>						 			
											* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
		ļ									

Ground Water Observed Release Substances Summary Table

On SI Table 4, list the hazardous substances associated with the site detected in ground water samples for that aquifer. Include only those substances directly observed or with concentrations significantly greater than background levels. Obtain toxicity values from the Superfund Chemical Data Matrix (SCDM). Assign mobility a value of 1-for all observed release substances regardless of the aquifer being evaluated. For each substance, multiply the toxicity by the mobility to obtain the toxicity/mobility factor value; enter the highest toxicity/mobility value for the aquifer in the space provided.

Ground Water Actual Contamination Targets Summary Table

If there is an observed release at a drinking water well, enter each hazardous substance meeting the requirements for an observed release by well and sample ID on SI Table 5 and record the detected concentration. Obtain benchmark, cancer risk, and reference dose concentrations from SCDM. For MCL and MCLG benchmarks, determine the highest percentage of benchmark obtained for any substance. For cancer risk and reference dose, sum the percentages for the substances listed. If benchmark, cancer risk, or reference dose concentrations are not available for a particular substance, enter N/A for the percentage. If the highest benchmark percentage or the percentage sum calculated for cancer risk or reference dose equals or exceeds 100%, evaluate the population using the well as a Level I target. If these percentages are less than 100% or all are N/A, evaluate the population using the well as a Level II target for that aquifer.

GROUND WATER PATHWAY GROUND WATER USE DESCRIPTION

Describe Ground Water Describe generalized stration	r Use within 4 Miles of the Site: graphy, aquifers, municipal and private wells
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	·
Show Calculations of G Provide apportionment calcu	Persons per household: Reference
County average number of	persons per nousenoid:
	, care

GROUND WATER PATHWAY WORKSHEET

	KELIHOOD OF RELEASE	Score	Data Type	Ref
1.	OBSERVED RELEASE: If sampling data or direct observation			
	support a release to the aquifer, assign a score of 550. Record	l		
	observed release substances on SI Table 4.	J		
2.	POTENTIAL TO RELEASE: Depth to aquifer:feet. If			
	sampling data do not support a release to the aquiler, and the site is	•	1	1
	in karst terrain or the depth to aquifer is 70 feet or less, assign a	1		1
	score of 500; otherwise, assign a score of 340. Optionally,			
	evaluate potential to release according to HRS Section 3.	500		
	LR =	500]	
TA	RGETS	•		
	Are any wells part of a blended system? Yes No	T T		
	If yes, attach a page to show apportionment calculations.	ł	i i	
	a yes, and a page to short appointment candidations.	ł	1 1	
2	ACTUAL CONTAMINATION TARGETS: If analytical evidence	1	1 1	
J.	Indicates that any target drinking water well for the aquifer has been		1 1	
	exposed to a hazardous substance from the site, evaluate the		1 1	
	factor score for the number of people served (SI Table 5).	ł	1 1	
	ractor acora for the number of people sarved (5) Table 5).		1 1	
	Level I: people x 10 =	ł	1 1	
	Level II: people x 1 = Total =	ł	1 1	
	Level II people x i = total =	1		
4.	POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION TARGETS: Determine the number		1	
	of people served by drinking water wells for the aquifer or overlying		1 1	
	aquifers that are not exposed to a hazardous substance from the	•	1 1	
	site; record the population for each distance category in Si Table 6a		1 1	
	or 6b. Sum the population values and multiply by 0.1.		i i	
	NEAREST WELL: Assign a score of 50 for any Level I Actual		'	
	Contamination Targets for the aquifer or overlying aquifer. Assign a		1 1	
	score of 45 if there are Level II targets but no Level I targets. If no		1 1	
	Actual Contemination Torquin aviet sesion the Mostaet Mail seem		1 1	
	Actual Contamination Targets exist, assign the Nearest Well score		1 1	
	from SI Table 6a or 6b. If no drinking water wells exist within 4 miles,		i i	
	Assign 0.		╂╼╼╼╂	
).	WELLHEAD PROTECTION AREA (WHPA): If any source lies		1 1	
	within or above a WHPA for the aquifer, or if a ground water		1 1	
	observed release has occurred within a WHPA, assign a score of		i I	
	20; assign 5 if neither condition applies but a WHPA is within 4		1 1	
	miles; otherwise assign 0.		 -	
	RESOURCES: Assign a score of 5 if one or more ground water		1 1	
1	resource applies; assign 0 if none applies.		i i	
	had-adda- 40		[]	
	Irrigation (5 acre minimum) of commercial food crops or			
	commercial forage crops			
	Watering of commercial livestock			
	Ingredient in commercial food preparation]	
	Supply for commercial aquaculture			
	Supply for a major or designated water recreation area,			
	excluding drinking water use	万	1	- N
			Accum	141
	Sum of Targets T=	5		
			•	

SI TABLE 6 (From HRS TABLE 3-12): VALUES FOR POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION GROUND WATER TARGET POPULATIONS

SI Table 6a: Other Than Karst Aquifers

	<u> </u>						Populati	on Serve	d by Wel	s within Di	stance Cat	egory				
Distance from Site	Рор.	Nearest Well (choose highest)	1 to 10	11 to 30	31 to 100	101 to 300	301 to 1000	1001 to 3000	3001 to 10,000	10,001 to 30,000	30,001 to 100,000	100,001 to 300,000	300,001 to 1,000,000	1,000,000 to 3,000,000	Pop. Value	Ref.
$0 \text{ to } \frac{1}{4} \text{ mile}$		20	4	. 17	53	164	522	1,633	5,214	16,325	52,137	163,246	521,360	1,632,455		
$>\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ mile		18	2	11	33	102	324	1,013	3,233	10,122	32,325	101,213	323,243	1,012,122		
> 1/2 to 1 mile	;	9	1	5	17	52	167	523	1,669	5,224	16,684	52,239	166,835	522,385		
> 1 to 2 miles	,	5	0.7	3	10	30	94	294	939	2,939	9,385	29,384	93,845	293,842		•
> 2 to 3 miles		3	0.5	2	7	21	68	212	678	2,122	6,778	21,222	67,777	212,219		
>3 to 4 miles		2	0.3	1	4	13	42	131	417	1,306	4,171	13,060	41,709	130,596		
Nearest	Well =													Sum =		

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SI TABLE 6 (From HRS TABLE 3-12): VALUES FOR POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION GROUND WATER TARGET POPULATIONS (continued)

SI Table 6b: Karst Aquifers

		T		·· <u>··</u>		. 	Populati	on Serve	d by Well	s within Di	stance Cat	egory				
Distance from Site	Pop.	Nearest Well (choose highest)	1 to 10	11 to 30	31 to 100	101 to 300	301 to 1000	1001 to 3000	3001 to 10,000	10,001 to 30,000	30,001 to 100,000	100,001 to 300,000	300,001 to 1,000,000	1,000,000 to 3,000,000	Pop. Value	Ref.
0 to $\frac{1}{4}$ mile		20	4	17	53	164	522	1,633	5,214	16,325	52,137	163,246	521,360	1,632,455		·
$>\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ mile		20	2	11	33	102	324	1,013	3,233	10,122	32,325	101,213	323,243	1,012,122		
$>\frac{1}{2}$ to 1		20	2	9	26	82	261	817	2,607	8,163	26,068	81,623	260,680	816,227		
> 1 to 2 miles		20	2	9	26	82	261	817	2,607	8,163	26,068	81,623	260,680	816,227		
> 2 to 3 miles		20	2	9	26	82	261	817	2,607	8,163	26,068	81,623	260,680	816,227		·
>3 to 4 miles		20	2	9	26	82	261	817	2,607	8,163	26,068	81,623	260,680	816,227		
Nearest	Well =													Sum =		

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GROUND WATER PATHWAY WORKSHEET (concluded)

WA	STE CHARACTERISTICS	Score	Data Type	Does not Apply
8.	If any Actual Contamination Targets exist for the aquifer or overlying aquifers, assign the calculated hazardous waste quantity score or a score of 100, whichever is greater; if no Actual Contamination Targets exist, assign the hazardous waste quantity score calculated for sources available to migrate to ground water.	100	E	-
9.	Assign the highest ground water toxicity/mobility value from SI Table 3 or 4.	1×104		
10.	Multiply the ground water toxicity/mobility and hazardous waste quantity scores. Assign the Waste Characteristics score from the table below: (from HRS Table 2-7) Product	1x10 ⁶		
	WC =	32		

Multiply LR by T and by WC. Divide the product by 82,500 to obtain the ground water pathway score for each aquifer. Select the highest aquifer score. If the pathway score is greater than 100, assign 100.

GROUND WATER PATHWAY SCORE:

LR X T X WC

0.9697

(Maximum of 100)

SURFACE WATER PATHWAY

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			• • •		
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	•				
					,

SURFACE WATER PATHWAY

Surface Water Observed Release Substances Summary Table

On SI Table 7, list the hazardous substances detected in surface water samples for the watershed, which can be attributed to the site. Include only those substances in observed releases (direct observation) or with concentration levels significantly above background levels. Obtain toxicity, persistence, bloaccumulation potential, and ecotoxicity values from SCDM. Enter the highest toxicity/persistence, toxicity/persistence/bloaccumulation, and ecotoxicity/persistence/ecobioaccumulation values in the spaces provided.

- TP = Toxicity x Persistence
- TPB = TP x bioaccumulation
- ETPB = EP x bloaccumulation (EP = ecotoxicity x persistence)

Drinking Water Actual Contamination Targets Summary Table

For an observed release at or beyond a drinking water intake, on SI Table 8 enter each hazardous substance by sample ID and the detected concentration. For surface water sediment samples detecting a hazardous substance at or beyond an intake, evaluate the intake as Level II contamination. Obtain benchmark, cancer risk, and reference dose concentrations for each substance from SCDM. For MCL and MCLG benchmarks, determine the highest percentage of benchmark obtained for any substance. For cancer risk and reference dose, sum the percentages of the substances listed. If benchmark, cancer risk, or reference dose concentrations are not available for a particular substance, enter N/A for the percentage. If the highest benchmark percentage or the percentage sum calculated for cancer risk or reference dose equals or exceeds 100%, evaluate the population served by the intake as a Level I target. If the percentages are less than 100% or all are N/A, evaluate the population served by the intake as a Level II target.

TABLE 7								
	i i	Bckgrd.	Toxicity/	Toxicity/ Persis./	Ecotoxicity/ Persis/			
Comple ID	Hazardous Substance	Conc.	Persistence	Bioaccum	Ecobioaccum	References		
Sample ID	nazaroous Suostance	COIIC.	Latzizialica	ONACCUIII	Econoaccum	Uniniairch2		
			}	 }			•	
								
							•	
								
								
								
								
		hest Values						
	100	Allest Agines		L		<u> </u>		
TABLE 8	: SURFACE WATER	DRINKING	WATER ACT	TUAL CONT	TAMINATION	TARGETS		
take ID:	Sample Type		Lev	rel 1	Level II	Population Serve	dRefere	nces
		منيب والمراجع المراجع					·	
			Benchmark					
	1							•
	1	Conc.	Conc.	% of	Cancer Risk	% of Cancer		a
Sample ID	Hazardous Substance	Conc. (µg/L)	Conc. (MCL or MCLG)		Cancer Risk Conc.	% of Cancer Risk Conc.	RfD	% of RfD
Sample ID	Hazardous Substance						RfD	% of RfD
Sample ID	Hazardous Substance						RfD	% of RfD
Sample ID	Hazardous Substance						RfD	% of RID
Sample ID	Hazardous Substance						RfD	% of RID
Sample ID	Hazardous Substance		(MCL or MCLG)		Conc.	Risk Conc.		% of RID
Sample ID	Hazardous Substance		(MCL or MCLG) Highest		Conc.		Sum of	% of RID
Sample ID	Hazardous Substance		(MCL or MCLG)		Conc.	Risk Conc.		% of RID
		(µg/L)	(MCL or MCLG) Highest Percent	Benchmark	Sum of Percents	Risk Conc.	: Sum of Percents	
	Hazardous Substance Sample Type	(µg/L)	(MCL or MCLG) Highest Percent	Benchmark	Sum of Percents	Risk Conc.	Sum of	
		(µg/L)	(MCL or MCLG) Highest Percent	Benchmark	Sum of Percents	Risk Conc.	: Sum of Percents	
		(µg/L)	(MCL or MCLG) Highest Percent	Benchmark	Sum of Percents	Population Serve	: Sum of Percents	
		(µg/L)	Highest Percent Le	Benchmark vel I	Sum of Percents Level II	Risk Conc.	: Sum of Percents	
ntake ID:	Sample Type	(µg/L)	Highest Percent Benchmark Conc.	Benchmark vel I	Sum of Percents Level II	Population Serve	Sum of Percents	ances
ntake ID:	Sample Type	(µg/L)	Highest Percent Benchmark Conc.	Benchmark vel I	Sum of Percents Level II	Population Serve	Sum of Percents	ances
ntake ID:	Sample Type	(µg/L)	Highest Percent Benchmark Conc.	Benchmark vel I	Sum of Percents Level II	Population Serve	Sum of Percents	ances
ntake ID:	Sample Type	(µg/L)	Highest Percent Benchmark Conc.	Benchmark vel I	Sum of Percents Level II	Population Serve	Sum of Percents	ances
ntake ID:	Sample Type	(µg/L)	Highest Percent Le Benchmark Conc. (MCL or MCLG)	Benchmark vel I	Sum of Percents Level II	Population Serve	Sum of Percents	ances
ntake ID:	Sample Type	(µg/L)	Highest Percent Benchmark Conc.	Benchmark vel I	Sum of Percents Level II	Population Serve	Sum of Percents	ances

SURFACE WATER PATHWAY LIKELIHOOD OF RELEASE AND DRINKING WATER THREAT WORKSHEET

	KELIHOOD OF RELEASE- VERLAND/FLOOD MIGRATION		Score	Data Type	Refs	_
1.	OBSERVED RELEASE: If sampling data or direct support a release to surface water in the watership of 550. Record observed release substances on	ed, assign a score				
2.	POTENTIAL TO RELEASE: Distance to surface if sampling data do not support a release to surface watershed, use the table below to assign a score below based on distance to surface water and flo	water:(feet) ce water in the from the table				
ľ	Distance to surface water <2500 feet	500	Ì	İ	1 1	
1	Distance to surface water >2500 feet, and:		ļ		i i	ĺ
}	Site in annual or 10-yr floodolain	500	j	1		
1	Site in 100-yr floodplain	400		1]	
ł	Site in 500-yr floodplain	300		1	j j	1
į	Site outside 500-yr floodplain	100		1	1 1	
	Optionally, evaluate surface water potential to release according to HRS Section 4.1.2.1.2	9856	500	E	1,2,3	ጓገ
		LR =	500]		
GR	ELIHOOD OF RELEASE Ound water to surface water mid		Score	Data Type	Refs	
	OBSERVED RELEASE: If sampling data or direct support a release to surface water in the watershe of 550. Record observed release substances on the support of	d, assign a score				
	TE: Evaluate ground water to surface water migrati surface water body that meets all of the following of	on only for a			. 1	
	Surace water body wat meets an or the lonowing t					
•	A portion of the surface water is within 1 mile of site a containment factor greater than 0.	conditions: e sources having				
2) 3)	A portion of the surface water is within 1 mile of sit a containment factor greater than 0. No aquifer discontinuity is established between the above portion of the surface water body. The top of the uppermost aquifer is at or above the	conditions: e sources having e source and the				
2) 3) Elev	A portion of the surface water is within 1 mile of site a containment factor greater than 0. No aquifer discontinuity is established between the above portion of the surface water body.	conditions: e sources having e source and the				
2) 3) Elev Elev 2.	A portion of the surface water is within 1 mile of site a containment factor greater than 0. No aquifer discontinuity is established between the above portion of the surface water body. The top of the uppermost aquifer is at or above the surface water. Sation of top of uppermost aquifer	conditions: e sources having e source and the e bottom of the r potential to	·			

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SURFACE WATER PATHWAY LIKELIHOOD OF RELEASE AND DRINKING WATER THREAT WORKSHEET (CONTINUED)

DRINKING WATER THREAT TARGETS	Score	Data Type	Refs
Record the water body type, flow, and number of people served by each drinking water intake within the target distance limit in the watershed. If there is no drinking water intake within the target distance limit, assign 0 to factors 3, 4, and 5.	<u> </u>		
Imake Name Water Body Type Flow People Served			
Are any intakes part of a blended system? Yes No tryes, attach a page to show apportionment calculations.			
3. ACTUAL CONTAMINATION TARGETS: If analytical evidence indicates a drinking water intake has been exposed to a hazardous substance from the site, list the intake name and evaluate the factor score for the drinking water population (SI Table 8).			
Level I:people x 10 = Total =			
4. POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION TARGETS: Determine the number of people served by drinking water intakes for the watershed that have not been exposed to a hazardous substance from the site. Assign the population values from SI Table 9. Sum the values and multiply by 0.1.			i
5. NEAREST INTAKE: Assign a score of 50 for any Level I Actual Contamination Drinking Water Targets for the watershed. Assign a score of 45 if there are Level II targets for the watershed, but no Level I targets. If no Actual Contamination Drinking Water Targets exist, assign a score for the intake nearest the PPE from SI Table 9. If no drinking water intakes exist, assign 0.			
6. RESOURCES: Assign a score of 5 if one or more surface water resource applies; assign 0 if none applies. Irrigation (5 acre minimum) of commercial food crops or commercial forage crops Watering of commercial livestock Ingredient in commercial food preparation Major or designated water recreation area, excluding drinking water use			
SUM OF TARGETS T=	0		

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SI TABLE 9 (From HRS Table 4-14): DILUTION-WEIGHTED POPULATION VALUES FOR POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION FOR SURFACE WATER MIGRATION PATHWAY

			-			Num	ber of	people			•	
Type of Surface Water Body	Pop.	Nearest Intake	0	1 10 10	11 to 30	31 to 100	101 to 300	301 to 1,000	to	3,001 to 10,000	10,001 to 30,000	Pop. Value
Minimal Stream (<10 cfs)		20	0	4	17	53	164	522	1,633	5,214	16,325	ı
Small to moderate stream (10 to 100 cfs)		2	0	0.4	2	5	16	52	163	521	1,633	
Moderate to large stream (> 100 to 1,000 cfs)		0	0	0.04	0.2	0.5	2	5	16	52	163	******
Large Stream to river (>1,000 to 10,000 cfs)		0	0	0.004	0.02	0.05	0.2	0.5	2	5	16	
Large River (> 10,000 to 100,000 cfs)		0	0	0	0.002	0.005	0.02	0.05	0.2	0.5	16	
Very Large River (>100,000 cfs)		0	0	0	0	0.001	0.002	0.005	0.02	0.05	0.2	
Shallow ocean zone or Great Lake (depth < 20 feet)		0.	0	. 0	0.002	0.005	0.02	0.05	0.2	0.5	2	
Moderate ocean zone or Great Lake (Depth 20 to 200 feet)		0	0	0	0	0.001	0.002	0.005	0.02	0.05	0.2	
Deep ocean zone or Great Lake (depth > 200 feet)		0	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.003	0.008	0.03	0.08	
3-mile mixing zone in quiet flowing river (≥ 10 cfs)		10	0	2	9	26	82	261	817	2,607	8,163	
Nearest I	ntake =						·				Sum =	

lef	er	enc	98	
		• • • • •		

SURFACE WATER PATHWAY

Human Food Chain Actual Contamination Targets Summary Table

On SI Table 10, list the hazardous substances detected in sediment, aqueous, sessile benthic organism tissue, or fish tissue samples (taken from fish caught within the boundaries of the observed release) by sample ID and concentration. Evaluate fisheries within the boundaries of observed releases detected by sediment or aqueous samples as Level II, if at least one observed release substance has a bloaccumulation potential factor value of 500 or greater (see Si Table 7). Obtain benchmark, cancer risk, and reference dose concentrations from SCDM. For FDAAL benchmarks, determine the highest percentage of benchmark obtained for any substance. For cancer risk and reference dose, sum the percentages for the substances listed. If benchmark, cancer risk, or reference dose concentrations are not available for a particular substance, enter N/A for the percentage. If the highest benchmark percentage sum calculated for cancer risk or reference dose equals or exceeds 100%, evaluate this portion of the fishery as subject to Level I concentrations. If the percentages are less than 100% or all are N/A, evaluate the fishery as a Level II target.

Sensitive Environment Actual Contamination Targets Summary Table

On SI Table 11, list each hazardous substance detected in aqueous or sediment samples at or beyond wetlands or a surface water sensitive environment by sample ID. Record the concentration. If contaminated sediments or tissues are detected at or beyond a sensitive environment, evaluate the sensitive environment as Level II. Obtain benchmark concentrations from SCDM. For AWQC/AALAC benchmarks, determine the highest percentage of benchmark of the substances detected in aqueous samples. If benchmark concentrations are not available for a particular substance, enter N/A for the percentage. If the highest benchmark percentage equals or exceeds 100%, evaluate that part of the sensitive environment subject to Level I concentrations. If the percentage is less than 100%, or all are N/A, evaluate the sensitive environment as Level II.

hery ID:	San	nple Type		Level	·	Level II	References	
Sample ID	Hazardous Substance	Conc. (mg/kg)	Benchmark Concentration (FDAAL)	% of Benchmark	Cancer Risk Concentration.	% of Cancer Risk Concentration	RID	% of RfD
			Highest Percent		Sum of Percents		Sum of Percents	1
TABLE 11	: SENSITIVE ENVI	RONMENT	ACTUAL CO	NTAMINAT	ION TARGET	S FOR WATE	RSHED	
vironment ID	: Sa	mple Type		Leve	11	Level 11	Environment Val	ke
Sample ID	Hazardous Substance	Conc (µg/L)	Benchmark Concentration (AWQC or AALAC)	% of Benchmark	References	_		
						-		
						-		
			Highest Percent			- -		
nvironment IC): Se	mple Type _	····	Levi	el I	Level II	Environment Va	ilue
Sample ID	Hazardous Substance	Conc (µg/L)	Benchmark Concentration (AWQC or AALAC)	% of Benchmark	References	_		•
								l.
						 -		ř
								

SURFACE WATER PATHWAY (continued) HUMAN FOOD CHAIN THREAT WORKSHEET

HUI	WAN FOOD CHAIN THREAT T	ARGETS	Score	Type	Refs
	Record the water body type and flot target distance limit. If there is no f distance limit, assign a score of 0 a	ishery within the target			
Fish	ery Name Water Body	Flowcfs		1	
	Species Production_ Species Production_	lbs/yr	_		
Fish	ery Name Water Body	Flowcfs			
	Species Production_ Species Production_	lbs/yr			
Fish	ery Name Water Body	j			
	Species Production Production	lbs/yr lbs/yr			
F00	D CHAIN INDIVIDUAL				
7.	ACTUAL CONTAMINATION FISHE	RIES:			
	If analytical evidence indicates that a hazardous substance with a bload or equal to 500 (SI Table 10), assign Level I fishery. Assign 45 if there is I fishery.	cumulation factor greater than a score of 50 if there is a			
8.	POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION FIS	HERIES:		}	1
	If there is a release of a substance we greater than or equal to 500 to a way within the target distance limit, but the fisheries, assign a score of 20.	tershed containing fisheries			
	if there is no observed release to the for potential contamination fisheries the lowest flow at all fisheries within	from the table below using			
	Lowest Flow	FCI Value			
	<10 cfs	20			- 1
	10 to 100 cfs	2	\sim		1
	>100 cfs, coastal tidal waters, oceans, or Great Lakes	0			l
	3-mile mixing zone in quiet	10	ĺ		
	flowing river				
		FCI Value =			
		CUM OF TAROUTE T			

SURFACE WATER PATHWAY (continued) ENVIRONMENTAL THREAT WORKSHEET

When measuring length of wetlands that are located on both sides of a surface water body, sum both frontage lengths. For a sensitive environment that is more than one type, assign a value for each type.

Record the water body type and flow for each surface water sensitive environment within the target distance (see St Table 12). If there is no sensitive environment within the target distance limit, assign a score of 0 at the bottom of the page. Invironment Name	ENVIE	COMENTA	AL TH	REAT TARGE	79			Score	Data Type	Ref
ACTUAL CONTAMINATION SENSITIVE ENVIRONMENTS: If sampling data or direct observation indicate any sensitive environment has been exposed to a hazardous substance from the site, record this information on SI Tables 13 and 14). Invironment Name Environment Type and Multiplier (10 for Product Level I, 1 for Level II)	Re sei	cord the wat nsitive environments	er body onment onsitive	type and flow for within the target central within the target centres within the target within the tar	each su distance in the ta	(see SI	Table 12).			1 101
ACTUAL CONTAMINATION SENSITIVE ENVIRONMENTS: If sampling data or direct observation indicate any sensitive environment has been exposed to a hazardous substance from the site, record this information on SI Table 11, and assign a factor value for the environment (SI Tables 13 and 14). Invironment Name	Environ	ment Name		Water Body Type)	Flo	w	-		
ACTUAL CONTAMINATION SENSITIVE ENVIRONMENTS: If sampling data or direct observation indicate any sensitive environment has been exposed to a hazardous substance from the site, record this information on SI Table 11, and assign a factor value for the environment (SI Tables 13 and 14). Invironment Name									1	
ACTUAL CONTAMINATION SENSITIVE ENVIRONMENTS: If sampling data or direct observation indicate any sensitive environment has been exposed to a hazardous substance from the site, record this information on SI Table 11, and assign a factor value for the environment (SI Tables 13 and 14). Invironment Name									1	
ACTUAL CONTAMINATION SENSITIVE ENVIRONMENTS: If sampling data or direct observation indicate any sensitive environment has been exposed to a hazardous substance from the site, record this information on SI Table 11, and assign a factor value for the environment (SI Tables 13 and 14). Invironment Name										
sampling data or direct observation indicate any sensitive environment has been exposed to a hazardous substance from the site, record this information on SI Table 11, and assign a factor value for the environment (SI Tables 13 and 14). Invironment Name							cfs			
Level II) X X Sum = D. POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION SENSITIVE ENVIRONMENTS: Dilution Weight (Si Tables 13 & 14) Gris X X O.1 = Cris X X X O.1 = Cris X X X O.1 = Cris X X X O.1 = Cris X X X X X X X X X X X X X	san env site valu	opling data of ironment hat record this see for the en	or direct s been informat vironme.	observation indicates observation indicates observation and indicates observation on SI Tables 13 and indicates observation indicates observation on SI Tables 13 and indicates observation indicates	ate any ardous 1, and a and 14).	sensitive substant assign a er (10 for	e ce from the factor			
x Sum = D. POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION SENSITIVE ENVIRONMENTS: OW Dilution Weight (SI Tables 13 & 14) Cont. Cls x x 0.1 = Cls x x 0.1 = Cls x x 0.1 = Cls x x 0.1 = Cls x x 0.1 =			Value (SI Tables 13 & 14)	Level I.	, 1 for ()		j		
x Sum = D. POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION SENSITIVE ENVIRONMENTS: OW Dilution Weight (SI Tables 13 & 14) Cont. Cls x x 0.1 = Cls x x 0.1 = Cls x x 0.1 = Cls x x 0.1 = Cls x x 0.1 =			ĺ		x			ł		
X Sum = D. POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION SENSITIVE ENVIRONMENTS: OW Dilution Weight (St Tables 13 & 14) Cont.								1		
Sum = D. POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION SENSITIVE ENVIRONMENTS: DW Dilution Weight (Si Tables 13 & 14) Pot. Cont. Cds x x x 0.1 = Cds x x 0.1 = Cds x x 0.1 = Cds x x 0.1 = Cds x x x 0.1 = Cds x x x 0.1 = Cds x x x 0.1 = Cds x x x 0.1 = Cds x x x 0.1 = Cds x x x 0.1 = Cds x x x 0.1 = Cds x x x 0.1 = Cds x x x 0.1 = Cds x x x x 0.1 = Cds x x x x 0.1 = Cds x x x x 0.1 =					^			Ī		
Dilution Weight (Si Tables 12) Environment Type and Value (Si Tables 13 & 14) Cont. Cls x x 0.1 = Cls x x 0.1 = Cls x x 0.1 = Cls x x x 0.1 = Cls x x x 0.1 = Cls x x x 0.1 = Cls x x x 0.1 = Cls x x x x 0.1 = Cls x x x x 0.1 = Cls x x x x 0.1 = Cls x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x					X					
Dilution Weight (St Table 12) Cont.					x	•				
Dilution Weight (St Table 12) Cont.										
(Si Table 12) Value (Si Tables 13 & 14) Cont. Cls). PO	ENTIAL CO	NTAMI	NATION SENSITI	VE EN	VIRONM	ENTS:			
cfs x x 0.1 = cfs x x 0.1 = cfs x x 0.1 =	w	Dilution Weig (Si Table 12)	ht	Environment Type Value (SI Tables 1	and (3 & 14)		Product			
cfs x x 0.1 = cfs x x 0.1 = cfs x x 0.1 =	500		¥		¥	01-				
cfs x x 0.1 = cfs x x 0.1 =	013		^			V				
cfs x 0.1 = cfs x 0.1 =	cts		X		X	0.1 =				
cfs x 0.1 =	cts		x		x	0.1 =				
cfs x 0.1 =	cts		x		x	0.1 =				
Sum =			y		,	0.1 -				
	<u> </u>					. J –	Sum =		1	

SI TABLE 12 (HRS Table 4-13): SURFACE WATER DILUTION WEIGHTS

Type of Surface Water Body			
Descriptor	Flow Characteristics	Weight	
Minimal stream	< 10 cfs	1	
Small to moderate stream	10 to 100 cfs	0.1	
Moderate to large stream	> 100 to 1,000 cfs	0.01	
Large stream to river	> 1,000 to 10,000 cfs	0.001	
Large river	> 10,000 to 100,000 cfs	0.0001	
Very large river	> 100,000 cfs	0.00001	
Coastal tidal waters	Flow not applicable; depth not applicable	0.001	
Shallow ocean zone or Great Lake	Flow not applicable; depth less than 20 feet	0.001	
Moderate depth ocean zone or Great Lake	Flow not applicable; depth 20 to 200 feet	0.0001	
Deep ocean zone or Great Lake	Flow not applicable; depth greater than 200 feet	0.000005	
3-mile mixing zone in quiet flowing river	10 cfs or greater	0.5	

SURFACE WATER AND AIR SENSITIVE ENVIRONMENTS VALUES

OTHER ENVIRONMENT	ASSIGNED VALUE
SENSITIVE ENVIRONMENT Critical habitat for Federal designated endangered or threatened species	100
	ļ.
Marine Sanctuary	
National Park Designated Federal Wilderness Area	
Ecologically important areas identified under the Coastal Zone Wilderness Act	
Sensitive Areas identified under the National Estuary Program or Near Coastal	ŀ
Water Program of the Clean Water Act	
Critical Areas identified under the Clean Lakes Program of the Clean Water Act	}
(subgress in lakes or entire small lakes)	
National Monument (air pathway only)	
National Seashore Recreation Area	
National Lakeshore Recreation Area	
National Lakeshole Necleation Alea Habitat known to be used by Federal designated or proposed endangered or threatened species	75
Habitat known to be used by Federal designated or proposed endangered of unequalities operated	
National Preserve	
National or State Wildlife Refuge	
Unit of Coastal Barrier Resources System	
Coastal Barrier (undeveloped)	
Federal land designated for the protection of natural ecosystems	
Administratively Proposed Federal Wilderness Area	
Spawning areas critical for the maintenance of fish/shellfish species within a	
river system, bay, or estuary	
Migratory pathways and feeding areas critical for the maintenance of	
anadromous fish species within river reaches or areas in lakes or coastal	
tidal waters in which the fish spend extended periods of time	
Terrestrial areas utilized by large or dense aggregations of vertebrate animals	
(semi-squatic foragers) for breeding	
National river reach designated as recreational	
Habitat known to be used by State designated endangered or threatened species	50
Habitat known to be used by a species under review as to its Federal endangered	
or threatened status	
Coastai Barrier (partially developed)	
Federally designated Scenic or Wild River	
State land designated for wildlife or game management	25
State designated Scenic or Wild River	
Carta decignoted Natural Area	
Design of the street relatively small in size important to maintenance of unique block communities	
State designated areas for the protection of maintenance of aquatic life under the Clean Water	5
State designated eneme let the biorection of manuscripts of administration	
Act Wetlands See Si Table 14 (Surface Water Pathway) or Si Table 23 (Air Pathway)	
Wetlands See SI Table 14 (Surface Water Pathway) or SI Table 23 (All Pathway)	

SI TABLE 14 (HRS TABLE 4-24): SURFACE WATER WETLANDS FRONTAGE VALUES

Total Length of Wetlands	Assigned	Value
Less than 0.1 mile	0	
0.1 to 1 mile	. 25	
Greater than 1 to 2 miles	50	
Greater than 2 to 3 miles	75	
Greater than 3 to 4 miles	100	
Greater than 4 to 8 miles	150	
Greater than 8 to 12 miles	250	
Greater than 12 to 16 miles	350	
Greater than 16 to 20 miles	450	
Greater than 20 miles	500	

SURFACE WATER PATHWAY (concluded) WASTE CHARACTERISTICS, THREAT, AND PATHWAY SCORE SUMMARY

WASTE CHARACT			Score				
chain, <u>or</u> environ the calculated ha whichever is great	14. If an Actual Contamination Target (drinking water, human food chain, or environmental threat) exists for the watershed, assign the calculated hazardous waste quantity score, or a score of 100, whichever is greater.						
15. Assign the highest value from SI Table 7 (observed release) or SI Table 3 (no observed release) for the hazardous substance waste characterization factors below. Multiply each by the surface water hazardous waste quantity score and determine the waste characteristics score for each threat.							(from Table)
	Substance Value		HWQ		Product	(Maximum	of 100)
Drinking Water Threat Toxicity/Persistence	10,000	x	100		14106	32	
Food Chain Threat Toxicity/Persistence Bioaccumulation	5x107	x	00	•	Paixic	180	
Environmental Threat Ecotoxicity/Persistence/ Ecobioaccumulation	5x108	x	100		5×1010	320	
Product 0 >0 to <10 10 to <100 100 to <100 1,000 to < 10 10,000 to < 10 10,000 to <10 1E + 05 to <1 1E + 06 to <1 1E + 08 to <1 1E + 09 to <1 1E + 11 to <1 1E + 12 or green	0 ,000 E + 05 E + 06 E + 07 E + 08 E + 09 E + 10 E + 11 E + 12		WC Score 0 1 2 3 6 10 18 32 56 100 180 320 560 1000		•		

SURFACE WATER PATHWAY THREAT SCORES

Threat	Likelihood of Release (LR) Score	Targets (T) Score	Pathway Waste Characteristics (WC) Score (determined above)	Threat Score LR x T x WC 82,500
Drinking Water	500		.32	(maximum of 100)
Human Food Chain	500	0	180	(maximum of 100)
Environmental	500	0	320	(maximum of 60)

SURFACE WATER PATHWAY SCORE (Drinking Water Threat + Human Food Chain Threat + Environmental Threat)

(maximum of 100)	
0	

SOIL EXPOSURE PATHWAY

If there is no observed contamination (e.g., ground water plume with no known surface source), do not evaluate the soil exposure pathway. Discuss evidence for no soil exposure pathway.

Soil Exposure Resident Population Targets Summary

For each property (duplicate page 35 as necessary):

If there is an area of observed contamination on the property and within 200 feet of a residence, school, or day care center, enter on Table 15 each hazardous substance by sample ID. Record the detected concentration. Obtain cancer risk, and reference dose concentrations from SCDM. Sum the cancer risk and reference dose percentages for the substances listed. If cancer risk or reference dose concentrations are not available for a particular substance, enter N/A for the percentage. If the percentage sum calculated for cancer risk or reference dose equals or exceeds 100%, evaluate the residents and students as Level I. If both percentages are less than 100% or all are N/A, evaluate the targets as Level II.

SI TABLE 16 (HRS TABLE 5-5): SOIL EXPOSURE PATHWAY TERRESTRIAL SENSITIVE ENVIRONMENT VALUES

TERRESTRIAL SENSITIVE ENVIRONMENT	ASSIGNED VALUE
Terrestrial critical habitat for Federal designated endangered or threatened species National Park	100
Designated Federal Wildemess Area National Monument	
Terrestrial habitat known to be used by Federal designated or proposed threatened or endangered species National Preserve (terrestrial) National or State terrestrial Wildlife Refuge Federal land designated for protection of natural ecosystems Administratively proposed Federal Wilderness Area Terrestrial areas utilized by large or dense aggregations of animals (vertebrate species) for breeding	75
Terrestrial habitat used by State designated endangered or threatened species Terrestrial habitat used by species under review for Federal designated endangered or threatened status	50
State lands designated for wildlife or game management State designated Natural Areas Particular areas, relatively small in size, important to maintenance of unique biotic communities	25

SOIL EXPOSURE PATHWAY WORKSHEET RESIDENT POPULATION THREAT

			Data		
LI	KELIHOOD OF EXPOSURE	Score	Type	Refs	
11.					7
ł	observed contamination (depth of 2 feet or less), assign a score of	ł	ł	1	1
1	550; otherwise, assign a 0. Note that a likelihood of exposure	•	1	ļ	1
1	score of 0 results in a soil exposure pathway score of 0.		IAS	<u>\$UM7</u>	≯ T\r
				<u> </u>	1 1 10
•	LE =	ゴゴロ	1		
	LG *		_3		
	natte				
	RGETS		_,		7
2.	RESIDENT POPULATION: Determine the number of people	ł		ł	ł
l	occupying residences or attending school or day care on or within	ł	j	ł	ł
į.	200 feet of areas of observed contamination (HRS section 5.1.3).	į	1	í	i
I	4 44	}			1
1	Level I: people x 10 =	,	ŀ		1
1	Level II: people x 1 = Sum =	ł			ł
<u> </u>		l	_L		
3.	RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL: Assign a score of 50 if any Level I				
	resident population exists. Assign a score of 45 if there are Level II		1		
ļ	targets but no Level I targets. If no resident population exists (i.e.,		1		
ł	no Level I or Level II targets), assign 0 (HRS Section 5.1.3).	İ	1		
4.	WORKERS: Assign a score from the table below for the total				
١٠.	number of workers at the site and nearby facilities with areas of		1 1	į	
	observed contamination associated with the site.		1 1		
	Number of Workers Score				
	ر المستقل المستقل المستقل المستقل المستقل المستقل المستقل المستقل المستقل المستقل المستقل المستقل المستقل المستقل ا		1 1		
Ī		ı	[[1	
	1 to 100 5		}]	1	
ŀ			1 1	į	
	>1,000	5	Incol	1117	77 7~
			1400	MF	
5.	TERRESTRIAL SENSITIVE ENVIRONMENTS: Assign a value for		1 1	1	
	each terrestrial sensitive environment (SI Table 16) in an area of		1 1	ŀ	
	observed contamination.		1 1	- 1	
			i i	- 1	
	Terrestrial Sensitive Environment Type Value		[]	Ţ	
			1 1		
			1 1	1	
			1 1		
			1 1	1	
]		
			1 1	i i	
	Sum =				
	RESOURCES: Assign a score of 5 if any one or more of the		1 T		
	following resources is present on an area of observed			1	
	contamination at the site; assign 0 if none applies.				
1	Commercial agriculture	••	• • • •		
1	Commercial silviculture		l i	1	
	Commercial livestock production or commercial livestock			1	
	grazing			j	
			l		
	Total of Targets T=	5			
			-		

SOIL EXPOSURE PATHWAY WORKSHEET NEARBY POPULATION THREAT

LIK	KELIHOOD OF EXPOSURE		Score	Data Type	Ref.
7.	Attractiveness/Accessibility (from SI Table 17 or HRS Table 5-6)	Value _50			
	Area of Contamination (from SI Table 18 or HRS Table 5-7)	Value 40			
	Likelihoo (from Si 7	d of Exposure Table 19 or HRS Table 5-8)	5 o	E	1,2,5
		LE =	50		
TAI	RGETS		Score	Data Type	Ref.
8.	Assign a score of 0 if Level I or Level II r				

TARGETS

8. Assign a score of 0 if Level I or Level II resident individual has been evaluated or if no individuals live within 1/4 mile travel distance of an area of observed contamination. Assign a score of 1 if nearby population is within 1/4 mile travel distance and no Level I or Level II resident population has been evaluated.

9. Determine the population within 1 mile travel distance that is not exposed to a hazardous substance from the site (i.e., properties that are not determined to be Level I or Level II); record the population for each distance category in SI Table 20 (HRS Table 5-10). Sum the population values and multiply by 0.1.

SI TABLE 17 (HRS TABLE 5-6): ATTRACTIVENESS/ACCESSIBILITY VALUES

Area of Observed Contamination	Assigned Value
Designated recreational area	100
Regularly used for public recreation (for example, vacant lots in urban area)	75
Accessible and unique recreational area (for example, vacant lots in urban area)	75
Moderately accessible (may have some access improvements—for example, gravel road) with some public recreation use	50
Slightly accessible (for example, extremely rural area with no road improvement) with some public recreation use	25
Accessible with no public recreation use	10
Surrounded by maintained fence or combination of maintained fence and natural barriers	5
Physically inaccessible to public, with no evidence of public recreation use	.0

SI TABLE 18 (HRS TABLE 5-7): AREA OF CONTAMINATION FACTOR VALUES

Total area of the areas of observed contamination (square feet)	Assigned Value
≤ to 5,000	5
> 5,000 to 125,000	20
> 125,000 to 250,000	40
> 250,000 to 375,000	60
> 375,000 to 500,000	80
> 500,000	100

SI TABLE 19 (HRS TABLE 5-8): NEARBY POPULATION LIKELIHOOD OF EXPOSURE FACTOR VALUES

AREA OF CONTAMINATION		ATTRA	CTIVENESS/A	CCESSIBILITY	FACTOR V	ALUE	
FACTOR VALUE	100	75	50	25	10	5	0
100	500	500	375	250	125	50	0
80	500	375	250	125	50	25	0
60	375	. 250	125	50	25	5	0
40	250	125	50	25	5	5	0
20	125	50	25	5	5	5	0
5	50	25	5	. 5	5	5	0

SI TABLE 20 (HRS TABLE 5-10): DISTANCE-WEIGHTED POPULATION VALUES FOR NEARBY POPULATION THREAT

Travel Distance			Number of people within the travel distance category										1	
Category (miles)	Pop.	0	1 to 10	11 to 30	31 to 100	101 to 300	301 to 1,000	1,001 to 3,000	3,001 to 10,001	10,001 to 30,000	30,001 to 100,000	100,001 to 300,000	300,001 to 1,000,000	Pop Valu
Greater than 0 to $\frac{1}{4}$		0	0.1	0.4	1.0	4	13	41	130	408	1,303	4,081	13,034	4
Greater than $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$	202	0	0.05	0.2	0.7	2	7	20	65	204	652	2,041	6,517	2
Greater than $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1	624	0	0.02	0.1	0.3	1	3	10	33	102	326	1,020	3,258	3
	•								Referen	co(s) <u>3</u>	.9		Sum =	9

10.	Assign the hazardous waste quantity score	re calculated for soil expo-	sure
			100
11.	Assign the highest toxicity value from SIT	able 16	
	••••		10,000
12.	Multiply the toxicity and hazardous waste of Waste Characteristics score from the table Product	below:	wc = 3Z
(Likelit	DENT POPULATION THREAT SCORE nood of Exposure, Question 1; s = Sum of Questions 2, 3, 4, 5, 6)	E: LE X T X WC 82,500	1.0667
NEAR	BY POPULATION THREAT SCORE:		
	nood of Exposure, Question 7; s = Sum of Questions 8, 9)	LE X T X WC 82,500	0.0368
	EXPOSURE PATHWAY SCORE: ant Population Threat + Nearby Pop	ulation Threat	1. 1035 (Maximum of 100)

. _::-

AIR PATHWAY

Air Pathway Observed Substances Summary Table

On SI Table 21, list the hazardous substances detected in air samples of a release from the site. Include only those substances with concentrations significantly greater than background levels. Obtain benchmark, cancer risk, and reference dose concentrations from SCDM. For NAAQS/NESHAPS benchmarks, determine the highest percentage of benchmark obtained for any substance. For cancer risk and reference dose, sum the percentages for the substances listed. If benchmark, cancer risk, or reference dose concentrations are not available for a particular substance, enter N/A for the percentage. If the highest benchmark percentage or the percentage sum calculated for cancer risk or reference dose equals or exceeds 100%, evaluate targets in the distance category from which the sample was taken and any closer distance categories as Level I. If the percentages are less than 100% or all are N/A, evaluate targets in that distance category and any closer distance categories that are not Level I as Level II.

SI TABLE 21: AIR PATHWAY OBSERVED RELEASE SUBSTANCES

Sample ID:		Le		evel II	Distance from S	iources (mi)	References	
Hazardous Substance	Conc. (µg/m³)	Gaseous Particulate	Benchmark Conc. (NAAQS or NESHAPS)	% of Benchmark	Cancer Risk Conc.	% of Cancer Risk Conc.	: PMD	% of RfD
	Highest Toxicity/ Mobility		· Highest Percent		Sum of Percents		Sum of Percents	
Sample ID:		L	evel I L	II love.	Distance from S	Sources (mi)	References	
Hazardous Substance	Conc. (µg/m³)	Toxicity/ Mobility	Benchmark Conc. (NAAQS or NESHAPS)	% of Benchmark	Cancer Risk Conc.	% of Cancer Risk Conc.	RID	% of RID
<u> </u>	Highest Toxicity/ Mobility		Highest Percent		Sum of Percents		Sum of Percents	
Sample ID:		l	.evel I1	Level II	Distance from	Sources (mi)	_ References	
Hazardous Substance	Conc. (µg/m²)	Toxicity/ Mobility	Benchmark Conc. (NAAQS or NESHAPS)	% of Benchmark	Cancer Risk Conc.	% of Cancer Risk Conc.	FIFD	% of RID
	Highest Toxicity/ Mobility		Highest Percent		Sum of Percents		Sum of Percents	

AIR PATHWAY WORKSHEET

		_	Data	13 a.t.
LI	KELIHOOD OF RELEASE	Score	Type	Refs
11.	OBSERVED RELEASE: If sampling data or direct observation	1		1
''	support a release to air, assign a score of 550. Record observed		Į	j
	release substances on Si Table 21		<u> </u>	
12	POTENTIAL TO RELEASE: If sampling data do not support a	1	1	ŀ
-	release to air, assign a score of 500. Optionally, evaluate air	· ·	l	ł
Į.	migration gaseous and particulate potential to release (HRS	ł	I I	
1	Section 6.1.2)		1	
	George (1977)			
	LR =	ł		
			4	
	ACTUAL CONTAMINATION POPULATION: Determine the number			,
3.		ĺ		
l	of people within the target distance limit subject to exposure from a release of a hazardous substance to the air.			
İ	release of a nazardous substance to the air.			
ĺ	at Level II. — meanle v 45]	
1	a) Level I: people x 10 = Total =		<u> </u>	
[D) Level II: people x 1 = I OTAI =			
<u> </u>	CONTROL TABLET BOSH APPAR BALLET AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND		 	
4.	POTENTIAL TARGET POPULATION: Determine the number of		1 1	
	people within the target distance limit not subject to exposure from		1 ł	
	a release of a hazardous substance to the air, and assign the total		1 1	
	population score from SI Table 22.		 	
5.	NEAREST INDIVIDUAL: Assign a score of 50 if there are any Level		ł ł	- 1
	I targets. Assign a score of 45 if there are Level II targets but no		i i	l
	Level I targets. If no Actual Contamination Population exists, assign	•	1	- 1
	the Nearest Individual score from SI Table 22.			
6.	ACTUAL CONTAMINATION SENSITIVE ENVIRONMENTS: Sum			1
	the sensitive environment values (Si Table 13) and wetland		1	f
	acreage values (SI Table 23) for environments subject to exposure			i
	from the release of a hazardous substance to the air.		•	
				1
	Sensitive Environment Type Value			j
]
				1
				J
			J]
	Wetland Acreage Value			j
		į	1	}
			j	
			ļ	1
			ļ	Į.
	A STATE OF THE STA		}	
7.	POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION SENSITIVE ENVIRONMENTS:		1	ł
	Use SI Table 24 to evaluate sensitive environments not subject to		1	1
	exposure from a release.			
8.	RESOURCES: Assign a score of 5 if one or more air resources	1	l	ł
	applies within 1/2 mile of a source; assign a 0 if none applies	**		i
	Commercial agriculture	I	ŀ	i
	Commercial silviculture	į	ſ	İ
	Major or designated recreation area			
	T =1		•	

SI TABLE 22 (From HRS TABLE 6-17): VALUES FOR POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION AIR TARGET POPULATIONS

				Number of People within the Distance Category ,											
Distance from Site	Рор.	Nearest Individual (choose highest)	1 to 10	11 to 30	31 to 100	101 to 300	301 to 1,000	1,001 to 3,000	3,001 to 10,000	10,001 to 30,000	30,001 to 100,000	100,001 to 300,000	300,001 to 1,000,000	1,000,000 to 3,000,000	Pop. Value_
On a source		20	4	17	53	164	522	1,633	5,214	16,325	52,137	163,246	521,360	1,632,455	
0 to $\frac{1}{4}$ mile		•	1	4	13	41	131	408	1,304	4,081	13,034	40,812	130,340	408,114	
> 1/4 to 1/2 mile		2	0.2	0.9	3	9	28	88	282	882	2,815	8,815	28,153	88,153	
> 1/2 to 1 mile	::	1	0.06	0.3	0.9	3	8	26	83	261	834	2,612	8,342	26,119	
> 1 to 2 miles		0	0.02	0.09	0.3	0.8	3	8	27	83	266	833	2,659	8,326	•
> 2 to 3 miles		0	0.009	0.04	0.1	0.4	1	4	12	38	120	375	1,199	3,755	•
>3 to 4 miles		0 -	0.005	0.02	0.07	0.2	0.7	2	7	28	73	229	730	2,285	
	Nearest dividual =									· * = · · · ·		•	J	Sum =	

References _____

Score = 20 if the Nearest Individual is within $\frac{1}{8}$ mile of a source; score = 7 if the Nearest Individual is between $\frac{1}{8}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$ mile of a source.

SI TABLE 23 (HRS TABLE 6-18): AIR PATHWAY VALUES FOR WETLAND AREA

Wetland Area	Assigned Value
< 1 acre	0
1 to 50 acres	25
> 50 to 100 acres	75
> 100 to 150 acres	125
> 150 to 200 acres	175
> 200 to 300 acres	250
> 300 to 400 acres	350
> 400 to 500 acres	450
> 500 acres	500

SI TABLE 24: DISTANCE WEIGHTS AND CALCULATIONS FOR AIR PATHWAY POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION SENSITIVE ENVIRONMENTS

Distance	Distance Weight	Sensitive Environment Type and Value (from SI Tables 13 and 20)	Product
On a Source	0.10	X	
		X	
0 to 1/4 mile	0.025	X	
		x	
		x	
1/4 to 1/2 mile	0.0054	X	
		X	
		×	
1/2 to 1 mile	0.0016	x	
·		x	
		X	
1 to 2 miles	0.0005	x	
		X	
		X	
2 to 3 miles	0.00023	X	
1		X	
	·	X	
3 to 4 miles	0.00014	X	
1		X	
		X	
> 4 miles	0	x	

Total Environments Score =

0-40

AIR PATHWAY (concluded)

WASTE CHARACTERISTICS

- 9. If any Actual Contamination Targets exist for the air pathway, assign the calculated hazardous waste quantity score or a score of 100, whichever is greater; if there are no Actual Contamination Targets for the air pathway, assign the calculated HWQ score for sources available to air migration.
- 10. Assign the highest air toxicity/mobility value from SI Table 21.
- 11. Multiply the air pathway toxicity/mobility and hazardous waste quantity scores. Assign the Waste Characteristics score from the table below:

Product	WC Score
0	0
>0 to <10	1
10 to <100	2
100 to <1.000	3
1,000 to < 10,000	l ě
10,000 to <1E + 05	10
1E + 05 to <1E + 06	18
1E + 06 to <1E + 07	32
1E + 07 to <1E + 08	56
1E + 08 or greater	100

WC =

AIR PATHWAY SCORE:

LE x T x WC 82,500

(maximum of 100)

SITE SCORE CALCULATION	8	g2
GROUND WATER PATHWAY SCORE (SGW)	1.0067	1.1378
SURFACE WATER PATHWAY SCORE (Saw)	0	0
SOIL EXPOSURE (Sg)	1.1035	1.2178
AIR PATHWAY SCORE (SA)		
SITE SCORE $\sqrt{\frac{8gw^2+8sw^2+8s^2+8A^2}{4}}$	•	0.7674

COMMENTS

Attached is a score Rained on having an observed release to Groundwater and to surface when with Level II containingtion in the fishery.